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THE WEEKLY ARIZONA MINER.

VOLUME VII. PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 3, 1870. NUMBER 49.

THE ARIZONA MINER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

—AT—

PRESCOTT, YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy, One Year,.....$7 00
" " Six Months,..... 4 00
" " Three Months,..... 2 50
Single Copies,..... 25

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THE MINER office is well supplied with Presses, Plain, Fancy and Ornamental Type, and the proprietor is determined to execute all work with which he may be favored in the neatest and best style of the art.

Work may be ordered from any part of the Territory, and, when accompanied with the cash, it will be promptly executed and sent by mail, or as directed

Persons sending us money for subscription, advertising or job work, may forward it by mail, or otherwise, at their own risk.

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J. H. MARION,
Editor and Proprietor

Business & Professional Cards.

COLES BASHFORD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Tucson, Arizona,
Will practice his profession in all the Courts of the Territory

HARLEY H. CARTTER,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Will attend to business in all the courts of the Territory
sep4'69tf

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Montezuma street, Prescott, Arizona

JOHN HOWARD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona

Dr. J. N. McCANDLESS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Late of the U. S. Army,)
Offers his services to the people of Prescott and vicinity. Can be found, at all hours except when professionally engaged at his office, in Allen & White's store, Montezuma street, Prescott
Prescott, November 7, 1868

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NOTARY PUBLIC,
and Justice of the Peace.
OFFICE—In the Postoffice, north side of the Plaza, Prescott
jan15'70

R. B. YUILL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Wickenburg, Arizona.

J. E. McCAFFRY,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

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PHŒNIX STATION.
Phœnix, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Hay and Grain; and the best of Accommodations for Travelers.
The patronage of the traveling public is solicited.
E. K BUKER
Phœnix, August 20th, 1870.

I. O. O. F., ARIZONA LODGE, NO. 1.
Regular Meetings of this Lodge on Wednesday Evenings, at Masonic Hall. Members of the Order, in good standing, are invited to attend
T. S RUFF, N. G.
E. J. COOK, R. S.

I TOO WANT SOME CORN, AND WILL PAY A good price. L. BASHFORD.
Prescott, Oct 7, 1870.

☞ **Blank Mining and Quitclaim Deeds, Special and General Powers-of-Attorney, etc., for sale at the Miner Office.**

☞ PURE COD LIVER OIL,
At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

An Address by One of the Strong-Minded.

Miss President, feller-wimmen, and male trash generally: I am here to-day for the purpose of discussing woman's rights, recussing her wrongs, and cussing the men. I believe the sexes were created perfectly equal, with the women a little more equal than the men. I also believe that the world would to-day be happier if a man never had existed. As a success, man is a failure, and I bless my stars that my mother was a woman. I not only maintain these principles, but I

MAINTAIN A SHIFTLESS HUSBAND

Besides. They say man was created first 'Sposin' he was? Ain't first experiments always failures? If I was a betting man, I'd bet two dollars and a half they are. The only decent thing about him, anyhow, was a rib, and that went to make something better. [Applause.] And then they throw it in our face about Eve taking that apple. I'll bet five dollars Adam boosted her up in the tree, and then only gave her the core. And what did he do when he was found out? True to his masculine instincts, he sneaked behind Eve's Grecian bend, and "twaren't me, 'twas her;" and

WOMAN HAS HAD TO FATHER EVERYTHING

Mean since, and mother it too What we want is the ballot, and the ballot we're bound to have, if we let down our back hair and swim in a sea of sanguinary gore. [Sensation.] Bring up your little daughters to love and caress the ballot, and when they are old and scrawny they will not depart from it Teach them that man occupies no position that woman cannot fill, even to a pair of pants. Teach them that without the ballot woman is simply a cooking and washing machine; that with it she can just rule her little roost. We have plenty of ballot girls, but what we want is ballot women That male creature now sitting on this platform, whom the law compels me to call husband, says I've got

BALLOT ON THE BRAIN

He says I sleep with a ballot under my pillow, and dream I'm commander-in chief of a large army of female woman's ballots, and am cleaning out everything that looks like a male sex, whilst the the band plays, "See the conquering shero cometh." Such remarks prove that man was created lower than the beasts of the sea, the carrion of the air, or the rhinoceros upon the prairies. And what can be expected from this man Skinner, whose intellect is lower than that of a common quabaug. [Applause.] My soul is filled with poetry and sentiment, and his vulgar remarks grate on my ear, and when I hear persons use expressions that are not refined and genteel, I want to go through 'em like brimstone and molasses. ["Hear, hear!"] I am astonished there ain't more interest manifested in this absorbing topic. This hall ought to be filled from dome to ceiling, and a couple of hundred climbing up the lightning rod outside A short time ago I addressed an immense throng on Boston Common—at least thirty-seven persons, including men and women of both sexes who stood packed together for at least fifteen minutes, hanging on my words, the enthusiasm finally reaching such a pitch that they insisted on burning my effigy to slow music. And

WE'RE BOUND TO SUCCEED

Our speakers don't lack brain or influence, but there is one thing I wish they did lack, and that is their desire for a husband. No matter how rabbid a woman is on this question, or how much she talks against the men on the platform, she'll grab the first one that offers himself, and turn right straight around, and that's where we're weak. Most women think they're made for a purpose, and that was to have Mrs. on their tomb stones They'd better be missed all their lives, and when they die the more they're missed the better From the creation of the world, we've had all the great men on our side. There's Pharoah! What did Pharoah do? Recognizing the fact that women must inevitably rule, he issued an order to strangle all the male children. If this thing hadn't slipped up, 'twould be money in our pockets Mr. Pharoah is dead now, and hadn't forethought enough to leave the business to some good man. Among those who escaped justice at this time was a youth named Moses, and since then every Moses has been a wart on the face of Nature, including the wretched object whose dear name I am encumbered with [Cries of "That's so! Put him out!"] No, you shall not put him out. Neither shall he go of his own accord. When we get home I will show him

WHAT ONE SOLITARY WOMAN CAN ACCOMPLISH

For this great cause with her good right arm. [Applause.] Herod was also a woman's rights man. He ordered all the male children to be slain, and what sweeter proof could we have that Herod's head was level? My dear sisters, we can't all be Herods, but we can wear his tin-type next our hearts, and press onward to the goal. I ain't got time to enumerate all the talented men who have taken this view of the thing. Coming down to the present day, where don't we find women? We don't find her. In ten cases out of ten she finds herself. Come with me to the worst portion of our great city. After ascending thirty-one flights of rickety stairs, what do we find? A miserable basement. In one corner sits a wretched woman,

ONCE THE BELLE OF THE CITY.

She makes vests. Twenty-four vests for a cent! Not a morsel of food has passed her lips since Fall. Around her are her fourteen children crying for bread. But, alas! she ain't got no bread; but with tears in her eyes she mournfully divides among them the last half of a tallow candle. Have I overdrawn this picture? No, sir. And if any man dares to say I have, I'll guarantee to send him home on a shutter in less than ten minutes. [Emotion in the audience.] But, my dear sisters, I am not here simply to touch your hearts, but to touch your pockets also. A thing of this kind

CAN'T GO ON WITHOUT MONEY,

And I hereby call upon four of the most able-bodied sisters, who feel that 'tis sweet to be on the musele, to pass round the hat. Think of the greatness of our cause, and its effect upon thousands of ancestors still unborn. Think of your altered firesides, where widowed mothers with dissipated husbands press their orphan children to their bosoms. Think, O, think of George Washington at Mr. Valey's forge, bare-footed, and—shell out.

[This appeal was so moving that a majority of the audience moved toward the door. About seven dollars and a half was collected, however, which went for Mrs. Skinner's newest of cork-screw curls. After putting the amount in her reticule, and planting her right foot firmly upon it, she proceeded.]

My dear friends, I must now bid you adieu, but I will be with you again when times are better, for I intend to agitate this question till we get our rights and whatever we can sponge besides. I will agitate it till my breath gives out and my wig turns grey.

The End of the First Empire---How the Great Napoleon Lost Paris.

On the 25th of January, 1814, Napoleon set out from Paris to defeat the Sixth Coalition formed against him, composed of England, Sweden, Russia, Prussia and Austria. The English, under Wellington, had crossed the Pyrenees and advanced into France. The Swedes, under Bernadotte, were advancing through Belgium. Blucher, with the Prussian contingent, advanced from Frankfort, and prepared to pass up the Meuse toward Paris Schwartzenberg advanced from Switzerland and passed down the Seine. Napoleon first devoted himself to Blucher, whose army he almost destroyed on the plains of Compeigne. Then returning to the Seine, the Austrians were defeated at Montereau. In the meantime, however, the forces of Bernadotte had joined Blucher's shattered column, and Napoleon had a new foe to defeat. Believing that they could not or dared not advance on Paris, Napoleon formed the bold design of cutting off their retreat to the Rhine, and he sought to place himself in their rear The allies, however, immediately moved toward the French capital. Napoleon saw his mistake, but too late, Bernadotte and Blucher were in Paris before him, and on the 30th of March, 1814, sat down under its walls.

Allison says no words can convey an idea of the enthusiasm which prevailed in the allied army during its successful march to Paris. Their minds remembered the days of their own humiliating retreats, and now they were ready to occupy the capital of their enemy. The Prussian staff-officers who wrote the march route for the troops, were the same as those who recorded the retreat from the burning Moscow, and the hands which then wrote Bogoroqsk, Kassiwoff and Gerfukoff now put down Etoges, Epernay and Champenoise Indescribable was the enthusiasm of the troops, magnificent the spectacle which the pageant exhibited. A vast crowd of peasantry, inspired with terror, fled before the allied advance. On the evening of the 29th of March the allies came within sight of Paris, and on the same day the Empress with her young son fled from the city.

Joseph Bonaparte, in command of the city, exhorted its inhabitants to defend it bravely The allied sovereigns published a proclamation declaring, as King William has already done, that the war was waged against Napoleon, and not against the French people During the night the tocsin had been sounded in Paris, and the people armed, joined the divisions of Mortier and Marmont, who had retired before the advancing allies, and marched out of the city to meet the enemy The battle was a bloody one At first the Russians sustained the brunt of the attack, and were repulsed with loss until the Emperor brought up the Russian and Prussian guards and restored the battle. The appearance of the army of Silesia on the right, and of the Prince of Wurtemberg on the left, gave them confidence; but still Paris could not be taken without storming the hights which command the city The Russian and Prussian colors were carried steadily forward until summit after summit was in their possession When every obstacle had been surmounted, and Paris lay at their feet, Joseph Bonaparte surrendered the city. The storming of Montmarte was the last scene of all.

Eighty-four cannon were dragged to the summit and pointed toward the capital "Father Paris, you must now pay for Mother Moscow," exclaimed a Russian artilleryman, as he was about to apply his match to the touch-hole of the cannon. Napoleon made haste to return, but Paris had fallen. "If the allies were encamped on the hights of Montmarte," said Napoleon in the Senate, on the 30th of March, 1813, "I would not surrender one village." On the 30th of March, 1814, when he was already in the neighborhood, Paris yielded to the allies. When he was told the news, and could no longer doubt its truth, he said of its defenders: "I asked them only to hold out four and twenty hours, miserable wretches that they are! Marmont, too, that had sworn he would rather be hewn to pieces than surrender! And Joseph, too, my dear brother!" Every resource failed; everything failed except the proud spirit of the Emperor. In the end he too was compelled to succumb, and on the 11th of April, he renounced the Empire of France and the Kingdom of Italy for himself and his descendants and accepted the principality of Elbe. It was a sad end to a brilliant career, and deeply the iron entered into his soul. He tried to poison himself. For a moment he forsook the forlorn and lonesome island, but Waterloo doomed him to a worse prison-house, where he lived and died in sorrow. His nephew imitated his career, and met a fate like his. How long he will live to brood on his forced "residence," wherever it may be, the future only can determine. What a wonderful career and dread fatality attends the name of Napoleon, history has twice demonstrated. And even now it is not certain that France and the world is done with the name and deeds of the dynasty.

BAZAINE'S SURRENDER.

A correspondence dated Brussels, November 5th, relates a conversation with General Changarnier. The General declared that Bazaine was not guilty of treachery in the surrender of Metz. He was

INCOMPETENT TO COMMAND

A large army—numbers bewildered him; he could not move men — could not operate forces. He had no judgement, no foresight. He was also a selfish man—all for self and personal glory, and not his country's honor. Bazaine thought all the time that peace would be proclaimed soon, that Paris would never hold out; that the war would fall flat, and that his military reputation would not be impaired. He hoped to march out of Metz at the head of 150,000 men, the cream of the French army, and make the public believe him a hero After Bazaine was driven into Metz, on the 19th of August,

HE COULD HAVE ESCAPED

Had he marched boldly out with the entire army. During the thirteen remaing days of that month, the thirty days of September, and the first fifteen days of October, he could have done this with absolute certainty Any sound military man will tell you the same thing. They were fifty-eight days in the strongest fortress in France, when this 150,000 and over of the bravest and most experienced soldier could have made their exit, and exit in the field; there would have been no more Sedans—Sedan was noted for troops who insulted their officers, and who were insubordinate and inefficient, what sort of an army is that? Look at the army in Metz.

THE SOLDIERS WERE OBEDIENT,

And every command was executed You see there were no Red Republicans in the Metz army. During the last ten days it was impossible, and no attack or attempt at escape could be made, we had no artillery, no cavalry, only sixty thousand infantry; we could do nothing against these branches of the Prussians At the time of the capitulation there were 135,000 soldiers; of these 25,000 were wounded or disabled; and 10,000 sick. The cavalry and artillery were useless because they had no horses. The reduced force was 60,000 infantry. All our

FINE HORSES WERE EATEN UP,

Our bread gone, and we had no salt Horse, monsieur, is not bad eating with bread and salt, when the horse is fat, but these horses were not fat, and we had neither bread nor salt, the taste was horrible. Could troops thus fed stand a great battle? Do not forget that during the last ten days of the investment the soldiers walked in mud up to their knees. The

HEAVY RAINS AND STARVATION

Made us surrender; but, as I told you, during the fifty eight days there were times when Bazaine could have taken this fine army to the field and saved France He never made a serious effort to escape from Metz; every sortie was only a pretended sortie—for appearance, and nothing else. There were four high officers at Metz besides Bazaine; they were all for inaction. I saw all the military maneuvers; they were all shams—Bazaine and his friends not acting as soldiers, but only seeking their own futures These sorties were only conducted with small forces,

THERE WAS NO PLAN,

And they could not be successful. The General subsequently expressed his belief in the restoration of the House of Orleans to the French throne The Republic, he said, could not stand, "it is already divided in fragments,

FRANCE HAS NO GOVERNMENT TO DAY;

She needs organization and harmony, the Orleanists can give them to France. An Orleans monarch means peace, quiet, repose and general happiness." The correspondent is convinced, from other evidences, there is a strong movement at Brussels for the restoration, and Changarnier is one of the principal heads.

Causes of Sudden Death.

Very few of the sudden deaths which are said to arise from "disease of the heart" do really arise from that cause. To ascertain the real origin of sudden deaths, experiments have been tried in Europe, and reported to a scientific congress held at Strasburg. Sixty-six cases of sudden death were made the subject of a thorough post mortem examination; in these cases only two were found who had died from disease of the heart. Nine out of sixty six had died from appoplexy, while there were forty-six cases of congestion of the lungs—that is, the lungs were so full of blood that they could not work, there not being room enough for a sufficient quantity of air to enter to support life. The causes that produce congestion of the lungs are, cold feet, tight clothing, costive bowels, sitting still chilled, after being warmed with labor or a rapid walk, going too suddenly from a close, heated room into the cold air, especially after speaking, and sudden depressing news operating on the blood. The causes of sudden death being known, an avoidance of them may serve to lengthen many valuable lives, which would otherwise be lost under the verdict of "heart complaint." That disease is supposed to be inevitable and incurable; hence many may not take the pains they would to avoid sudden death, if they knew it lay in their power.

Niagara, Yosemite, and Shoshone.

The October number of that excellent magazine, the *Overland Monthly*, gives a descriptive article entitled, "Falls of the Shoshone." It has the fidelity of a photograph and the picturesqueness of landscape painting. We clip the following extract:

The three great falls of America—Niagara, Yosemite and Shoshone—all happily bearing Indian names, are as characteristically different as possible. There seems little left for a cataract to express. Niagara rolls forward with something like the inexorable force of a natural law. It is force, power; banishing before its irresistible rush all ideas of restraint. There is no greater proof of the infinite power of Niagara than to gaze upon its glorious front and utterly forget that we have just seen Blondin, in spangled tights, cook an *omelette* between heaven and earth, and that we have purchased our solicitude by the blood of our purse from the army of beggars who surround us in the *role* of curators of the Almighty's works As we stand in the base of those cool walls of granite that rise in the clouds from the green floor of Yosemite, a beautiful park, carpeted with verdure, expands from our feet. Vast and stately pines band with their shadows the sunny reaches of the pure Merced. From the fair summit of a wall of pearly granite, over stains of purple and yellow—leaping, as it were, from the very cloud—falls a silvery scarf, light, lacelike and graceful, luminous, swayed by the wind. The repose of the cliff is undisturbed by the silvery fall The endless varying forms of the wind-tossed spray lend the element of life to what would have been masses of inanimate mountain. The Yosemite is a grace It is an adornment. It is like a ray of light on the solid front of a precipice. No sheltering pine or mountain distance of supplied Sierras guards the approach to the Shoshone. You ride upon a waste—the pale earth stretched in desolation. Suddenly you stand upon a brink. As if the earth had yawned, black walls flank the abyss. Deep in the bed a great river finds its way through a labyrinth of blackened ruins, and plunges in foaming whiteness over a cliff of lava. You turn from the brink as from a frightful glimpse of the Inferno, and when you have gone a mile the earth seems to have closed again. Every trace of the canon has vanished, and the stillness of the desert reigns.

A Michigan Horror.

A tale of horror comes from Michigan, to which it would be exceedingly difficult to find a parallel in the incidents of everyday life; and the brains of the most prolific sensation manufacturer could scarcely surpass it. It appeared in the Saginaw (Michigan) *Republic* of a recent date, and the facts, briefly told, are as follows:

An old man lived alone in a miserable cabin in a lonely place on the outskirts of Saginaw. He seldom made his appearance in public, and whenever he did, it was in the role of a mendicant, supplicating alms from the passers. His wretched appearance indicated penury and want the most extreme, and he was supposed to be either a miser or wretchedly poor

One day recently, a child, named Skinner, went to fish in the river, and in his wanderings came to the hut of the old man. All being very quiet the boy peeped through a crack in the wall of the cabin, and he beheld the old man counting pieces of coin from a bag, several of which were on the floor beside him. The sight startled the child and in moving to leave the place, he stumbled and fell The noise disturbed the inmate of the hut, who hastened from within, and seeing the boy, he exclaimed.

"I've caught you, have I? You saw me, did you? Well—now you'll pay for it." And before the little fellow could say a word, the old man monster, with an awful laugh, drew out a knife, and (oh, horror!) cut the child's tongue out. Then he chopped off his fingers. "Now," he said—"now you can go, for you can't tell."

The child ran as fast as possible to his father's house, where the greatest consternation was created, by his appearance, for bleeding and in great agony he could not speak to tell what was the matter, and his fingers being cut off he could not write. With much painful efforts he at length succeeded in fixing a pencil between the stumps of his maimed fingers, and wrote an account of the horrible transaction

A party was immediately organized, the boy's father at their head, and proceeded to the miser's hut. He was standing at the door and fired several shots from a revolver as they approached, wounding two of them. The father of the mutilated child returned the fire, and mortally wounded the old scoundrel, his last words being "my money," "my money." In the hut $10,000 were found, which was presented to various charitable institutions. On the following day the old man was buried, and the hut torn down. The child was progressing favorably, and his recovery was hoped for.

POPULATION of the leading cities in the Old World: London, 3,214,000; Paris, 1,050,000; Constantinople, 1,500,000; Berlin, 800,000; St. Petersburg, 667,000; Vienna, 605,000; Naples, 600,000; Liverpool, 520,000; Moscow, 425,000; Glasgow, 401,000; Madrid, 300,000; Dublin, 392,000; Manchester, 340,000; Lisbon, 340,000; Amsterdam, 250,000.

THE Post-office report shows the number of domestic letters 3,932,045, an increase of 4.58 per cent.; sales of postal stamps and envelopes, $16,581,000; mail routes, 8,861; mileage, 231,232; annual cost, $12,355,543; money order offices, 2,076; amount transmitted, $34,054,000; post-offices, 28,492.

The Miner.

Prescott, Arizona Territory.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 3, 1870,

Single copies of the MINER can be purchased at the Postoffice.

TWO GREAT QUESTIONS.

The great majority of the people of Arizona are, and have been troubled by two great questions,—"The Indian," and "Supply" questions, and having about given the former up, as too knotty for solution, until such time as our white population shall have increased sufficiently to cut the worse than Gordian knot, they have turned their attention to the "supply question," which, if possible, is a little more pressing than the other.

Now, all intelligent men know that this ship of land—and a good-sized ship it is—was organized into a Territory in 1863, and, for military purposes, attached to the Department of New Mexico. The officers sent out from the East to govern the Territory, came *via* Leavenworth, Kansas, and Santa Fe, N M, and they brought with them fixed ideas regarding the Great East, and its cheap greenback prices, which from motives of policy, were soon after abandoned or hushed up by the policy men among them. But, our ex-Chief Justice, Wm. F. Turner, clung to these ideas, and pressed them too but, with little good effect, for our citizens continued to pay exorbitant prices for goods from California. Nevertheless, our trade with the East kept increasing, until, through the efforts of Mr. McCormick, and some citizens of the Territory, we were severed from the Military Department of New Mexico and attached to the Department of California. *This wrong act had the desired effect.* Government trains stopped coming from New Mexico; so, too, did immigrants, and in a little while after, the weekly mail service we had from the East, *via* Albuquerque, was discontinued; New Mexico and the East lost all interest in us, and all our business had to be carried on through California.

This being the case, it is scarcely necessary for us to state, that a check was speedily placed upon the prosperity of Northern Arizona, whose people have since grown poor, while those merchants who have sent them goods, and those persons who have conveyed said goods here, have become rich Then, too, our political chiefs quarreled with the Commander of the Department of California, and the quarrel was not beneficial to the people of this section.

But a brighter better day, has now dawned for Arizona. She is once again connected with the East, by a good road, and her people can buy in the cheapest market; have their purchases transported over the cheapest routes, and, of course, live and labor for much less than they did when but one market was open to them, and when one set of freighters monopolized the carrying trade.

Now, when people come to know that Prescott is distant from New York by rail and wagon-roads, about 2,700 miles, from San Francisco, by land and water, about 860 or 900 miles, that our traders can buy goods in New York at less prices, in greenbacks, than the same can be purchased in San Francisco for gold; that, while it costs at least 16 cents per pound (gold) to transport a pound of freight from San Francisco to Prescott, freight can be delivered here, from New York, for 12½ cents per pound (currency), they will commence to open their eyes to the great wrongs they have borne, and will say to California merchants and freighters, "If you cannot do the fair thing by us, and make proper efforts to secure our trade, we will transfer it to the East."

Recently, the enterprising people of San Diego, California, have been stretching out after the trade of Arizona, but, as they are not a manufacturing or producing people, and are cut off from our interior settlements by long stretches of poor, dry, desolate country, it is impossible for them to secure much of our trade, for the reason that her merchants and freighters cannot compete with those to the East of us. In fact, nothing short of a railroad from San Francisco, Los Angeles, Anaheim or San Diego, will secure our trade to California, and the chances for the immediate construction of a railroad from either of the points mentioned do not seem to be very good. It seems strange that goods can be freighted from New York to Prescott, a distance of 2,700 miles,—850 miles of said distance by wagon, for 12½ cents (currency) per pound; while we have to pay from 16 to 20 cents per pound (gold) freight, upon goods from San Francisco, which city is distant from us, by the shortest route, that by Los Angeles, 860 miles,—nearly the same distance as from here to Carson, the present terminus of the Kansas Pacific railroad. If we try the water route from San Francisco there is but little difference in the result, although goods can be shipped from San Francisco, by ship, to the mouth of the Colorado (about 800 miles), there placed on steamboats, and transported up the river to Arizona City, Ehrenberg, La Paz or Hardyville. Now, none of the three last named places are to exceed 200 miles from Prescott, yet goods have never yet been laid down here from Ehrenberg and La Paz for less than six cents (gold) per pound, which, when added to the tariff of ships and steamboats, the loss by delay, etc., brings the price of freight by this route up to nearly as much as that over the Los Angeles route. This state of affairs having continued since 1863, and being still in vogue, with no prospect of a change for the better, we cannot be blamed for looking to the East for relief. For seven long years, our people have tugged and toiled to develop the mineral and other resources of this Territory, and have succeeded poorly in doing so, owing, principally, to the enormous prices they have paid for the necessaries of life, tools, machinery, etc. Of course, Lo, the accursed Indian, is greatly to blame for our poor success, and we credit him with his share of the blame.

In conclusion, we wish to say to the merchants and freighters of California, that, unless they lower prices of goods and freight, they will lose the entire trade of two-thirds of the people of this Territory. And, it seems to us, that they can do these things, and still make decent profits. It cannot be, that San Francisco wishes it to go abroad to the world that a people living within less than 1,000 miles of her, receive their supplies from another city, nearly 3,000 miles from them, at a cost of twenty or thirty per cent. cheaper than they can from San Francisco; that, too, when the land carriage from San Francisco to Prescott, by one route, is 460 miles, and by another, a little over 200 miles, while the same, on the route hence to New York, is fully 850 miles! We know that great difference exists in the roads, but not enough to justify the difference in the price of freight. This being known, we look for San Francisco and other towns south of her, to wake up and give this matter their serious attention. We want to develop the resources of this Territory, but cannot do it, while having to pay $20,00 (gold) per cwt. for California flour, $40,00 per hundred, for bacon, $40,00 per hundred for sugar, and equally high prices for other things, and we know we need not pay such enormous prices if our merchants will trade with New York and have their purchases brought here by Kansas Pacific railroad, to Carson, thence, by wagons, to Prescott. Will the business men of San Francisco think of, and act upon, these facts? We hope so.

FIGHT OR LEAVE.

The savage Indians who infest this portion of Arizona are, to-day, bigger with devility than we have ever before known them to be. One day, they go around, in large parties, professing friendship for Americans, and great desire for peace, while, at the same time, they show by their words and actions—which are insulting and overbearing—that they care not a straw for either. Next day, they will be heard from, at the point they have visited, or some other point, and the news will be that they have killed or robbed some white man or men. This is the situation of affairs here, at the present time, and a gloomy, dangerous situation it is. It is bad news to go abroad, but the truth must be told, let come what may, and we here assert that the danger to life and property, in this part of Yavapai county, is, to-day, greater than ever before The red blood-hounds of destruction are on the trail of the white people of Arizona, bent on appeasing their coyote passions for blood, and their desire for plunder, and unless large numbers of our citizens leave their business, go out, pursue, find and kill the red devils, there is no telling what may soon come to pass.

Appeal after appeal has been made to the present National Administration to send, at once, to this Territory, a sufficient number of troops to kill or conquer the wretches. But, have our appeals been heeded? Have our reasonable requests been complied with? No, they have been sneered at by the "great men of the nation," the men who can furnish—have furnished—at very short notice, thousands of soldiers to overawe the voters of a Democratic City; capture a Ku-Klux, or secure some woolly-headed African his "rights." Is this right, is it proper, is it just? We think not. We know it is not. But, what can we do? How can we remedy these wrongs? Not by any power inherent in ourselves, for the most the citizens and soldiers at present in the Territory can do, is to check, for a time, the numerous gangs of desperate savages that roam, unchecked, over this fair Territory

Appeals have also been made to Congress, with like effect But the appeals to this powerful branch of the Government have been made, on our behalf, by political demagogues, who, at the time, showed more anxiety to dispose of an interest in a railroad franchise; to secure a small appropriation to purchase a library for the Territory(?), get a few thousand dollars for surveying purposes; an appropriation for peaceable Indians, title to a small piece of worthless land, which some other State or Territory claimed, or an office for a friend, than they did to press the claim of their constituents for a sufficient number of troops to put down the savages, who, with the Federal office-holders, have robbed the Territory, and prevented her people from prospering.

Having knocked at all these doors, we must now knock, loud and vigorously, at the great door of the true American heart; implore the people of the States to take pity upon us, and to cause their servants—the office-holders—to give us that protection which Government guarantees, but has not given its citizens in Arizona. We must get up a petition—a bill of grievances—containing the long list of murders and robberies that have been committed by Indians since the organization of the Territory; show how we have been trifled with; how, when military commanders and their troops have become acquainted with the foe, his country; his haunts and tactics, they have invariably been removed, to give way to new and inexperienced men. Then, should this appeal for aid be—like the others—unheeded, but one recourse will be left us—to give up all business, except that of fighting the human tigers—or leave the country, the homes, property, and improvements we have in it,—a very hard matter for us to do, after long years of toil, hardship and suffering It is all bosh to ask of Congress appropriations for this thing and that thing. All that we now need are troops and proper mail facilities.

For a week or two past, the savages have not, so far as we have learned, killed anybody, but they have shown a disposition to do so. They have, however committed various robberies and other outrages, as will be seen by the following:

In last week's issue of the MINER, it was stated, upon the authority of others, that a large party of mounted Indians had made a descent on Willow Grove, which lies about midway between Prescott and the Colorado river, captured and ran off 1,100 head of cattle and some horses. We doubted this statement, but later news confirms the fact that, on the 20th ult., a party of mounted Indians, said to be Apaches, made a raid on the place, and succeeded in driving off 32 head of horses, and 15 head of cattle, We are also told that they came near capturing Mr. Thompson's entire herd of cattle. At first, some people blamed this raid on the Wallapais, but, we are told that Wallapais informed the herders and men about the place, the day previous, to look out for the stock, as the Apaches were around in large force. No attention was paid to this warning, and when the charge was made, and a mule shot from under a Wallapai boy who was out herding, but one gun was in shooting order!

Word was sent to Camp Hualpai—the nearest military post—and, immediately after its arrival there, the commanding officer, Capt. Van Vliet, dispatched Lieutenant Elting and 25 men of the Third Cavalry, after the marauders. Dan. O'Leary, one of the best citizen guides in the country, and a Wallapai trailer accompanied the command. The trail of the Indians was soon struck and followed, *via* Mt. Hope, to Williamson Valley, which place the Indians had also visited and robbed of about 18 head of horses and mules, and 11 head of cattle. Learning that Thomas Stonehouse and other citizens had followed the thieves, the troops kept on, in the direction of the Black Hills. When in the vicinity of Postle's ranch, Chino Valley, the trail was lost, and two white men—citizens—and the Wallapai Indian, went away from the command to look for it. This little party, we believe, went in the wrong direction to find it, and the two white men brought up at the settlement in Chino Valley, and informed the citizens of that place that they had killed an Indian. To prove it, one of them—the one who had killed the Indian, exhibited his scalp! His story, which is said to be pure fiction, was that they had seen four Indians—one of whom they killed. But, the other man told a different and truer tale. The one who killed the Wallapai saw an Apache-Mohave who had been hunting with Pattridge and Forchay, and offered to kill him, too, if Joe wanted him killed. Being under Joe's protection, the Apache-Mohave's life was saved, and he ran off, as fast as his legs could carry him.

Now, if such be the case, that these men—or one of them—murdered the poor Wallapai—who, by request of his friend, Dan. O'Leary, had accompanied the command, as trailer—we pronounce the act one of the most uncalled-for, dastardly affairs we have ever heard of, and eminently calculated to make hostile every Wallapai, as well as to furnish a weapon for Colyer, Greeley, Tappan, Grant & Co, who charge all blame for Indian wars upon the whites.

The command, we believe, found the trail; also, Stonehouse's party, who joined them, and, up to the present writing, no word has been heard from the troops.

Thursday of last week, ten Indians, calling themselves Apache-Mohaves, visited the houses in Chino Valley, and left again Next day, another party of thirty came in, with a requisition for provisions, which they wanted filled This requisition, which was pictured out on paper, and which they did not get, asked for two cows, two sacks of flour, and ammunition. Upon being made to understand that they could not get so much, they became very angry, and flourished their weapons—guns, knives and bows and arrows. The women and children—of whom there were quite a number in the valley, took refuge in Robert Postle's adobe house, where a few of the men stayed to protect them. The other men guarded the other houses, which are far apart from each other. Meantime, the savages went around, from house to house, tried to enter them, and upon being prevented by the occupants, grew quite fierce and bloodthirsty. While this was going on, James Baker brought four Indians to Camp Whipple, who, we believe, got some rations there, and returned Sunday last, with Mr Baker. Soon after their return, the Indians left the valley, promising to return soon again, with 500 warriors and visit Fort Whipple Fearing that they would return, Messrs Banghart, Postle and Farrington moved their families to town, and there is now but one family—Mr. Shivers'—in the valley, and it, we learn, is on the way up. But, several single men are left,—not enough, however, to defend themselves and their property against a large force of Indians. In addition, the Indians ordered the owners of a herd of stock, who were grazing their animals near the ranches, to leave, as the country, grass, water, etc., belonged to them (the Indians) All this occurred at a distance of about 20 miles from Fort Whipple and Prescott, and the Indians, be it remembered, called themselves peaceable Apache-Mohaves.

The next break was made upon Dan Hazard's train, as it was coming down the western slope of the Mogollon Mountains, towards Camp Verde, on the 22th ult., when a large party of savages tried to capture it, but were driven off with a loss of one killed and several wounded. They, however, shot and killed a mule. Then we hear of them at Phœnix, Salt River, from which place they recently stole 12 head of cattle Such are the depredations recently committed by the "friendlies," in this county, and people can make their minds up to hear more soon, if the troops now after them from Camps Hualpai and Verde, and the citizens with them, do not make a big killing. Let us hope that they will.

Proposed Railroad to Prescott.

The Los Angeles (California) Daily *News*, of a recent date, has the following on the above subject:

General Phineas Banning, now in this city, has in contemplation the formation of a company to build a railroad from Los Angeles *via* San Bernardino, San Gorgonio Pass, the Morongo Pass and Williams Fork or Fort Mohave, to Prescott, Arizona, which would follow in the main, the route of the projected 35th parallel road.

Hope the General will be successful in forming a company that will build the proposed road, speedily. If not, the trade of Central and Eastern Arizona will soon be lost to California, not that our people prefer to go East for their goods, but that it is to their interest to do so. If California wishes to secure the trade of the largest and best portion of Arizona, now is the time to do it.

Pleaded Guilty.

Paymaster Wm. G. Marcy, of the Navy, has pleaded guilty to having embezzled $13,000 Government money. The sentence in his case has not yet been made public.

For Arizona.

The Los Angeles *News* of the 16th ult., says "a good wagon and team," was preparing to leave its city, for this Territory, with a load of passengers. The owner of the team expected to beat the stage, and it would not surprise us to hear, one of these days, that he had accomplished that easy feat.

A DUEL between two gun-boats—one French, the other Prussian,—took place recently, near Havana. The Frenchman, it is said, retreated from the scene of combat, and lost the victory.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—Legal Tenders selling, 90¼; buying, 89¾.

NEVADA has elected the entire Democratic ticket.

The Election in Yuma.

Official Returns.

An officer of Yuma county has kindly furnished us with the following official returns of the late election, and list of persons elected to office:

Whole vote cast, 773.

Delegate to Congress—R. C. McCormick, 738; P. R. Brady, 33; S. Mowry, 1.

The following are the county officers elected by large majorities:

Council—John H. Phillips, of Arizona City.

House of Representatives—Charles H Brinley, of Arizona City; M. D. Dobbins, of La Paz; T. J. Bidwell, of Ehrenberg.

Sheriff—J. T. Dana (re-elected) La Paz.

Recorder—J. S. Spann, of Castle Dome.

Treasurer—J. M. Barney, of Arizona City.

District Attorney—M. D. Dobbins.

Supervisors—Geo. Martin of Arizona City; J M. Rodondo, of Arizona City; T. Goodman, of Ehrenberg.

Billiards.

Messrs. Phelan & Collender, well-known manufacturers of billiard-tables. New York, have established a branch of their business in San Francisco, and the advertisement of their agent, Geo. E. Phelan, inviting Arizonans to call and examine stock, etc., appears elsewhere in this paper. Read the advertisement.

Col. Wm. R. Price.

The Santa Fe *New Mexican*, of October 25th, compliments Col. Wm Redwood Price, U. S. A, formerly of this Territory, now commander of Fort Wingate, for having stopped bad whites from selling powder and lead to Indians. The MINER joins with the *New Mexican*, in returning thanks for the laudable act.

Registry Law.

The will of the people of this Territory having been often defeated by votes cast by aliens, the MINER favors the speedy passage of a strict registry law.

THE people of New Mexico are moving in the matter of attracting attention to the resources of their Territory. A convention was to have been held at Santa Fe, on the 26th ult., "to devise means for the invitation of immigration, capital, etc." When will our people make a move of this sort?

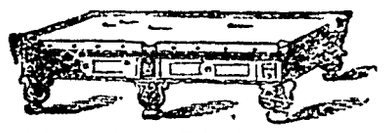
The War News,

Is not very exciting Prussians were concentrating on Paris, and counting strongly on its speedy fall. Talk of a general European war was still indulged, at latest dates, but the chances were against it.

EMIGRANTS are still flocking to the United States, from all parts of Europe. Wish a few thousands of them would come to Arizona.

BILLIARDS!

MESSRS. PHELAN & COLLENDER,



The well-known Billiard Table Manufacturers, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete assortment of

BILLIARD TABLES, CLOTHS, CUES, Etc.,

On this coast. The Tables are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States, are manufactured in the best possible manner, and furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS

The new Composition Billiard Ball, made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Company, of Albany, New York, the best substitute for ivory yet discovered, for sale only by us. Price, $12 00 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock

GEO E PHELAN, 541 Market St

N. B—The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions.

nv26m3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, THIRD JUDICIAL District, County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an execution issued out of the District Court, of the Third Judicial District, in and for Yavapai county, Arizona Territory, in an action of C A Luke & Co, *vs* W Z Thomson, attested on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1870, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest which the said W. Z. THOMSON had on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1870, in and to the following described property, to wit,

That certain ranch and improvements thereon, situated in Williamson Valley, in the county of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, and lying west of Wm. Simmons' ranch, and north of the ranch of F. L. Manning, and I will offer the above described property for sale, at public auction, and will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House, in the town of Prescott, county of Yavapai, on SATURDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day.

Witness my hand, at Prescott, this 21st day of November, A. D. 1870.

JOHN L. TAYLOR,
Sheriff Yavapai County.

By F. C. AYRES, Deputy. nv26t4

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, under the name and style of the HAYDEN MILLING AND FARMING DITCH COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have this day claimed ten thousand (10,000) inches—to be measured under two inches pressure—of the waters of Salt River; to be taken from said river at or near a butte, to the left of the main road to the Gila River, from Phœnix, and on the south side of said river And the said Hayden Milling and Farming Ditch Company are at work on the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN, ROBT. SAVERY,
A. W. FIELDS, WM. GARRETT,
E. R. BROWN.

Phœnix, A. T., Nov. 17, 1870. nv26m3

Notice to Settle.

We are hard up for cash, and wish that our patrons would come to our relief. Your accounts are all ready for presentation. G. W. BARNARD & CO.

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 1st, 1870.

PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.

On hand and for sale, an excellent assortment of Ready-Made BOOTS, etc., for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gentlemen.

Boots, shoes, etc., made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. Prices reasonable. JOHN LAUGHLIN.

Miscellaneous.

MAGNOLIA BREWERY AND SALOON,

Wickenburg, Arizona Territory.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public and his old friends, that he is now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, a superior quality of

LAGER BEER,

For Wholesale and Retail; in Bottles or Kegs.

THE SALOON is well supplied with excellent Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc., and contains

Two Good Billiard Tables.

The patronage of the public is solicited.

m14'68 A. H. PEEPLES, Proprietor.

PINE'S HOTEL,

San Bernardino,.....California.

This well-known hotel is open for the reception of guests at all hours of the day or night. The house has been repainted and re-furnished throughout. The table is abundantly supplied with the best of everything the market affords, and the sleeping accommodations of the house are excellent.

Attached to the hotel is a BAR, well stocked with good Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, a BILLIARD SALOON.

A FEED STABLE, where every care will be taken of animals, is also connected with the hotel.

☞ The Arizona and California Stages arrive at and depart from this hotel, and the undersigned solicits the patronage of persons passing to and from Arizona, as well as of the public generally. C. STARKE.

San Bernardino, Cal, March 26, 1870. apr2-

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Tinware, Glassware, Crockery, Mining and Farming Tools, Paints, Glass, Oils, Putty, Stationery, Cutlery, Confectionary, Perfumery, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Medicines, Children's Toys, Fireworks, &c.

They particularly invite the special attention of Farmers to their AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, consisting of all kinds of

Plows, Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Seed Sowers and Wheelbarrows,

Also, of the trade, to their

Fine Stock of Liquors,

All of which they will sell lower than any other traders in Central Arizona.

Give them a call, *before* purchasing elsewhere.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Prescott, August 13, 1870.

JACKSON & BRO'S

Bar & Billiard Saloon,

Next door to Campbell & Buffum's Brick Store,

Montezuma Street, Prescott.

Contains two of Phelan & Collender's best Billiard Tables, and is well supplied with choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

We have recently renovated refurnished and fixed up our Saloon, so that it is now the neatest and coolest place of resort in Northern Arizona. JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, February 6 1869.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

From this date we are prepared to forward freight from Ehrenberg to Prescott at six cents, and to Wickenburg at three and one half cents per pound in gold.

J GOLDWATER & BRO.

Ehrenberg, A T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

LOOK HERE!

You can buy R. E Farrington's Ranch, situated two miles northeast of Fort Whipple for $4 500, in Legal Tender R E. FARRINGTON

Prescott, A T Sept. 26, 1870. oct1tf

ARIZONA BREWERY AND SALOON

Next Door to the Post Office.

Excellent Lager Beer,

Of our own manufacture,

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Always on hand, and for sale.

JACKSON & BRO

Prescott, October 2, 1869.

PIONEER STABLE,

Granite Street, Prescott.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

First class Saddle and Buggy Teams.

All stock in this Stable will be WELL FED and cared for. Plenty of Stable room and a large Corral.

Come and see me.

ju'2 F. C. AYRES.

PARKER, WATTSON & CO.

Importers, Jobbers and Manufacturers of

TOBACCO and CIGARS

306 & 308 Clay Street,

(One door above Front),

GEO. A. BARKER, SAM. B. WATTSON, DAVID CONKLING. } *SAN FRANCISCO*

Pioneer Meat Market

Granite Street, Prescott.



Constantly on hand,

Beef, Pork, Mutton,

Pork Sausages, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

WM. N. KELLY, Proprietor.

Prescott, November 27, 1869.

NEW STORE AT PHŒNIX

We have opened a store near J. W. Swilling's, and intend to keep on hand all kinds of

Groceries,
Provisions,
Dry Goods,
Clothing,

And a General Assortment of Merchandize

WM. A. HANCOCK & CO.

Phœnix, A. T., Sept. 15, 1870.

The Miner.

Local Intelligence.

PRESCOTT, December 3, 1870.

Thunder, Lightning, Rain, Snow.

It rejoices us to be able to state that this section of Arizona was, on the 27th ult., visited by all four of the above "elements." For several weeks prior to that day, the weather had been warm and dry, and our people had commenced to grumble a little. Early that day, however, Old Sol hid his face behind a cloud, the sky assumed a leaden hue, the air became warm, and *soon*,

"The thunder crashed, the lightning flashed,"

and the rain commenced pouring down, not "in torrents," but in drops. Matters continued thus until the "shades of night mantled the earth," when, instead of rain, we got snow—the first pure white snow of the season, which, we hope to see followed by several deep falls, between now and next spring. In Prescott, this fall of snow merely whitened the house-tops and streets. Higher up in the mountains, it fell to the depth of four or five inches. The most we expect from it is that it will keep up the present supply of water for a few weeks.

Pacific Brewery.

Raible & Sheerer, proprietors of this well-known establishment, are still making valuable improvements, which goes to show that they have not gone behind in their business, and that lager is a favorite beverage with our people.

Turkeys.

The mountains back of Prescott contain many wild turkies, *and our devil has commenced to* gobble for one, for Christmas.

Are We to Have a Christmas Tree.

Now, that Mrs Turner has left Prescott, it is feared that no lady or ladies will take the trouble to get up a Christmas tree, in consequence of which fears, *young* and old have commenced to ask the above question. The custom is a good one, and although we have nothing but an anti-McCormick ticket to place upon it, we hope to see a richer and more beautiful tree than any heretofore witnessed in Prescott. Start in, ladies.

Fine Wines and Liquors.

D. Henderson & Bro., have in store, hundreds of gallons of choice wines and liquors, well calculated for Holiday use.

Good Building Material.

Here in Central Arizona, and, indeed, throughout most of the Territory, nature has provided plenty of good, durable, building material, as can be seen by looking at our hills and valleys, or at the fine brick and stone edifices in Prescott. In addition, the supply of timber is inexhaustible; at least, few states and Territories have as much pine, oak and mesquite timber as Arizona.

Set for Thieves.

Although unfriendly to the thieves who nightly prowl around back-yards, fooling with other people's poultry, we advise those of them who read the MINER, to quit the business, if they have any regard for their future welfare in this world and the next. Shot guns are set for you, foul thieves

Pay Up.

C. A. Luke & Co, have lately spent a good deal of money on their place of business, and now desire to have their purse replenished by persons indebted to them. See their notice, and act accordingly.

WE, too, have recklessly squandered several four-bit shinplasters, and desire our slowest paying debtors to come forward and replace them. Come on Mike Duffs, and elected to office may be be, who first cries gold,—let up. Greenbacks—and lots of them—are what we want.

Good Printing.

It has been our good fortune, since the MINER first came into our hands, to have received various compliments upon the good looks of the paper, as well as for the neatness of the job-printing turned out from the office, and, although we dislike to boast of such matters, or make them public, we will in this instance, depart from our rule, to thank the printers who have won this good reputation for the MINER and MINER office, and to inform the public that we are now better prepared than ever before to execute all kinds of book and job-work, at living rates.

Book-Binding.

While the MINER office is not in possession of a complete book-bindery, we can, nevertheless, do a pretty fair job of binding, and we ask those who have newspapers, magazines, or any printed matter they may wish bound, to give us the job or jobs. We have, on hand, a lot of excellent binding material, and are anxious to see it used up, in order to make room for more.

Paying Business.

The capture of deserters and Government animals is a paying business, as will be seen by the following: For every deserter captured a man or party of men get $30; for every stolen Government animal, $200, and, for conviction of the thief, $25. There are nine men now at Fort Whipple who, in a short time, have earned $1,525, in this way.

Deserter Caught.

Tuesday last, Lieutenant Sherwood got wind of a deserter who had been cutting up didos around this town, came down and took the gentleman and a gun he had taken from Uncle Sam, up to the post. The man deserted from Camp McDowell over a year ago.

THE load of wood which caused poor Rutledge to lose his life, was hauled to town Tuesday last. He had just finished loading it when the savages killed him, and stole his animals.

For Salt River.

The rush to this productive section of our county and Territory still keeps up, and we have no desire to stop it. On the contrary, we hope to see and hear of people going there until such time as all the fine agricultural land on the noble stream is taken up and occupied, as well as that adjacent, on the Gila. Monday last, several people, and three or four wagons and teams took their departure from this section, for Salt River. The wagons and teams belonged to V. A. Stephens, Wm. Brecht, and others, who took down lumber, etc. Among those who went to settle upon Salt River were Messrs. Riggs and Tate, two enterprising men, who had just arrived here from the State of Nevada. Mr. Riggs is well known to many of our citizens as a good man, and one of the best quartz and placer miners on the Pacific coast. He was under-ground foreman of the Savage mine, Virginia, for a long time. So soon as he secures a farm and plants it, he will take a look at our mines, and, perhaps, start work upon some of them.

The Fruit Business.

Apples—and there is no other kind of fruit in market—are selling in Prescott for 75 cents per pound. This is a very high price, yet, when it becomes known that these same apples were brought, by wagon, from El Monte, California, and that much of the original stock, spoiled on the way, it will be admitted that the vendor is not going to make a large fortune, even by selling his apples at the above price. While on this subject, we must beg our farmers to keep on planting fruit trees, when the proper season arrives. Some of the young apple-trees in this vicinity may produce fruit, next summer, and then all will be enabled to form an idea regarding the adaptability of our country to the apple. We can have no fears for the result when we know that nearly all kinds of fruit flourish throughout Northern Utah, the climate of which is much colder than that of Central Arizona.

Minutes of Board of Supervisors.

Board met Monday, November 28, 1870, at 10 o'clock, a m. Present, Lewis A. Stevens, chairman, Supervisor Brooke, and F. G Christie, Deputy Clerk.

The following accounts were audited and allowed:

A D Holstein Special District Attorney,	$25 00
E W Wells, Clerk's fees	98 25
H W Fleury, Probate Judge,	2 00
J H Marion printing	121 00
A. H Peeples, Justice's fees,	42 25
A Hunning, furnishing coffin etc,	20 00
Henderson & Bro, sundries for offices,	11 50
A O Noyes, repairs on jail, Justice's fees, etc	173 75
Juror's certificates,	225 00

Ordered, That Road District No 2, be, and the same is hereby established with the following boundaries, to wit Commencing at the Northern boundary of District No. 1, thence, running northerly, to the point where Granite Creek empties into the canyon, together with one mile on each side of the main road

Ordered, That John Rarick be, and he is hereby appointed Road Overseer in District No. 2, the said Rarick to file the bond required by law, before entering upon the discharge of his duties as such Road Overseer

Ordered, That the Tax Collector be allowed until the 31st day of December, A D. 1870, to make his return of property tax to the County Treasurer.

Board adjourned until Saturday, December 31, A D. 1870.

Attest, F. G CHRISTIE, Deputy Clerk.

Precinct Officers.

Below will be found a full and correct list of precinct officers elected in this county, at the recent election

Prescott—Justices of the Peace, A. O. Noyes and G. W Barnard. Constables, N. P. Pierce and T S Ruff.

Chino Valley—Justices of the Peace, D W. Shivers and W H Smith Constable,—Maddux.

Peeple's Valley—Justice of the Peace, R. McCloud. Constable, John Fray

Wickenburg—Justices of the Peace, W K Ferris and M Goldbaum Constable,—St Clair.

Phœnix—Justices of the Peace, J A Young and C Carter. Constable, Jas A. Mone

Vulture Mine—Justices of the Peace, P. Taylor. Constable, W Emerson

Camp McDowell—Justice of the Peace, E. G. Fisher. Constable, T Bray.

Verde—Justice of the Peace, J Melvin. Constable, W Arnold.

Agua Frio—Justice of the Peace, M. K. Lerty Constables, J. M, Brannaman and G. Heissman.

Walnut Creek—Justice of the Peace, H. W. Niles.

Kirkland Creek—Justices of the Peace, P. Gabriel and J. Riley. Constable, A. J Spear.

Comes on Sunday.

"Christmas comes but once a year," and this year it will come on Sunday.

Eggs Plenty.

Hens are now doing their duty, in consequence of which, eggs are plenty in this market.

New House.

Henry Route has commenced the erection of a new house, on the lot adjoining his place of business, on Granite street.

Weather.

The weather, since the recent storm, Sunday last, has been excellent.

Soaked Things.

The roof being off the old Capitol Building Sunday night last, the rain and snow worked its way through the cracks in the ceiling, and made living below quite uncomfortable. Postmaster Barnard had to remove his wares to a dry place. Captain Shoup and Mr. Kerr, took all that came, without a murmur. The old building will be in proper condition to receive the next storm.

Gambling.

Is a vice that is spread all over the world, and to our discredit be it said that it thrives and flourishes in Prescott, there being, we are informed, no less than seven banking games in full blast here,—a greater number than most California towns of two and three thousand people usually keep up.

Personal and News Items.

Nathan B. Bowers and wife arrived at their home in this town, from San Francisco, Wednesday last. Mrs. Crist, mother of Mrs. Bowers, came with them, and will pass the winter in Prescott. It gratifies us to be able to state that Mrs. B.'s health is entirely restored.

A. E. Davis, Paul Breon and C. A. Luke, arrived here lately, from Mohave county, where, they say, everything looked prosperous.

Wm. H. Hardy, and Jos. W. Knott, started for Mohave county, Friday night last. Joe. merely went to see his old friends.

C. W. Foster, Captain and A. Q. M., and E. W Stone, First Lieutenant and A. A. A. G., U. S. Army, started Saturday last, with a small escort, to look at the wagon-road which the men of Company F. 12th Infantry, are and have been building from Prescott to Southern Arizona, under the direction of Captain Perkins and Lieutenants King and Dibble.

Captain Meinhold, Third Cavalry, arrived in Prescott, Monday last, from Camp Date Creek, with some recruits, and started back the same day.

E. B. Rheem, Lieutenant 21st Infantry, arrived here on Monday, direct from Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, with as fine a body of soldiers—recruits—as ever came to this Territory. The Lieutenant and some of the recruits started for Camp Verde Wednesday last. We gleaned some facts regarding these troops and their distribution from Capt. Meinhold and Lieut. Rheem, which will be found elsewhere.

Lieutenant Lawson, wife and family, have arrived at Date Creek, from the Atlantic States.

Lieutenant Cluley, 21st Infantry, has sent in his resignation.

D. Hazard, Arizona's best and fastest freighter, is now, for the first time in his life, a "whole team," he having secured a mate, while at St. Louis, recently. Mrs Hazard is now here, with her husband.

Col. Cressey and Lieutenant Graham, Third U. S. Cavalry, have left Fort Whipple, and gone to Fort Yuma. Lieutenant Graham has tendered his resignation. Having a personal acquaintance with both these gentlemen, we commend them to the kind considerations of the military and citizens of Fort Yuma and Arizona City.

A. J. Moore returned home Tuesday night, from Phœnix, whither he went some time ago, to collect taxes and do a little electioneering for his Democratic friends. Mr. Moore came *via* Wickenburg, Peeples' Valley, and Walnut Grove, all of which places, he informs us, are improving. He is smitten with Phœnix and its sound, Democratic people, thinks Jack W. Swilling, the founder of that town, one of the noblest of men, and he is,—if honor, honesty, manliness and hospitality ennoble a man.

A. Barnett, merchant, of Wickenburg and Phœnix, is again in Prescott, on business.

W. J. O'Neill, of Kirkland Valley, who arrived in town recently, says the story that the Pimas killed some Apache-Mohaves, near that valley, recently, was manufactured out of whole cloth. Sorry to hear it.

Put Your Walks in Order.

Now is the time for our citizens to lay down sidewalks, in front of their premises, that is, those who have not done so already. By-and-by we hope the country will be wet enough to mire a saddle-blanket, and visiting in the suburbs will be out of the question unless our advice is carried out. By the way, isn't it about time to grade the ugly looking spot in Gurley street, between Granite and Montezuma?

The County Jail

Is now more secure than ever before, which is not saying a great deal for it. Lately, two strong doors have been added to it,—one at each end of the hall in front of the cells

Colds and Coughs.

Several citizens of this place are afflicted with the above ills, which are about the only ills flesh is heir to in the mountainous portions of our Territory. We have fine ledges of both, which we wish to dispose of to some lusty McCormickite who draws pay from Government for doing nothing. Wasson, of the Thieves' organ, can have 'em cheap for cash.

An Odd Fellow.

J. T. Bullock, one of the unfortunate men recently murdered, in Big Bug Mining District, was, we learn, a member of Georgetown Lodge, I. O. of O. F., of Colorado.

School.

S. C Rogers, never tires of doing good, and is, of course engaged in fattening the youthful minds of Prescott with wholesome mental food.

That Church.

For a wonder, not a human voice has said "church," to us during the past week. Have the projectors abandoned the project? If not, we hope so, as times are dull, and the Court-room makes a pretty good meeting-house.

Night Watchman.

This town has now a night watchman, paid by householders to watch for fires and bad characters, and we hope, he will attend to his duty by extinguishing fires, thieves and other bad men and things that afflict society.

Arrival and Departure of Freight Wagons.

Several huge wagons, drawn by long strings of sleek mules, belonging to S. C. Miller & Bro., arrived here Sunday last from Ehrenberg, on the Colorado river, with goods. These wagons started back a day or two ago, with loads of lumber, hides, etc.

Too Bad

It is really too bad that, as yet, the murderer or murderers of Ellen L. Stackhouse, have not been ferreted out and apprehended. It is now nearly five weeks since the foul crime was committed, in open day, in this town, and yet the wretch or wretches remain at large, although two rewards have been offered for the capture and conviction of the wretch or wretches. Every citizen of the Territory should take an interest in this matter.

Hauling Lumber.

Several stout wagons and teams are now engaged hauling lumber for Noyes & Curtis, from the mill to the yard in town.

Less Shooting.

It is a pleasure for us to be able to state, with truth, that, for a week or two past, the sound of the "pistil" bullet has not been heard so often as of yore, in our streets, of nights. From which we conclude that the shootists have left for places whose people like the music of the pistol bullet much better than do our people.

About Taxes.

Poor men, like ourself, will be pleased to learn that the Board of Supervisors have extended the time for the collection of taxes, this year, to December 31st.

Busy Day.

The town was filled with farmers, miners, prospectors and soldiers, Monday last, and our merchants drove a brisk business the greater part of the day.

For Bradshaw.

Jackson & Bro. started a pack train, loaded with provisions, for Bradshaw Mining District, Monday last.

Masonic Election.

The following named persons were, on the evening of the 26th ult., elected officers of Aztlan Lodge, No 177, F & A M, to serve for the ensuing Masonic year. Geo. Curtis, W. M (re-elected), Geo. Lount, S. W., Wm Cory, J W.; Wm. N. Kelly, Treasurer; A. O. Noyes, Secretary

Born,

In Prescott, December 1st, to the wife of Geo. Banghart, a son

Christmas Eve Ball.

The Prescott Quadrille Band are going to give a grand ball, Christmas Eve. See their announcement.

Sale of the Vulture.

Just before going to press, yesterday evening we heard a rumor to the effect that the Vulture Mining Company, of this county, had sold or were about to sell—their mine, mill, etc, to a rich English company.

Big Bug

The Big Bug mill is running and paying. So, too, are the arastras in Walnut Grove District

RICH ROCK.—Jackson McCrackin and others have found, in Minnehaha Flat, near Bradshaw Mountain the richest float quartz ever seen in any country. They are now prospecting for the ledge.

THE San Bernardino *Guardian* of the 26th ult, has the following items of interest

We see by late telegraphic dispatches that three hundred troops, from the Cincinnati recruiting station, have been ordered to San Diego, *en route* to Arizona to fill up and complete the 21st regiment, now stationed in that Territory

Several teams loaded with freight, passed through this town from the beach, on Thursday on their way to Arizona.

Another Quartz Mill.

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says

A quartz mill has just been finished in Marysville for a Company in Arizona

Indians in the Black Hills.

M K Lerty has written us an account of a meeting he had with five Indians—who called themselves Apache-Mohaves, in the Black Hills, recently. They did not offer to molest him. They said 75 others were camped close by Troops from Camp Verde are now after them

Items Relating to Arizona.

We get these from our files of the Los Angeles Daily *News*

Two loads of freight were shipped for Prescott, on the 18th ult

Yesterday (November 21st) a party of twenty three left this city for Arizona A portion of the party intend setting in the Salt River valley and the balance will visit the different mining sections of the Territory

To-day (November 25th) Mr Jas Thompson, with a party of some twenty, leaves for the Fort Mohave country. Returning the party will drive hither a party of one thousand cattle. A trading party headed by John George, and accompanied by several heavily loaded teams, also leaves *to-day for Prescott*

A "White" Indian.

A white man—supposed to be the murderer, Jim Smith—visited Davis' ranch, on the upper Hassayampa, a short time ago, informed the man on the place that he had not eaten anything for three days. Not having much provisions cooked, the ranchman asked his visitor to wait awhile, and he would get him a good meal. No, he couldn't wait; but would take a piece of bread and meat He got them and put out. The fellow was dressed in buckskin, had a Henry rifle, and his description answered to that of the murderer, Jim Smith. Shortly after this transpired, the ranchman followed his visitors' tracks a short distance, until they joined with tracks made by a party of Indians, who, no doubt, accompanied the white scoundrel.

Assignment of Recruits.

M troop, Third Cavalry, of Fort Whipple, has received 32 of the recently arrived recruits Fifty recruits have gone to Camp Verde, for Troops A, E, and G, Third Cavalry, 27 stopped at Camp Date Creek, and the remainder of the 153 brought to the Territory by Lieutenant Rheem, are destined for Camp Hua'pai. Most of the companies now in the Territory have received additions to their ranks, and ought to be able to do some thorough scouting, which we think they will

The Same Old Dodge.

Soon after the Indian attack upon Hazard's train, a strapping Apache-Mohave visited Hazard's camp, and told the white people there that it was Pimas who had made the attack. This is the old, convenient Apache Mohave dodge. But, it has been played too often, and will not now work.

To Pre-Emption Settlers.

Plats of surveys of 39 townships—Gila and Salt River meridian—have been received by Judge Berry, Register of the Land Office, at Prescott, and were filed December 2d We are informed that all pre-emption settlers upon these surveyed lands, are required to file declaratory statements within three months from date of filing of plats. For the accommodation of settlers, in this matter, Judge Berry will soon leave for Salt River.

Late Military News.

By recent special order from Division Headquarters, San Francisco, Col George Stoneman, Commander of the Department of Arizona was ordered to report at San Francisco to arrange business of the Department, and then proceed to Drum Barracks.

S. A. Foster, at present Chief Commissary of Subsistence, Department of Columbia, has been ordered to proceed to Prescott, and report to the Department Commander.

Lieutenant Lockwood, of the Engineer Department, is also ordered to report to Col Stoneman, at Prescott.

Lieutenant Dibble, 12th Infantry, is about to sever his connection with the Army.

MARRIED.—The San Bernardino (California) *Guardian* of November 26th, chronicles the marriage, in its town, on the 20th ult, of ISAAC GOLDBERG, of Tucson, this Territory, to Miss AMALIA LAZARUS, of San Bernardino.

Immediately after the marriage, a grand ball was given in honor of the union. The MINER greets the newly married pair

MR. BANGHART says he can take a party of men to a large rancheria of friendly Indians, near Chino Valley, and we hope that a sufficient number of our citizens will volunteer their services.

Boots, Shoes, etc.

John Laughlin's new establishment on Montezuma street is now one of the neatest in town. The front room is well filled with ready-made boots, shoes, gaiters, etc, for ladies', childrens' and gentlemens' wear, also, material for new work. All these articles having been selected with great care, by Mr Laughlin, while in San Francisco recently, it is almost useless to inform the people of Arizona, for whom they were purchased, that they are of good quality, and that all from the youngest to the oldest, can be fitted and suited by calling upon John.

His workshop in the rear of the salesroom, is one of the busiest places in Prescott, good workmen being constantly employed, making and repairing to order.

His prices will be found to be in accordance with the times, and we advise our friends to call at John's, and get a good, comfortable fit. nov19tf

For Everybody.

Our ancient and honorable friend, N. Beardsley, arrived in town yesterday morning, from El Monte, Los Angeles county, California, with two wagons, which were loaded to the guards with excellent green apples, eggs, bacon, honey, lard, dried peaches and other good things, which he is offering for sale, very cheap, at his old stand in the Prescott House, Granite street, where he will be pleased to see and wait upon his old friends and the public He has also for sale two good horses, a wagon, and the best span of mules ever brought to this Territory Call and see the old gentleman nov19tf.

Farmers and Gardeners, Attention.

Do you want to buy seeds and plants that you may surely rely on? Go to Sevin Vincent & Co., the well-known Seed Dealers, 607 Sansome St, between Washington and Jackson Streets, San Francisco, and Brooklyn, Alameda county Mr Sevin Vincent is the only Seed Grower of California He guarantees the superior quality of his seeds and all those imported he tests with the greatest care before selling. Be sure he will sell you the best and cheapest. nov19m

New Advertisements.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE }
COUNTY OF YAVAPAI }

County warrants, Numbers, 71, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, and 87, and Jail Bonds, Numbers 76, 77, 78, and 79, will be paid upon presentation at this office Interest will cease from date

WILLIAM CORY,
Prescott, A. T Dec 2, 1870 Treasurer

MONTEZUMA SALOON,

Montezuma Street, Prescott.

We have recently renovated and fixed up our saloon in fine style, and have none but the choicest Wines, Liquors, and Segars, for our customers and the public

C A. LUKE & CO
Prescott, December 3, 1870.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to C A. Luke, and to the firm of C A Luke & Co, are respectfully requested to settle their accounts without delay

C. A LUKE & CO.
Prescott, December 3, 1870 d3t2

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

The Prescott Quadrille Band respectfully announce that they will give a ball at Dr Moeller's Saloon, on Saturday night, December 24th No pains will be spared to make this the ball of the season. A general invitation is extended to all.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

J P Hargrave R E Elliott, E J Cook, J L Taylor, J H Behan, J. H Marion, Prescott, A Barnett, Wickenburg, P Gabriel, Kirkland Valley, R Postle, Chino Valley.

FLOOR MANAGERS:

G. D Kendall, J P. Hargrave, S C. Miller.

TICKETS—$12 00 including supper
Prescott, December 3 1870

STOLEN---$50.00 REWARD.

Stolen from J D Price's wood camp, December 1st, a bay Horse, with white legs and bald face, branded I C on left shoulder A reward of $50 00 will be paid for the return of this horse and the apprehension and conviction of the thief. J. D. PRICE.
Prescott, Dec 2, 1870

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of A G. DUNN, Deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YAVAPAI, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same to the undersigned, administrator, at Prescott, in said county, within one year from this date.

All persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to save costs

B. A. HUSSEY,
Prescott, A. T., Nov 26, 1870 Administrator.
nv26m1

Colorado Steam Navigation Co.

FORT YUMA, Cal., Nov. 9, 1870.

A. J Finlay is hereby appointed Agent of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company, at Yuma, in place of E. D. Tuttle, resigned. A. POLHAMUS, Jr.
nv26t3 Superintendent.

AUCTION SALE.

Furniture, Bedding, Wearing Apparel, etc.

Will be sold, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1870, in front of R. Meacham's Store, Prescott, all the Personal Property belonging to the late Ellen L. Stackhouse, consisting of Fine Furniture, Bedding, Wearing Apparel, Jewelry, etc., among which are two beautiful Japanese Cabinet Boxes, and a splendid Ladies' Gold Watch and Chain. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M.
Prescott, November 23, 1870. nv26t3

Notice to Settle Accounts.

All persons indebted to D. Henderson & Bro., are respectfully requested to settle their accounts as soon as possible, as we are desirous to close our books.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.
Prescott, Nov 19, 1870 4t.

The Miner.

WONDERS OF OUR AGE.

Oh! who would wish for the mystical past,
For that golden age which the poet sings,
With castles, and courts, and enchanted halls,
Magicians, and fairies, and knights, and kings?

We have more romance in the present day,
Than in wildest dream that ever was told;
The wonders we've wrought will exceed by far
The strangest feat of magicians of old.

We've bound to our car the vapory steam,
And swift as the wind o'er the earth we speed;
And nought that they tell of in legends old
Can equal the strength of our fiery steed.

And down from its home in the stormy cloud,
The lightning we've drawn with a wand of steel,
To carry our thoughts o'er the busy world,
As swift as it flashes when thunders peal.

We have traced the annals of ancient life
On rocks that were dug from the depths of earth,
And the traces of creatures in them are found
That had lived and perished ere Noah had birth.

We have turned our thoughts to the starry skies,
And numbered the planets that round us roll;
And told their distance, and counted their days,
And measured them round from pole to pole.

Yes; we've more romance in the present day
Than in wildest dream that ever was told;
The wonders we've wrought will exceed by far
The strangest feat of magician of old
—*Hearth and Home.*

Growth of the Union.

The following table, while not in all respects absolutely accurate, is as nearly correct as the Census Bureau, from its present returns, can give them. Texas is put in round numbers, and is only given as an approximation to the actual enumeration. The figures will be read, however, with general interest. They were prepared by the Census Bureau for the Treasury Department, to guide the apportionment of the new currency among the States:

States.	1870. *Population.*	1860. *Population.*
Alabama	1,002,000	964,201
Arkansas	486,103	435,450
California	556,208	379,994
Delaware	125,000	112,216
Florida	189,095	140,424
Georgia	1,185,000	1,057,286
Illinois	2,540,216	1,711,951
Indiana	1,668,169	1,350,428
Iowa	1,177,515	674,913
Kansas	353,182	107,206
Kentucky	1,323,264	1,155,684
Louisiana	716,394	708,002
Maryland	780,000	687,049
Michigan	1,184,158	749,113
Minnesota	460,037	172,023
Mississippi	834,190	791,305
Missouri	1,703,000	1,102,012
Nebraska	105,000	28,841
Nevada	41,000	6,857
North Carolina	1,072,000	902,622
Ohio	2,652,302	2,339,511
Oregon	110,000	52,465
South Carolina	735,000	703,708
Tennessee	1,258,326	1,109,801
Texas	850,000	604,215
Virginia	1,209,607	1,596,318
West Virginia	447,943	
Wisconsin	1,052,266	775,881

It will be seen that Illinois presses Ohio very closely for the fourth place in the table of States, the Buckeye State leading by only 112,086 inhabitants. Nevada shows the largest ratio of growth, after which comes Nebraska; but Kansas, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, have also increased very rapidly. The statement is highly satisfactory, as indicating the steady and permanent development of the Great West and its illimitable resources.—*S. F. Call.*

Morphia and Tincture of Iodine for Neuralgia.

The following method of successfully treating that painful disease, neuralgia, is from the *Dublin Medical Press*: As a corrollary to his remarks on the efficacy of tincture of iodine in the treatment of neuralgia, M. Bouchut adduced several cases from which it appears that when the remedy in its pure state has proved unavailing, the pain sometimes yields in a remarkable manner when a certain amount of morphia has been added to the tincture. In this instance the application is not merely counter-irritant; indeed, in this respect the fluid would seem to have lost some of its power; its efficacy is chiefly due to the presence of the sedative, the introduction of which beneath the epidermis is facilitated by the tincture of iodine. Whatever explanation may be offered of the effects of this mode of treatment, its beneficial operation is an unquestionable fact, deserving of every attention. Thus, we noticed in M. Bouchut's wards, a little girl, who while recovering from typhoid, became affected with neuralgia of the forehead and temples, pure tincture of iodine failed in relieving the pain. M. Bouchut ordered the brow to be painted over three times a day with a solution of half a drachm of sulphate of morphia in half an ounce of tincture of iodine, and a cure was affected in the course of three days. The professor adopted the same method of treatment in the case of a lady, aged fifty-two, suffering from interscapular neuralgia, symptomatic of chronic pulmonary disease. Morning and evening sedative tincture was applied to the regions, and on the second day amendment set in, and the neuralgia was altogether removed on the fourth day.

A NEW THING UNDER THE SUN.—Tomato fritters are a novelty, and, in the judgment of the writer, a most praiseworthy one. The tomatoes are skinned in the usual manner, by subjecting first to boiling water; are then sliced and dropped into crushed crackers or bread crumbs and dropped into hot fat in the usual way. The tomatoes must be ripe. I hade yet to see the daring individual who has denied the exquisite flavor of these fritters, and their special adaptability to the breakfast table.—*Exchange.*

Last year's tomatoes have, we fear, disappeared from this locality, so nobody in these mountains, will, this year, have the pleasure of eating the "delicious fritters." Our friends of Salt River, the San Pedro, Gila, Santa Cruz, and other tropical regions of our Territory, where vegetables of all kinds grow and ripen the year round, ought to try the above dish.

Presidential Interference.

Gratz Brown's speech at St. Joseph has in it a peculiar significance. It is a flaming, indignant protest against the interference of the federal administration with the domestic concerns of the States. It is high time for such a protest. During the war, when the very life of the nation was in danger, we tolerated a concentration of power in the federal government which, in earlier times, would have been resented and resisted. After the war, when the reconstruction and restoration of the Southern States rendered necessary extraordinary remedies for an extraordinary difficulty, we recognized the fact that those States were in an anomalous condition, which justified measures quite inexcusable if applied to the affairs of well organized and loyally governed commonwealths. But the habit of resorting to such extreme measures, in dealing with States disorganized and destitute of well established self-government, has grown upon the federal authority until the just limit of national interference has been almost obliterated. President Grant, a soldier by education, wholly inexperienced in political affairs, and incapable, as a soldier, of comprehending the relations of the States to the nation in our complex system of government, has more than once betrayed an inclination to regard State government and State authority with contempt, and his dealings with Virginia, Georgia and Mississippi have been of very questionable propriety. Yet they were excused because of the unsettled condition of those States; and the habit of interference, thus unresisted, has gained such mastery with him that he now boldly undertakes to use his Executive power to control the election in a State as orderly, peaceful and thoroughly organized as any State in the Union. If this tendency is not checked we shall soon have a centralization of power as absolute as that which existed under Napoleon in France. Elections will become a mere farce. When the people vote they will merely register the edicts of their masters at Washington. The name of local self-government only will be left; the reality will be lost, and State lines and State governments might as well, for all practical purposes, be wholly obliterated.

President Grant attempts to dictate to the people of Missouri, and they protest, and indignantly spurn the dictation. That is the meaning of this speech, and of the overwhelming majority which will endorse it. The people will say to General Grant, "you are our servant, not our master" They will tell him that the Federal government has no business to control elections in a State. No matter how wise the President may be, no matter how complete may have been his success in administering the national affairs committed to his charge, we still demand for ourselves the privilege of electing our own State officers, and directing at our own pleasure the local affairs of the State in which we live. When the votes are polled, it will appear that the people of Missouri have at least this much of attachment for "State sovereignty" that they mean to manage their local affairs without any dictation from Washington. When the President's letter was written, we thought it a blunder which he would soon discover. Now that he follows it up by removing officials, he turns the inevitable defeat and overthrow of the proscriptive policy in Missouri into a rebuke of himself.

The President seeks to control this State by Federal patronage. It is very appropriate that he should take this method of combatting a party which is the first in the country to declare:

"That the safety of Republican institutions demands a thorough reform of the civil service of the government, by which ability and moral worth shall be established as the essential qualifications for office, and the corruption and demoralizing influence of what is euphoniously called 'government patronage' shall be removed from our political life."

This doctrine does not suit the President. By the use of that same government patronage he has rewarded relatives and personal friends, and now he endeavors to crush a party which labors honestly to fulfill pledges which he seems to have forgotten. We regret that he regards it a direct blow at himself to propose the abolition of government patronage, with its corrupting and demoralizing influence It was not so intended. But he is doing his best to teach the freemen of Missouri that this reform is necessary to secure their freedom of choice in local elections.—*Missouri Democrat.*

A Distribution of Indian Agencies among the Different Religious Sects.

Following is the list of Indian Agencies tendered to the various missionary associations and religious bodies:

The Methodists, seven—in Washington and Montana Territories, and Oregon. No appointments have been made as yet.

The Presbyterians, six—in Arizona, Utah and New Mexico. Four appointments have been made—D. N. Carothers, S. D. Williamson, O. F. Piper, and Isaac F. Warden.

The Baptists, five—in Nevada, Idaho and the Indian Territory. No appointments made as yet.

The Episcopalians, six—in Dakota Five appointments have been made—J. Lee Englebert, Henry F. Livingston, J. M Washburne, Henry Gregoltz, and Samuel D. Webster.

The sixth Agency, when established, will be in Spotted Tail's and Red Cloud's regions.

The American Board of Foreign Missions, two—in Indian Territory, the appointments being Henry Brewer and Theodore D. Griffith.

The Dutch Reformed, two—in Arizona. No appointments.

The Unitarians, two—in Colorado.

The Congregationalists, four—in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. Three have been appointed—John P. Bardwell, Selden N. Clark and M. T. Richardson.

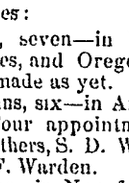
The Roman Catholic, four—in Dakota, New Mexico, Montana, and Idaho. Two have been appointed—W. F. Cady and Charles S. Jones.

Unassigned, five—in Montana and Washington Territories, Oregon, Iowa, and New York. Appointed—F. D. Pease, C. S. King, John Smith, Leander Clark, and Daniel Sherman.

AN acre contains 4,840 square yards. A square mile contains 640 acres. A mile is 5,280 feet, or 1,760 yards in length. A league is 3 miles. A fathom is 6 feet. A hand (horse measure) is 4 inches. A palm is 3 inches. A space is 3 feet.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,



Done in Good Style, At the MINER Office

Orders solicited. Prices reasonable.

JOHN H. MARION, Proprietor.

Prescott, Arizona, April 10, 1869.

STOCK RANCHED.

Grazed or fed on fodder. Apply to
BARNARD & CO., Post Office.

Prescott, A. T., Oct. 8, 1870

A full supply of all the **Patent Medicines** At Dr. KENDALL'S Pioneer Drug Store

Prescott Advertisements.

PIONEER DRUG STORE.

Prescott,  Arizona.

On hand and for sale,—

Hall's Balsam for the Lungs
Townsend's Sarsaparilla
Ayers' "
Bristol's "
Hall's "
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
" *Ague Cure,*
Osgood's India Cholagogue,
Brown's Jamaica Ginger,
Perry Davis's Pain Killer,
Goodale's Catarrh Remedy,
Brown's Bronchial Troches,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,
Dr. Devine's Pitch Lozenge,
Keating's Cough "
Jayne's Patent Medicines,

And, in fact, a full assortment of all the Patent Medicines usually found in drug stores.

Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, Perfumery,

And a large supply of Dispensing Medicines.

N. B.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. G. D. KENDALL.

☞ Dr. Kendall's office—In rear of Drug Store.

Prescott, April 24, 1868.

That's a Fact.---What's a Fact?

THAT THE

NEW YORK CHEAP STORE

Is the Only Store in the Territory that Receives Goods Direct from New York.

By this arrangement, the proprietor saves the enormous tariff usually levied by San Francisco merchants, and is thereby enabled to sell goods cheaper than any other merchant in Arizona.

I have on hand,

Henry's Improved Rifles and Cartridges
Colt's Revolvers, Holsters and Belts,
Percussion Caps, Flasks, Pouches,

A Large Stock of

Boots, (including Rubber Boots,) Shoes, Hats, Socks, Cooking Stoves, Axes, Nails, etc., etc, together with a large stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Suitable for this Market.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

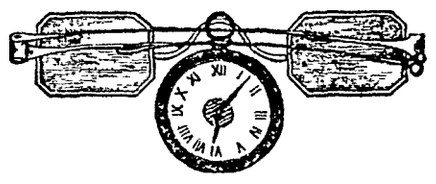
LEVI BASHFORD.

Prescott, March 20, 1869

L. B. JEWELL & Co.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers,

South side of Plaza, Prescott.



Have on hand, for sale, a fine assortment of

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry.

☞ Jewelry, of all kinds, made to order Repairing done with care and promptness. au7

QUARTZ MOUNTAIN SAW-MILL.

The attention of the public is called to the fact that we have renewed facilities for the manufacture of

All Kinds of Lumber,

For Building purposes, and for Mills and Mining

We keep constantly on hand, at the mill, on Groom Creek, six miles from Prescott, and at the yard, in town, large quantities of lumber for sale at the following prices, in gold

Good merchantable, at mill, ... $40 00 per M
Clear, ... 60.00 " "
Ten dollars, additional, at yard.

No departure from these prices
No sales made except for money or accepted orders.

A. O. NOYES,
GEO CURTIS.

Prescott, March 5, 1870. sep17'67

E. J. COOK, ... ED F. BOWERS

COOK & BOWERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,
Clothing, Dry-Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Clocks,
Iron, Nails, Quicksilver,
Tobacco Cigars, etc.,

Are prepared to furnish the people all kinds of

Merchandise, for Cash,

At reasonable rates, at the

ADOBE STORE,

Corner of Granite and Gurley Streets

Prescott, Arizona. je27'68

PACIFIC BREWERY,

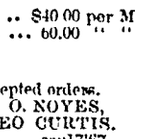
MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the MINER Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,

Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale.



As we brew our own Beer, and take great pains to make it O K, lovers of the healthy, strengthening beverage will do well by calling upon us and trying our medicine.

JOHN RAIBLE,
PHILIP SHEERER.

Prescott, October 5, 1867.

Prescott Advertisements.

THE

LARGEST AND BEST

Assortment of Goods

Ever brought to Prescott, is now on hand at

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM'S

— Consisting of

GROCERIES,	PROVISIONS,
WINES,	LIQUORS,
TOBACCO,	CIGARS,
CLOTHING,	DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS,	SHOES,
HARDWARE,	TINWARE,
GLASSWARE,	CROCKERY,
MINING TOOLS,	FARMING TOOLS,
PAINTS,	OILS,
GLASS,	PUTTY,
STATIONERY,	CUTLERY,
CONFECTIONERY,	PERFUMERY,
GUNS,	PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,	MEDICINES,
TOYS,	FIREWORKS,
&c., &c.,	&c.

☞ We can fit and suit anybody and everybody, in anything and everything, at all times, at

REASONABLE PRICES.

JOHN G. CAMPBELL,
W M. BUFFUM.

Prescott, July 17, 1869.

WORMSER & WERTHEIMER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Liquors, Crockery, Hardware, Farming and Mining Implements, etc.,

CALL THE ATTENTION OF THEIR OLD pioneer friends and the public generally to their new and splendid assortment of goods, recently purchased, by one of the firm, in San Francisco, and now on hand at their store in Prescott.

Give us a call and see for yourselves. We are *not* selling for ruinous prices; our motto is and has been, "Live and Let Live."

Merchants, farmers, miners and others, wishing to purchase goods, would do well to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere.

M. WORMSER,
A WERTHEIMER.

Prescott, Arizona, February 1, 1870 my16'68

HERBERT BOWERS,

Post Trader, Fort Whipple, A. T.,

Has recently replenished his stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Can Fruits, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.,

He, also, keeps constantly on hand and for sale the following articles all of which are manufactured at his Agua Frio Mill, 20 miles east from Prescott

Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts.

The flour is as good as the best imported California, of which it takes precedence in this market

Prices Reasonable.

Call and examine for yourselves

H BOWERS, Post Trader
mar26 Fort Whipple.

ORIENTAL BAKERY AND SALOON

Next door to the Miner Office.

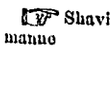
FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES,

Always on hand.

GOOD BOARD,

Furnished by the Week, Day, or Meal, at the following prices:

Per Week ..... Sixteen dollars, currency.
Single Meals ..... One dollar "



Oysters, Sardines, etc.,

Served in good style, at all hours.

Good Lager Beer, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, kept constantly on hand, for the accommodation of customers.

DAN. HATZ, Proprietor.

Prescott, December 18, 1869.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street,  Opposite Plaza,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D Monihon, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for *Cash.*

☞ Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on han for sale or hire.

GIDEON BROOKE,
JACOB LYNN.

Prescott, October 24, 1868.

WARM AND COLD



At OTTO'S New Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon,

Montezuma Street,..... Prescott, Arizona.

☞ Shaving, Hair Cutting, etc., in the most approved manne THEODORE OTTO.

Miscellaneous Ads.

W. B. HOOPER, San Francisco. A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

304 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P O. Drawer, 990) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

(P. O. Box, 2683.)

JAS. M. BARNEY, Arizona City. JOHN S. CARR, Arizona.

Our facilities for purchasing and arrangements for selling are fully completed, and we now offer TO THE TRADE, a Full Stock of Merchandise in each department, comprising all articles required for, and salable throughout the Territory.

We sell at small advances, FOR CASH, and are positive that it is to the benefit of every Interior Merchant to buy of us—instead of in San Francisco or elsewhere—thereby avoiding the expenses and annoyances of a long and tedious journey, and the loss of *three months time* necessary to receive their purchases, enabling them to increase their profits with the same or less capital invested.

Orders by letter receive our careful attention, the same as though the parties were themselves present.

In a word we GUARANTEE SATISFACTION in prices, quality quantity, and assortment of goods

Currency and Bullion received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold for account of owners, as may be desired. HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, A T., Sept 1st, 1870.

EHRENBERG.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,

Wholesale Dealers In

Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Grain, Groceries, Provisions, etc,

Respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that they are now located at the new

TOWN OF "EHRENBERG,"

Where they are prepared to receive merchandise, for storage or transportation, free of charge

EHRENBERG is situate on the east bank of the Colorado river seven miles below La Paz, at the best and most convenient landing on the river and is connected with the principal towns of the interior by good wagon roads.

The benefits to be derived by shipping goods via Ehrenburg are, *a saving of five dollars per ton,* and less handling of goods

Freight to Wickenburg four cents from the landing

All merchandise consigned to us, either for storage or transportation, will be attended to with care and despatch.

For further particulars, inquire of

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
sep18'69tf Ehrenburg Arizona

POSTLE'S RANCH

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A farm of 160 acres, good arable land, situate in Chino Valley about 22 miles north of Prescott together with the improvements thereon consisting of a large fine adobe dwelling house, flouring mill, corral, outhouses, etc. The land can at all times be irrigated, and the mill run by water which is carried all over the place in ditches Upon the place are several thousand young and thrifty trees. The range for stock cannot be excelled Persons thinking of purchasing can gain full information by calling at the store of Campbell & Buffum, Prescott, A T., or at the premises. ly 30-tf

ISAAC H. LEVY,

Dealer in General Merchandise, and General Commission Merchant,

San Bernardino, California.

Merchandise forwarded to any part of Arizona, with promptness and despatch

Gold dust Legal Tenders and Soldiers Final Settlements, bought

Office of the Arizona Stage Line No 1 Jackson Block, corner of Third and Grafton streets

San Bernardino Cal., August 27, 1870

NOTICE.

PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, under the name and style of the "PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY" hereby give notice that they have, this day located a Water Ditch and claimed four thousand (4,000) inches of the waters of Salt River, for irrigating purposes, to be taken out on the south side of said river, on section 20, N E. South, township 3, E, Range 1, North

Five hundred yards of said ditch is now completed, and four thousand (4,000) inches of water, more or less, running in the same. We intend to run our ditch in a south west direction, as fast as possible, and as far as we deem it necessary for farming purposes.

CLAIMANTS:

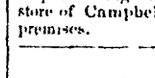
J. A. CHENOWTH,	N W BROADWAY,
C. P CRAWLEY,	W SANDERSON,
V. A. STEPHENS,	J M WILSON,
JOHN H WISE,	W BRECHT.

Salt River, Yavapai County Arizona, Sept. 26, 1870.

oct22-m3

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.

La Paz to Prescott.



Regular Weekly Trips, by Stage, with the Mail, will be made between La Paz and Prescott. A four horse passenger stage will leave La Paz every Saturday, connecting with the the stages on the California end of the line, from San Bernardino; arriving at Wickenburg on Mondays, and at Prescott on Tuesdays Passengers returning will arrive at La Paz on Fridays, connecting with the stage for California that departs Saturday morning.

☞ Packages, &c, forwarded on reasonable terms.

JAMES GRANT, Contractor.

Prescott, October 2 1869.

BARNETT & BLOCK,

.... DEALERS IN ....

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, &c.

WICKENBURG AND PHŒNIX.

☞ Sell cheaper than any other merchants in Central Arizona. nov20'67.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

Parties in Wickenburg, Prescott, and other interior points, are notified that I have at the Ehrenberg Landing, a large adobe warehouse, with good shingle roof, and am prepared to receive and forward goods of every description at as low rates as any other parties engaged in the business. J. M. BRYAN.

Ehrenberg, A. T. Sept. 1st, 1870.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONA MINER.

VOLUME VII. PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1870. NUMBER 50.

THE ARIZONA MINER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

—AT—

PRESCOTT, YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy, One Year	$7 00
" " Six Months	4 00
" " Three Months	2 50
Single Copies	25

Papers will not be sent unless paid for in advance, and will *invariably* be discontinued at the end of the time paid for.

ADVERTISING:

One square, one time, $3.00; each additional time, $1.50. Each additional square, same rate.

A liberal discount will be made to persons continuing the same advertisement for three, six, or twelve months.

Professional or business cards inserted upon reasonable terms.

Job Printing.

THE MINER office is well supplied with Presses, Plain, Fancy and Ornamental Type, and the proprietor is determined to execute all work with which he may be favored in the neatest and best style of the art.

Work may be ordered from any part of the Territory, and, when accompanied with the cash, it will be promptly executed and sent by mail, or as directed.

Persons sending us **money for subscription**, advertising or job work, may forward it by mail, or otherwise, at their own risk.

☞ *Legal Tender Notes taken at par in payment for subscription, advertising and job work.*

J. H. MARION,
Editor and Proprietor.

Business & Professional Cards.

COLES BASHFORD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Tucson, Arizona,
Will practice his profession in all the Courts of the Territory.

HARLEY H. CARTTER,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Will attend to business in all the courts of the Territory.
sep4'69tf

JOHN M. ROUNTREE,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona.

J. P. HARGRAVE,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Montezuma street, Prescott, Arizona.

JOHN HOWARD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona.

Dr. J. N. McCANDLESS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Late of the U. S. Army,)
Offers his services to the people of Prescott and vicinity. Can be found, at all hours, except when professionally engaged, at his office, in Allen & White's store, Montezuma street Prescott
Prescott, November 7, 1868.

G. W. BARNARD,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
and Justice of the Peace.
OFFICE—In the Postoffice, north side of the Plaza, Prescott jan15'70

R. B. YUILL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Wickenburg, Arizona.

J. E. McCAFFRY,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

O. H. CASE,
CIVIL ENGINEER,
Prescott, Arizona.

A. WOLFF, San Bernardino. S. FOLKS, 410 Sacramento Street, San Francisco.

WOLFF & FOLKS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
m12'70 San Bernardino, California.

PHŒNIX STATION.
Phœnix, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Hay and Grain; and the best of Accommodations for Travelers.
The patronage of the traveling public is solicited.
E. K. BUKER.
Phœnix, August 20th, 1870.

MONTEZUMA SALOON,
Montezuma Street, Prescott.
We have recently renovated and fixed up our saloon in fine style, and have none but the choicest Wines, Liquors, and Segars, for our customers and the public.
C. A. LUKE & CO.
Prescott, December 3, 1870.

I TOO WANT SOME CORN, AND WILL PAY A good price. L. BASHFORD.
Prescott, Oct. 7, 1870.

☞ **Blank Mining and Quite alm Deeds, Special and General Powers of Attorney, etc., for sale at the Miner Office.**

☞ PURE COD LIV R OIL, At Dr. Kendall's Pione Drug Store.

TERENCE McGRANT.

About that Whiskey Letter—Ordering Troops to New York, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Octhober 20 won.

ME HONEY:—Me darling cousin Ulisses is in the divil's own bad way. It seems as though there was a conshpiracy among the paple belonging to his party to make him appere ridiculous. The papers saze on ivery little act of his of an immoral nature, and magnify it until it looks fareful indeed. The lasht case is that fhisky business. Ye mind, a lady be the name of Mrs. Jones, came to Gineral Dint wid some samples of the mosht illegant fhisky that iver was built. Dent thried it for won day, and then called me in, and we sampled it for a couple of days together, until the tin-gallon sample was gone, and then the woman wanted us to pay for it. As we had nothing to show for it but two head-aches, av coorse we couldn't consishtently pay out money that should be used for other purposes, and besides, we were out of money anyway, so we thought it would be besht to give her an order on me cousin Ulisses, and see if he wouldn't depart from his established rule and buy a shmall quantity. So we gave the woman a lether to me cousin, and got rid of her. She wint till me cousin, and axed him would he buy some, and he said he was well supplied wid fishky by the Ohio fishky inspectors, free of expinse, so it did not become him to buy fishky. So this woman went off to New York and committed suicide, and among her baggage was found this lether to me cousin from Dent, and the papers all published it to create an impression that me cousin was not temperate, and that he actually kept fishky in the house And now we get hundreds of lethers ivery day from prohibitionists in Massachusetts, stating that if me cousin don't deny that he iver partakes of intoxicating biverages, they will niver vote for him again. And now me cousin wants me and Bridget to make Affi David—fhat the diril is that?—that we niver have seen him in all our intercourse wid him under the influence of liquor, and have the Affi David published in all the papers. I suppose we will have to do it if he says so, but then, we have got so accustomed to lying that it can't make ony difference wid our sthanding in society.

There is won more thing that is causing me cousin Ulisses great trouble. Ye mind, he has said he would order the troops to go to New York to prevent the Dimecrats from voting on election day. He didn't want to do it, since he sent troops to North Carolina, and they helped the Dimecrats get the most terrible majority ever known, but the leaders of the party in New York insisted on his sinding throops there, and he has got to do it. But now he has found out that nearly all the soldiers in the regular Army are Dimecrats, and they don't want any better fun than to go to New York. Since me cousin has found out that the soldiers are Dimecrats he fears that if he sends them till New York the Dimecrats will have a larger majority than ever before. Fhat right has a soldier to be a Dimecrat, ony way?

Since me lasht lether we have succeeded in getting owld Cox out of the Cabinet. He was the worsht man to get along wid that yez ever saw The firsht question he would ask, when onything come up for discussion in a Cabinet mateing, was: "Is this honest?" No measure, no mather of how much importance it moight be, could have his influence until he was assured it was honesht, and so me cousin found it nicissary to summarily compel him to resign. Fhat kind of a man is that to have in a Cabinet, continually blowing about honeshty? No man will git into the Cabinet after this, that has iver showed ony signs of honeshty, and me cousin says: Ye see, won such a man can block the wheels of progress, and make things moighty onpleasant for all of us.

Only for the direct interference of the paple we should have gone to Georgia to attind the Shtate Fair. Ye see me cousin had become so crazed be his arduous duties that he felt as if some recreation was nicissary to save his life, and had decided to go to Georgin, whin a delegation from the West called on me cousin and towld him that the people out that way had become thoroughly disgusted wid him for attending so many horse-races and things whin he ought to be attending to business, and if he didn't shtop it, he couldn't get a hundred votes west of Ohio for re-election, so we have determined to lead a different life for a short time till they cool off out there. It's moighty lucky we stayed at home, for we should have losht a valuable dog if me cousin hadn't been here to attend to her. The famail pup that the Philadelphia Poshtmaster gave me cousin, had the mosht fareful attack of choleramorbus ye iver see, but me cousin set up wid her two nights, and the Surgeon-General of the Army stayed by her until she rallied, and now she is illegant again. Me cousin looks a little careworn from loss of slape, but is otherwise all right.

Yers be Jabers,

TERENCE McGRANT.

P. S.—There is a movement on foot among politicians to compel me cousin to appoint a nagur in the Cabinet in place of Cox. This movement is shtrongly condemned by all our family, including Bridget and meself. Bridget says if a nagur goes in the Cabinet he has got to walk over her dead body. The Lord have mercy until us. T. McG.

MILITARY.—Allegations of unfitness having been preferred against Captains W. Maynadin, of the 1st Artillery; R. C. Duryea, of the 1st Artillery; T. B. Weir, of the 7th Cavalry; J. D. James, of the 5th Infantry; First Lieutenants Donald McIntosh, of the 7th Cavalry; Pendleton Hunter, of the 8th Cavalry, and Second Lieutenant T. A. Riley, of the 5th Infantry, they have been ordered before the retiring board now in session in Washington.

Insults from a Scallawag.

B. C. Truman, carpet-bag editor of a scallawag newspaper, published at San Diego, California, in the interest of landgrabbers, speculators in town lots, monopolists, and other swindlers, has the unblushing effrontery to lie about us, and insult a majority of the white people of the Territory, in the following low-flung extract, which is almost too indecent for publication. Says Truman, in his San Diego *Bulletin*:

"The editors of the Prescott Miner and the Tucson Arizonan took grounds against McCormick, in common with the gamblers and election-day pimps, who are always on hand upon such occasions, because he was a gentleman of culture and influence, and a former member of the Young Men's Christian Association. But McCormick, with this pressure, (?) cleaned out the gamblers, the drunkards, the pimps, and all. Therefore, Bully for the Young Men's Christian Association."

This swinish animal has been sticking his nose into the affairs of this Territory ever since he sponged an interest in the *Bulletin*, and our readers know that we have paid no attention to his gruntings, nor would we now were it not necessary to refute the sweeping, lying charges against ourself, and a majority of the honest, hard-working and thinking people of our Territory.

Now, before arguing the point with you, Truman, we take the responsibility of informing you that, if you made the foregoing assertions of your own free will, you are a liar; and, if any person or persons so informed you, and you launched them forth upon his or their say, you are a liar, slanderer and scoundrel, which we believe you to be, anyway.

You profess to be a Democrat now, which must be another lie; for you know God never intended that such a corrupt, sneaking creature as you are should be a Democrat. But, then, Democrats are in power in California, and you wear the guise of Democracy there, in order to get the litigant printing. You work and act for pay now, with as much gusto as when you were employed by the wretch, Forney, to write accounts of "horrid crimes" committed at the South; and which were, if you have told the truth, conjured up in the prison-cells of your gorilla brain.

Now, loathsome reptile, let us see upon what foundation your charges rest: You say "the editors of the Prescott MINER and the Tucson *Arizonan* took grounds against McCormick, in common with the gamblers and election-day pimps because he (McCormick) was a gentleman of culture and influence, and a former member of the Young Men's Christian Association." As our friend of the *Arizonan* is able to defend himself, we will let him do so. The MINER, and its friends—the "gamblers and pimps"—took ground against McCormick for the following reasons;

Because he was a carpet-bagger, who came to the Territory with a commission in his pocket Because, had he not received said commission, he would never have been heard of in Arizona. Because, shortly after his arrival here, he drew, from the Commissary at Fort Whipple, a big lot of provisions, which he promised to return in kind, and, not doing so, the soldiers of the garrison had to survive on half rations, or pay 40 cents per pound (gold) for hard bread that had been drawn from their stores. Because he sold most of said provisions at very high prices, pocketed the money, and, it is said, "bilked" the Government out of them. Because he has always played the grab-all, in this Territory, as instance his successful efforts at getting valuable franchises from the First Legislature. Because he employed his paper to puff himself, and abuse all who did not see fit to look upon him as a great, honest man. Because he injured the mining prospects of the Territory by selling a lot of wild-cat feet in New York. Because he never dealt squarely with laboring men and mechanics who have worked for him. Because he has swindled the Territory by making her pay printing bills, which he, as Secretary, should have taken (and we presume he did) out of the Government funds in his hands. Because he acted like a thief when he sat as one of the Board of Territorial Auditors, and audited his own accounts against the Territory. Because he impoverished the Territory by creating the useless and unnecessary offices of Attorney-General, Adjutant-General, etc., and filling them with his own creatures. Because he and Governor Goodwin started with Col. Woolsey, in a mining enterprise, promising to furnish a certain amount of money, which they never furnished, and which treachery on their part, was the cause of Col. Woolsey's ruin, as well as the ruin of many men who had worked for him, on the strength of the money promised by McCormick & Co. Because he is the chief of a clique that has ruled, robbed and misrepresented Arizona since 1863. Because he is a man of no public spirit, or patriotic impulse—never having, in his long career here, aided, to any great extent, schools, or expeditions to put down the Apaches. Because he has tampered with the U. S. Mails; by stopping their departure at the regular time, and keeping them over for partisan purposes. Because he had Postmaster White removed for having once refused to delay the departure of a mail for him. Because we have known his clique to use their influence upon military commanders, with such effect as to close military expresses against Judge Allyn and his friends, when that most loyal Republican gentleman was running against Goodwin for the Delegacy. Because he has injured the Territory by his efforts to dictate to military chieftains. Because he has been a silent partner with hay and grain contractors, who swindled the Government. Because he nursed the capital question, until he saw he had to use it in order to go to Congress, when he was a party to its sale to Tucson. Because this bargain and sale afterwards sent him to Congress. Because he would never have gone to Congress but for this salo of the capital, and the fraudulent votes which it secured for him. Because, claiming to be a Republican, he has, until recently, played the Conservative here, as witness his appointments to office; his advocacy of President Johnson and his policy; and his abuse of Republicans here. But, what else could be expected from a man who, in 1868, when he was Governor of the Territory, read a very mild message to the Legislature, and immediately after changed portions of that message, so as to denounce Democrats, and please Eastern Radicals. Of course, the mild, conservative message was circulated at home; the political one, at the East. Because he has never yet been elected to Congress by a fair vote. Because we had tried him as our Delegate two years, and lost mails, troops, etc., by the trial. Because he once favored the 35th Parallel route for a railroad; yes, advocated it as the best route, and is now more in favor of the 32d route than he ever was of the 35th. Because this change was brought about by the prospect of selling his franchises, by lots at San Diego, and other little mementoes. Because he has secured official appointments for bad men. Because he has not dealt squarely with the different sections of the Territory. Because he is a man of very little influence or force of character. Because he is the tool of all the corrupt men and rings in the Territory. Because, through his ignorance, or greed of power, he usurped authority belonging to the Legislature, and thereby established chaos and doubt where law and order formerly reigned.

These are a few of our reasons for never having supported Mr. McCormick, in the columns of the MINER, and the same reasons—we presume—have led our co-workers—"the gamblers and pimps"—as the *Bulletin* is pleased to term more than one-half the white people of Arizona, to oppose the little schemer, whose former connection with the Young Men's Christian Association of New York was alluded to in the late campaign, merely to show how he had fallen from grace.

The other assertion of the *Bulletin*, that McCormick "cleaned out the drunkards, the gamblers and the pimps," is equally devoid of truth, for most of those classes, at all events the unprincipled ones—were on his side and worked for him as they would have worked for any other unprincipled wretch who had money to pay them. It was virtue against vice, and we are sorry that vice won.

Bad Conduct of U. S. Soldiers.

The *Register*, a Radical paper of Winnemucca, Nevada, makes grave charges against Troop D, Third Cavalry. It accuses the officers and men of the troop of having recently created a reign of terror in its town, by shooting off pistols, breaking doors, windows, etc. Now, all this, if true, is disgraceful to the troop, the wrong-doers of which should not be allowed to go unpunished. There are, however, two sides to every story, and as the troop is on its way to this Territory, we may learn the other side.

Army Matters.

Major Samuel Ross, U. S. A., has been relieved from duty as Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Washington Territory. Captains J. B. Baldwin and A. D. Palmer have also been relieved from Indian duty.

The Omaha (Nebraska) *Herald*, of a recent date, is pleased to state that military headquarters will soon be erected in its city, the citizens having deeded land for that purpose. Wish we could say the same regarding Prescott and this Department?

HOUSEHOLD WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—Wheat flour weighs one pound to a quart. Indian meal, one pound two ounces to a quart. Butter, when soft, one pound to a quart. Loaf sugar, broken, one pound to a quart. Brown sugar, powdered, one pound one ounce to a quart. Eggs, average size, ten to a pound.

A Question of Veracity.

During the recent political canvass in this Territory, the MINER asserted that John Wasson, editor of Mr. McCormick's organ, was "fast writing himself down a great liar and blowhard." Since election, Mr. W. has taken exceptions to this mild remark of ours, and come back at us in the following style:

"Now, Marion, who is proxen a 'great liar and blowhard,' you or we? The people have decided that thou art the man."

Now, Mr. Wasson, much depends upon whom you call "the people." If you count among them the Sonorians, Indians, *et id genus omne*, who voted for McCormick, by the hundred, on the Colorado river, and elsewhere, we own up to having made a mistake in asserting our belief that Peter R. Brady would be elected to Congress. But, if you meant the legal voters of the Territory, when you said "the people," it is yet an open question whether we were even mistaken, much less guilty of lying.

But, laying this aside, for the present, we will proceed to quote from the columns of your own paper, in order to fasten upon you the stigma of being both a "liar and blowhard:"

In the very first number issued by you (October 15), you assert that "McCormick will beat Brady two to one." He hasn't done it, and this is lie and blow No. 1.

October 22d, you said a large majority of the better Democrats of Yavapai county were dissatisfied with "the convention's doings;" that "not even the delegates will stand the nominations, and will oppose the convention's doings." In this you were mistaken. Lie and blow No. 2.

In the same issue, you state that in 1868, Rush's friends tried to get Pima and Maricopa Indians to vote the Democratic ticket, and that five Indians were found with Rush tickets in their hands. But you forgot to state, or didn't know, that hundreds of Papago and other Indians voted for McCormick. Here, then, are lies and blows Nos. 3 and 4.

In your issue of October 29, you accused leading Democrats of Tucson of having written letters here, stating that Rush would carry Pima county by 400 majority. As no letter or letters to this effect were ever written, naught remains for us to do but to accuse you of lie No. 5.

In the same number and article you say, "Pima will give McCormick two votes to Brady's one." Now, she didn't do it, and lie No. 6 will have to be recorded against you. Again, you said McCormick had "obtained, by law, twelve new postal routes, and secured service on several." *Lies and blows 7 and 8.*

Again: "He (McCormick) is one of the largest tax-payers in the Territory." Lie No. 9.

Then: "Brady will get a very trifling vote in Yavapai, except on Salt river, and there not a majority" As he carried Salt river by 113 majority, and Yavapai by about 140 majority, it becomes our pleasant duty to proclaim you the father of lies Nos. 10 and 11.

November 5, you assert as follows:

"We are sure to carry Yavapai county. Nearly all the leading Democrats are with us."

Lies Nos. 12 and 13.

We might keep on quoting from your delectable sheet, but think we have done so, sufficiently, to establish your claim to the title, "Father of Lies," or "Greatest Liar and Blowhard in Arizona."

The Southern Pacific Railroad.

Carter's *Real Estate Record*, of a recent date, says:

We are in a position to state that work on the Southern Pacific Railroad is about to commence, and that it will be extended southward as rapidly as possible. We do not derive this information from idle rumor, but from one of the chief officers of the road, and it may therefore be relied upon.

"McCormick's Prairie Dog,"

Is the title we have heard applied to a very small individual who traveled through the Territory, recently, barking praises of his chief, and snarling at all who refused to be captivated by his performances, offers and prayers. The little fellow has gone back to his hole, in his village, where, "by Gad," he has to play second fiddle to bigger dogs.

PREVIOUS to election, one Geo. S. S. Curtis, of Prescott, who, we take it, must be on the scent of a "soft-snap," wrote to inform the San Diego *Bulletin* that McCormick would receive 175 votes in this precinct, all of which proves Mr. Curtis to be a mighty poor prophet, for out of 306 votes—the number polled here—McCormick received but 120.

THE *Alta California*, an Imperialist organ of San Francisco, goes into ecstacies over Federal interference in the recent election in New York, and wants the same thing to happen in San Francisco.

The Miner.

Prescott, Arizona Territory.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1870.

Single copies of the MINER can be purchased at the Postoffice.

Outrageous Falsehoods.

The attention of every good citizen of the Territory of Arizona, is directed to the following base falsehoods, and foul slanders, which appeared in Delegate McCormick's Tucson organ, of November 12th. These falsehoods and slanders, upon some of our best citizens, are now on their travels over the country, and will be used to blacken the fair fame of the Territory, and keep people from coming here. People of Arizona—of both parties—will you, can you by your silence, indorse these foul slanders. Leaders of the opposition against McCormick, make the vile slanderer swallow his lies. Let the scoundrel be denounced by the people of every town and settlement in Arizona, and the character of the people of this fair Territory vindicated from the stigma which lying carpet-bag officials have attempted to place upon it. Here are the charges, word for word;

"It is rare that we exult over a foe so badly beaten, but in a long experience in politics, we never encountered such a thoroughly bad opposition. It has had for its leaders murderers, those banished from other Territories by popular and just fury, itinerant vagabonds and bummers that in well regulated communities would have been arrested as vicious vagrants, unparalleled liars, &c., &c. They have hesitated at circulating nothing that depraved minds could conceive, which they imagined would misrepresent and damage their opponents, and mislead the people. The better the man, the more falsely and malignantly they assailed him. They boasted of theft which they did not commit, but which they believed they had. They started out by threats of killing and violent crushing of one and another kind. They wholly avoided manly or even ordinary opposition. What they did not do or say to carry their points, they failed to think of."

WASSON, McCormick's *valet*, says free trade with Mexico would destroy the business and property of every farmer south of the Gila. Then, why not stop the McCormickites of Tucson from trading with Sonora, and smuggling goods through her Territory. Again, it is a pity that McCormick didn't take this "statesmanlike" view of the question when he was in Sonora, negotating for free trade?

Radical Dodge.

The defeated Radicals of Nevada are hugging the delusion that they can corrupt the Government officials engaged in running boundary lines, so as to place Pioche City, which gave a Democratic majority, in Utah, and then, mind you, Fitch and others would be elected. What fair-minded chaps these Radicals must be?

Vexations.

We are out of all patience with some of the men who handle and carry U. S. mails. Letter after letter reaches us from subscribers, complaining that their papers do not reach them. One from Geo. A. Johnson & Co., Fort Yuma, is to the effect that a copy of the MINER had not been received for two weeks previous to November 27. Another from Camp McDowell, says no MINERS were received there last week. Now, this is aggravating to us and our subscribers, and we beg McCormick's postmasters to cease stabbing us in this way. It is cowardly.

Better Prospects Ahead---More Recruits Coming.

We learn, from reliable sources, that about 300 more recruits are now on their way to the Territory, and the knowledge thereof pleases us mightily, for we know that the companies now here will then be pretty well filled up, and able to do something in the way of scouting and fighting.

INDIAN SUPERINTENDENCIES CONSOLIDATED.—Col. B. C. Whiting, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for California and Arizona, has just received a notification from the Interior Department that the Indian Superintendency of Nevada had been discontinued and the charge of the Indians in that State transferred to the California Superintendent. This Consolidation is probably made from motives of economy, and does away with considerable expense of officials. The labor of the California Superintendent will be increased, without, however, any additional cost to the Government.—*Alta.*

All very fine, Mother *Alta*. Economy is a great thing, isn't it. But, pray, who is this Mr. B. C. Whiting, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for California and *Arizona*? We would like to see him here, and, so would his red wards. Send him along.

A King, at Last.

Old Spain has a brand new King, in the person of the Duke of Aosta, who was proclaimed by the President of the Cortes, on the 17th ult. Not being acquainted with Mr. Aosta, we cannot say more regarding him than that he has secured a good, paying job, provided it lasts a long time.

Can't Publish.

The "Universal Peace Union of America" has issued a long appeal for peace between France and Germany, a copy of which we have received, with a request to publish.

Now, we can't find space in our paper for the publication of so long an appeal, and shall not trouble ourself with the document and its authors further than to remind the latter that their time and money might be applied, at home, with better results. Why can't the "Universal Peace Union of America," appeal to the United States Government to establish peace in Territories, whose people have long suffered—are now suffering—from Indian wars? France and Prussia will soon grow tired fighting, and stop it of their own accord. But, our savage foes love bloodshed and robbery so well, that we doubt if even an appeal from the "Universal Peace Union of America," to unstring their bows, would have much effect upon them.

Another ex-Arizonan who wishes to Return.

Our friend Joe Marr, of Camp Verde, has forwarded us a letter which he recently received from Thad Adams, a former resident of this county, who, with his wife, (for Thad is a married man), resides at Shawnee Town, Kansas. In this letter, Mr. Adams says: "I have everything that ought to make a man happy, but I am not contented here, and never will be until I get back to Arizona Don't know what the attractions are; can't express them, but I would rather live there (in Arizona) than in any other place I have ever seen."

This is the sentiment of all old Arizonans who have ever left the Territory. They all want to come back.

"An Old Indian Fighter."

The Kansas City (Missouri) *Times* got hold of one of the above "cataracters," a short time ago, and reports him as having said that he hailed from Arizona; had a house full of Indian wives and a ten acre lot of children. He gave his name as John Forbisher, and we rather guess he "played" the *Times* reporter.

THE TUCSON *Citizen* is the title of a new Republican paper started at Tucson, the capital of Arizona Territory, by John Wasson, Esq., formerly of this place. The *Citizen* is a live paper, and goes after the secesh Democracy, the rebs, bushwhackers and Apaches with a sharp stick.—*Humboldt (Nevada) Register.*

We publish this puff of our contemporary free of cost, so as to sound the praise it gets from abroad, at home, among the "secesh Democracy, the Rebs, Bushwhackers and Apaches," who will, of course, pass in their playthings, so soon as they learn that John Wasson is after them with a sharp stick.

Lieutenant Elting's Scout.

[COMMUNICATED]

On the 22d day of November last, Lieut. Oscar Elting, 3d U. S. Cavalry, with the veteran guide, Dan O'Leary, Dr. Malcolm, Surgeon, and 25 enlisted men left Camp Hualpai in pursuit of the Indians who had stolen the stock from the Willows—mentioned in the last number of the MINER. The trail of the Indians led easterly, and although it was supposed that the marauders were Apache-Mohaves, the irregularity of their trail, showing their ignorance of the country over which they traveled, furnished convincing proof that the red devils belonged to some eastern tribe. The party were supplied with 12 days' rations, but extending their pursuit to 16 days, they were somewhat hungry upon their return. While returning, they discovered that the wily redskins had followed on Lieut. Elting's outgoing trail and almost entirely obliterated it. The trail crossed Granite Creek below the Point of Rocks, and continued through the gap in the Black Hills, crossing the Verde near the mouth of Tonto Creek, thence towards Tonto Basin. It is a pity that Lieut. Elting did not have sufficient rations, for there is scarcely a doubt but that he would have recovered most of the stock stolen, and diminished the number of hostile Indians to a considerable extent, for the Lieutenant is brave and energetic, and has fought Indians before. His gallant pursuit of the White Mountain Apaches in 1868, when they stole the Government herd from Fort Selden, N. M., is evidence that he is at least willing.

C.

This scout was one of the hardest—if not *the* hardest—made by troops in this portion of the Territory for a long time past, as will be admitted by all who are acquainted with the country. Besides the soldiers, there were with the Lieutenant, several citizens. East of the Verde, plenty of Indians were seen and heard, high up on the mountains and *mesas*, where it was impossible to reach them. Soldiers and citizens suffered considerably from having to sleep out without sufficient covering. —[ED. MINER.]

Industrial Exhibition.

The Eighth Industrial Exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco, will be opened August 10th, 1871. Hope some citizen or citizens of Arizona will commence now, making mineral and other collections, for this fair.

Legal Tenders.

Latest quotations are as follows: Buying, 90; selling, 90¼.

Late War News—The Situation.

Some sharp fighting has taken place between the French Army of the Loire, under de Paladines, and the Prussians, under Prince Frederick Charles. But, as will be seen, by the late news published below, clouds of defeat were hovering over doomed Paris.

We condense from telegrams published in the Los Angeles *News*:

A London dispatch of the 25th says:

"The Germans were defeated near Mazieres yesterday."

An American steamer had left England with arms for the French.

The Prussian Parliament, sitting at Versailles, France, had asked for one hundred million thalers to bring the war to a close.

Lord Granville, British Prime Minister, had tendered his resignation, on account of the Russian question.

Russia does not wish war, but is still averse to the Paris treaty.

The French were unsuccessful in recent sorties from Paris.

A Prussian account of Nov. 29th, says the French had been repulsed at Beaune, with severe loss.

Garibaldi had been defeated at Pasquez.

Gen. Keatry had resigned, in face of the Prussians.

New York, Nov. 29.—The World's Tours cable dispatch says, yesterday the right wing of the army of Loire repulsed previous attempts of the enemy to turn its flank, advanced to Gien and Montargis, and then commenced a movement toward Pithiviers. In combination with the advance of the right, the centre of the army at Anteney advanced to the same point. While these movements were being made, detachments of the enemy were in every case driven towards Beaune. At 2 P. M. the enemy massed 40,000 men. The French attacked the Prussians from the south, capturing two guns. At nightfall the Germans seemed to be retreating further north.

Versailles, Nov. 30.—At Beaune, on the 28th, the main body of the French attempted to force a passage towards Fontainbleu, by a heavy attack They encountered the tenth Prussian corps at Beaune, reinforced by the fifth infantry. The French were repulsed with heavy losses in dead, wounded and prisoners, especially the latter. The army of Loire consequently withdrew

Versailles, Nov. 30.—It appears that the greater party of the army of Loire was engaged against the 10th Prussian corps at Beaune. The defeat was complete One thousand killed were left on the field by the French, with 1700 wounded and prisoners already, and the number continues to increase. Versailles is much excited.

Versailles, Nov. 30.—On Monday and Tuesday a cannonade was maintained by the Paris forts, followed by sorties in force supported by gunboats, in the direction of La Hay, the position of the 6th Prussian corps. Simultaneously other sorties were made in other directions, which were all repulsed, with a loss of sixteen hundred French prisoners. The Prussian loss was seven officers and one hundred men.

The French were beaten near Amiens, and fled in disorder towards Arras. Four French guns were taken.

A London dispatch of Nov. 30, says:

A terrible battle has been going on since noon, and is still raging at 6 o'clock,

The army of the Loire is retreating from its position. Force uncertain. Seventeen thousand prisoners have been taken.

Brussels, Nov. 30.—The French army of the North has abandoned the project of joining the army of the Loire and is retiring on Lille without even holding Arras.

New York, Dec. 1.—A London special says that the rumor of the early surrender of Paris is evidently believed in the city. The excitement at Stock Exchange is very great. Complications thicken and a dissolution of the Ministry seems inevitable.

It is believed that a a great battle is going on to-day at Paris.

French cable still works fairly westward, but up to this hour nothing has been received confirming the reported capitulation of Paris. It is undoubtedly a canard.

Berlin, Nov. 30.—The Queen has received the following dispatch from King William:

Tuesday, Nov. 30.—Frederick Charles reports a complete defeat of the army of the Loire in Monday's battle. 1,000 French were wounded, and 4,800 taken prisoners. Palladine is reported wounded. The German loss is 1,000.

London, Nov. 30.—The *Globe* publishes an account of the capitulation of the army of Loire. The report is not believed. A Paris letter represents the French prospect as very gloomy.

Tours, Nov. 30.—Reports of French successes at Orleans are credited.

London, Nov. 30.—Austria, England and Italy all accept the proposal for a conference.

Invite Capital, Labor, Etc.

We hold it to the highest duty of our people to invite capitalists and laborers to come here and examine our Territory. Let outsiders know that we have in Arizona something besides Indians, and they will come with their money and labor. There is not, in all this broad Territory, a white man who has not friends and acquaintances somewhere who would like to better their condition and lay foundations for future fortunes in a new country, like this, which, all know, has a prosperous future in store for it. Why not, then, tell people living at a distance about the chances for making money here by mining, farming, stock-raising, trading, etc., and invite them to come?

From the South.

From the Tucson papers of the 26th, we learn that McCormick had gone to Washington, *via* New Mexico; that Lieutenants Cushing and Bourke, and their command, had returned, that Lazard & Yerkes' steam saw-mill, near Camp Crittenden, had been burned; that Governor Safford had some more guns and school-books to distribute, and that anti-McCormickites, of Prescott and vicinity will soon have an immense printing establishment here at Prescott, with which they hope to kill the MINER. Bah!

THIRTY-FIFTH PARALLEL ROUTE.

The Shortest and Best Route from the Southern and Southwestern States to the States and Territories of the Pacific.

The Only Route Over Which Large Trains and Herds of Stock Can be Driven, Without Suffering and Loss, from Lack of Food and Drink.

Plenty of Grass, Water and Wood on the Entire Route.

Now, that the new wagon-road from Prescott, Arizona, to Albuquerque, and Santa Fe, New Mexico, is completed, and open to travel, we desire to make public the facts that the distance between the Rio Grande and California has been shortened nearly one hundred miles by said road; that the entire route, which passes near the Thirty-fifth Parallel, is, in every respect, far superior to any other southern route, for the reasons that the whole region of country through which it passes, is blessed with a mild, healthy climate; is well supplied with good water, grass and wood; is partially free from hostile Indians, and is, besides, nearly, if not quite 300 miles shorter than any other known Southern route.

Hereafter, Prescott, and all the towns, settlements and military posts of Northern Arizona will receive their supplies from the East, over this route, and we expect to see a steady stream of emigration and large droves of stock pass over it. As high as 1,200 head of cattle have been driven, in one band, over the old route, *via* the San Francisco Mountain, and as the new route is better supplied with water than the old, twice that number of stock can be driven over it, and find plenty of water, in the dryest season of the year, as will be seen by the following

ITINERARY OF DISTANCES, ETC.,

which we have compiled from Government explorations and other reliable sources:

Starting from Albuquerque, New Mexico, (on the Rio Grande river), where all roads from the end of the Kansas Pacific Railway, (which, at present, is about 450 miles east of Albuquerque) unite, as well as those from Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and the other Southern States, the road strikes west, to the first camping place,

	Miles.	
Rio Puerco Summit,	14	water, grass and wood scarce.
Mouth of El Rito	13	" " " "
Sheep Springs,	13	plenty of poor water, good grass and some wood.
El Rito	8	" good water, grass good, no wood.
Laguna (Lake and Indian town)	8	" " grass, water and wood.
Cuero, (Mexican town)	8	" " " "
Remances (picket post)	14	" " " "
Old Fort Wingate,	10	" " " "
*Agua Azul,	12	water scarce in dry season, grass and water plenty.
Navajo Pass (Summit of Rocky Mountains)	22	fine pine timber, water and grass plenty.
Inscription Rock,	18	water in tanks, scarce in dry season, grass and wood.
Fish Springs,	14	plenty good water and grass, wood scarce near camp.
Zuni Creek,	9	" " " grass and wood.
Zuni Indian Villages,	5	" " " "
Jacob's Well,	25	plenty of poor water, good grass, wood scarce.
Navajo Springs,	7	" fair water, grass plenty, wood scarce.
Signal Hill,	5	water scarce in dry season, wood and grass plenty.
Lithodendrom Creek,	13	plenty of water by digging 2 feet in bed of creek, grass and wood scarce.
Little Colorado, (Mouth of Navajo Creek)	15	plenty of water, grass and wood
Sunset Crossing (Road follows east bank)	35	" " " "
New camping place,	8	" " " no wood.
Opdyke's Tank,	15	plenty wood, water and grass.
Chavez Pass,	15	plenty wood, and grass, no water
Jaycox's Tanks	6	" " water and grass.
Hawley's Springs,	6	" " " "
Bean's Springs	2	" " " "
Simon's Springs,	1	" " " "
Owen's Lake,	7	" " " "
Shafer's Tank,	8	" " " "
Beaver Creek,	12	" " " "
Verde River,	10	" " " "
Wild Cherry Creek,	15	" " " "
Ash Creek,	9	" " " "
Lerty's Ranch (two roads)	9	" " " "
†Crossing of Granite Creek,	12	" " " "
American Ranch,	10	running water most of the year, grass, wood plenty.
Williamson Valley,	13	wood, water and grass in abundance.
Camp Hualpai,	15	" " " "
Oaks and Willows,	13	" " " " good place for recruiting stock.
Anvil Rock, (on Muddy)	9	
Fort Rock,	15	wood, water and grass in abundance, (Ranch).
Willow Grave,	9	" " " "
Cottonwood Creek,	5	" " " "
Tanks,	8	water scarce in dry season, plenty of grass and wood.
Wallapai Springs,	13	wood, grass and water plenty.
Beale's Springs,	14	" " " "
Coyote Springs,	2	plenty of water and grass (wood for camping).
Union Pass Station,	16	toll-gate and station—fine water, grass and wood.
West of Summit,	2	spring and running water, grass and wood.
Colorado River, (good ford)	11	plenty of water, grass and wood for camp purposes.
Hardyville (ferry) 6 miles above Ft Mohave	3	
Pinte Springs,	22	big stream of water, fair grass, wood.
Rock Springs,	18	water plenty in well, grass and wood plenty.
Government Wells,	3	water scarce, grass and wood plenty.
Marl Springs,	19	water and wood plenty, grass scarce.
Soda Lake,	33	water and grass plenty, wood scarce.
Caves,	21	Mohave river—water, wood and grass plenty.
Camp Cady,	14	Ranch—water, wood and grass plenty
Forks of Road,	10	" " " " "
Fish Ponds,	12	" " " " "
Cottonwood,	18	" " " " "
Lane's	12	" " " " "
Upper Crossing Mohave River,	7	" " " " "
Upper Toll-gate at Cajon Pass,	19	" wood and water plenty, grass scarce.
Martin's Ranch, (12 miles to S Bernardino)	9	" wood, water and grass plenty.
Cocamonga Ranch,	15	" " " "
San Jose Ranch,	8	" " " "
Mud Springs,	4	" " " "
El Monte,	15	" " " "
Los Angeles,	10	" " " "
Total,	680	

Road for Fort Whipple, Prescott, Wickenburg, La Paz, Ehrenberg and Arizona City, leave this route at Lerty's Ranch, and will be found first-rate, for persons wishing to settle at those places, or to enter that portion of California of which San Diego is the chief town.

As Prescott is also connected with Phœnix, Florence and Tucson, by a good wagon-road, persons wishing to go to Southern Arizona, can do so by following this wagon-road.

New Magazine.

We have received No. 1, vol. 1, of "The California Horticulturist and Floral Magazine," a monthly publication devoted to the cultivation of trees, flowers, fruits and vegetables, and to landscape, ornamental and market gardening. Published by F. A. Miller & Co., 418 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal., and by them furnished to subscriber at $4 per year. Having glanced over its contents, and found them new and to the point, we cannot but think that there is room on this coast for this new publication, and that it will fill a very worthy field.

Colorado Steam Navigation Co.

FORT YUMA, Cal., Nov. 9, 1870.

A. J. Finlay is hereby appointed Agent of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company, at Yuma, in place of E. D. Tuttle, resigned.

A. POLHAMUS, Jr.
Superintendent.

nv26t3

AUCTION SALE.

Furniture, Bedding, Wearing Apparel, etc.

Will be sold, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1870, in front of R. Meacham's Store, Prescott, all the Personal Property belonging to the late Ellen L. Stackhouse, consisting of Fine Furniture, Bedding, Wearing Apparel, Jewelry, etc., among which are two beautiful Japanese Cabinet Boxes, and a splendid Ladies' Gold Watch and Chain. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M.

Prescott, November 23, 1870. nv26t3

AZTLAN LODGE, No. 177, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on the last Saturday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

Sojourning brethren are fraternally invited to attend.

G. W. CURTIS, W. M.

E. W. WELLS, Secretary.

I. O. O. F., ARIZONA LODGE, NO. 1.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on Wednesday Evenings, at Masonic Hall. Members of the Order, in good standing, are invited to attend.

T. S RUFF, N. G.

E. J. COOK, R. S.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of A. G. DUNN, Deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YAVAPAI, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same to the undersigned, administrator, at Prescott, in said county, within one year from this date.

All persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to save costs.

B. A. HUSSEY,
Administrator.

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 26, 1870
nv26m1

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
COUNTY OF YAVAPAI,

County warrants, Numbers, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, and 87, and Jail Bonds, Numbers 76, 77, 78, and 79, will be paid upon presentation at this office. Interest will cease from date.

WILLIAM CORY,
Treasurer.

Prescott, A. T., Dec. 2, 1870.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to C. A. Luke, and to the firm of C. A. Luke & Co., are respectfully requested to settle their accounts without delay.

C. A. LUKE & CO.

Prescott, December 3, 1870. d3t2

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

The Prescott Quadrille Band respectfully announce that they will give a ball at Dr. Moeller's Saloon, on Friday night, December 23d. No pains will be spared to make this the ball of the season. A general invitation is extended to all.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

J. P. Hargrave, R. E. Elliott, E. J. Cook, J. L. Taylor, J. H. Behan, J. H. Marion, Prescott; A. Barnett, Wickenburg; P. Gabriel, Kirkland Valley; R. Postle, China Valley.

FLOOR MANAGERS:

G. D. Kendall, J. P. Hargrave, S. C. Miller.

TICKETS:—$12 00, including supper.

Prescott, December 3, 1870.

STOLEN---$50.00 REWARD.

Stolen from J. D. Price's wood camp, December 1st, a bay Horse, with white legs and bald face, branded I C on left shoulder. A reward of $50.00 will be paid for the return of this horse and the apprehension and conviction of the thief.

J. D. PRICE.

Prescott Dec 2 1870

The Miner.

Local Intelligence.

PRESCOTT, December 10, 1870.

SAUCY REDSKINS.

We have heretofore spoken of the acts of a party of Indians that recently visited the settlements in Chino Valley, twenty miles north of Prescott, but we did not relate half their mean, saucy doings, after they had become aware that their outrageous demands for provisions would not—could not—be complied with. They actually insulted the women, and tried to force their way into the house in which the women and children had taken refuge, but were pushed back by Messrs. Postle and Farrington. After being pushed back, they flourished their guns and knives, and some of them pulled the strings of their bows so savagely that they made them ring. They would have attacked the house but for fear of Postle, who stood by a port-hole, through which they saw him, standing beside a pile of loaded weapons, which they well knew he would shoot at them, if the worst came to the worst.

At one house, a double-breasted savage picked up a dirty old meat sack, and threw it on the verandah. The owner of the house picked it up and threw it away. The Indian threw it back. Again the owner of the house threw it off, and again did Mr. Savage throw it back. By this time, the white man became a little riled, and threw the old sack as far as he could, into the corral. Mr. Indian darted after it, brought it back, and, we are informed, actually threw it in the white man's face! Our readers can imagine the feelings of this man, but he did not resent the insult, well knowing that by doing so, his own life, as well as the lives of his wife and children, and of every person in the valley, would be sacrificed, for the savages were in force, well armed, and very determined. After leaving the houses, they called at the camp of some Texan cattle men, and forced them to kill a fat ox for them. These savages, let it be remembered, called themselves "good Apache-Mohaves!"

Advertise, Advertise!

A glance at the advertising columns of the papers published in this Territory of Arizona cannot fail to impress strangers with the belief that there is mighty little business transacted in the Territory, and but few live, energetic business men. This is not the case, however, although it may, and does, seem so. The most charitable, if not the most truthful, excuse we can make for this lack of spirit, enterprise, or whatever you wish to call it, among many of our business men, is that they are too bashful to tell people, through the press, what they have for sale. We hope this bashfulness will not grow on them, or stick to them much longer. But, for fear it should, we advise purchasers to look well to the advertising columns of the papers, and buy from those who patronize them the most liberally, for, of a truth, those business men who help support the papers by making known their business, and advertising what they have for sale, or trade, or what they wish to purchase, are the most liberal dealers, and the truest friends of the Territory.

The Holidays will soon be upon us, when every person will have more or less money to spend, and we hope to see some show of spirit, on the part of "bashful" business men, in this matter of advertising.

Stephen Girard used to say in his old age: I have always considered advertising liberally and long to be the great medium of success in business, and the prelude to wealth. And I have made it an invariable rule, too, to advertise in the dullest times as well as in the busiest, long experience having taught me that money thus spent is well laid out, as by keeping my business continually before the public, it has secured many sales that I otherwise would have lost."

From Phœnix.

Scarcely a week passes that we are not called upon to chronicle something new, regarding the growing settlements on Salt River, in this county, all of which settlements are known and come under the name "Phœnix," which name, if we are correctly informed, was given the place by Fred. Heary and Jack. W. Swilling, several years ago. The valley—one of the largest, most productive on the Pacific coast—was once the seat of Empire of the semi-civilized Indians of Arizona, as the numerous ruins of houses, water ditches, cooking utensils, etc., attest, and it may be that the seat of government of the Territory will soon be located there. Besides its agricultural resources—which are unexcelled here or elsewhere—it has great manufacturing resources, and, as manufactories must soon be established at proper points in this Territory, their founders will be certain to pay due attention to the latent power of the immense volume of water which flows down Salt River, past Phœnix.

In order to show how the Salt river settlements are progressing, we print the following extract from a private letter recently received from J. T. Alsap:

"We are having our town of Phœnix laid out, and I shall probably send you an advertisement, before long for the sale of lots. The farmers are pretty busy putting in their crops now. The sweet-potatoe crop is being harvested now and is turning off well. Some enterprising vines that were trying to get up a second crop of grapes, this season, were nipped by the frost about a week ago. The first crop was good for a first one.

Flour Transaction.

We have been informed that Levi Bashford, one of the solid merchants of Prescott, has bargained with Bowers & Bro., owners of the Agua Frio mill, for 75,000 lbs of flour at $12 (gold) per cwt.

Passengers.

Grant's stage—Tom Donovan, conductor, arrived from the outside world, early Thursday evening, with male and female passengers, and Uncle Sam's mails. Below will be found names of passengers, etc.:

Col. M. D. Dobbins, from San Bernardino to La Paz; I. H. Dawley, to Ehrenberg; Judge Isham Reivis, to La Paz; H. Bunker, to Wickenburg; Dr. R. Cutler, to Prescott. There also came up two females.

Military Matters.

First Lieutenant E. W. Stone, A. A. A. G., who, for a long time past, has had his hands full, transacting the business of the Department, at headquarters, deserves the thanks of this community for the promptness with which he issued orders for troops from Camps Verde and Hualpai, to chase the savages who had robbed the people of Willow Grove, and Williamson Valley, also, the red wretches who acted so overbearingly to the helpless white people of Chino Valley. Now, that active operations have been commenced in this section, we hope to see them kept up all winter; yes, until the red fiends are subjugated or exterminated.

Lieutenant Oscar Elting and party reached Fort Whipple Tuesday last, and started for Camp Hualpai early Thursday morning. A full account of the hard scout made by the Lieutenant and his party, will be found elsewhere in to-days paper.

At latest dates from Camp Verde, Captain Monahan and his command of about sixty men were still chasing the aborigines. Hope success has, ere this, crowned their efforts. The Captain is said to be an energetic officer.

Lieutenant Kraszynski, 12th Infantry, arrived here on the morning of Wednesday last, from Camp Mohave, with 31 fine-looking recruits for Captain Perkins company F, of the Twelfth Infantry. Chaplain Gilmore accompanied the Lieutenant and party to Fort Whipple, where he now is. Should he remain at Whipple, he will, no doubt, preach an occasional sermon to our citizens.

Lieutenant W. L. Sherwood, now in command of Fort Whipple, has informed us that the horses of M, Troop, Third Cavalry, are again in fair condition, and that the troop will soon be able to take the field. By the way, it is rumored here that Whipple is to be stripped of all cavalry, and the people of this, the most dangerous section of the Territory, left without any protection except such as they can furnish one another. We hope not.

Captain R. F. O'Beirne, the gentlemanly commander of Camp Date Creek, and Lieutenant Fred. H E Ebstein, post quartermaster and commissary at the same post, arrived here early this week, attended to their business, and departed for home yesterday morning. Lieutenant Ebstein is an old newspaper man, and was delighted at seeing the inside of a printing office again. Captain O'Beirne formerly acted as private Secretary to General Cass, and it is needless to say that he cherishes the memory of the departed statesman.

We have heard said that Captain Van Vliet has gone into the Wallapai country, to have a talk with the chiefs of that tribe.

Dr. Farnsworth, A. A Surgeon at Camp Date Creek, has forwarded his resignation.

Returned.

Company F, 12th Infantry, Maj. Perkins commanding, has returned to Fort Whipple, having completed the new road to Camp McDowell. Now is the time for our citizens to show their appreciation of those men and the good work they have performed.

Sour Transaction.

One thousand gallons of concentrated vinegar—condemned at Fort Whipple—were, one day this week, purchased by C. C. Bean for $100,00, and he is now at a loss to know what to do with the sour stuff, and how to get his money back. Start a temperance bar, friend Bean.

Row in a Dance House.

Saturday night last, a row took place in a dance-house, in the suburbs of this town, during which a man by the name of Drum, received several dangerous stabs in the head. His wounds were dressed, and, although his life was at one time despaired of, he is now improving slowly, under the care of Dr. McCandless.

From Camp McDowell.

In a letter of December 1st, our Camp McDowell correspondent informs us that four government wagons had arrived there, over the new road, from Prescott——Col Sanford was about ready to start on a scout.——Apaches were plenty in the vicinity——A Mexican had overtaken the Indians who had stolen cattle from Phœnix, and took eleven head from them.——The health of the post was good.

Mining News.

The news from the various mining districts is meagre, and being crowded for space, we will merely state that the Big Bug and Vulture mills, and the arastras at Walnut Grove, are working away. Work upon mines in Martinez, Bradshaw and other districts is going on. Our miners are looking forward to a prosperous mining season, and we hope they will not be disappointed.

The Good Time Coming.

The time when the struggling pioneers of this section of Arizona will be enabled to eat cheap bread, is at hand, and glad are we that it is. Flour has "come down," as will be seen by the advertisement of Bichard & Co., in another column. Mr. Summers, chief business man of the firm, has just arrived here from their mill, thirty-four miles above Pima Villages, on the Gila River, with 40,000 lbs of excellent flour, which is now for sale at their depot, in this town, by Thomas Cordiz, who has been appointed agent for the firm, at this place. Having seen some of the flour, we can and do willingly recommend it.

Indians.

Mr. Garretsee, of the Sterling mine, was in town yesterday morning, and informed us that the woods south of Prescott are filled with Indians. They visited Mountain ranch, recently, and finding nobody there, amused themselves by shooting arrows into the roofs of the houses, the windows, etc.

Going Over to the Cavalry.

Second Lieutenant W. L. Sherwood, 21st Infantry, is about to become a bold trooper, he having expressed a desire to join that arm of the service.

Two Indians were killed by Lieutenant Cushing's command, on the late scout.

A Brave People.

It is an undeniable and well-established fact, that the old settlers of this Territory—men and women—are "the bravest of the brave." Were such not the case, they would not have remained in the Territory so long, and braved all danger from "savage foes." We have known white women to take their guns and defend themselves against Indians; and recently, at Chino Valley, when danger stared the settlers in the face, the women showed no symptoms of cowardice. On the contrary, some of them showed a disposition to "stand by their guns," and help their husbands defend their lives and property.

When the early history of this Territory comes to be written up, the historian will have to devote a goodly portion of his time to a recital of the heroic acts of its pioneers.

Improvements.

Levi Bashford has recently made many costly improvements on his store, north side of the plaza, which now looks full, neat and complete.

L. B. Jewell is having wings, additions, etc., attached to his residence on Goodwin street, and as such luxuries cost like the Old Harry, he wants people to understand that he is bound to get his money back, before the Holidays are over, if he has to sell his extensive stock of jewelry, watches and clocks, for less than cost. Think of this, married people, belles and beaux, and make a raid on Jewell.

Military Items.

Private Jas. Gough, of the General Service Detachment at Department Headquarters, has been made a sergeant.

The order transferring private Wm. Raymond from E troop to G troop, Third Cavalry, has been approved.

Sargeant Ferdinand Engel, late General Service Clerk at Col. Stoneman's headquarters, has been honorably discharged the service, and is now a citizen of Prescott.

Social Party.

A. C. Williamson, of Willow Valley, who is known, far and wide, for being a good cook, neat housekeeper, and whole-souled individual, gave a very pleasant entertainment, one day last week, to a large party of Prescott people, among whom were Mrs. John P. Bourke, Mrs. C. A. Luke, Mrs. D. C. Thorne, Mrs. Cassidy, Miss Zaff, and several other celestial beings. Were we a single female woman, with a large family of orphan children, we should bait our hook for Williamson, he is such a nice man, and so handy to have about the house.

Engaged.

Our Imp entered the office late Thursday night, and sang out, "John, do you want an item?" "In course, boy," we answered. "Then," said he, "you can state that I have visited every house in town, in which a female angel resides; have asked all the dear creatures to accompany me to the Christmas eve dance, and found that all except Miss G—n were engaged, and, by all that's fat, she's too lean a take, and too much of a man for me."

Returned.

Robert Postle and family have returned to their home in Chino Valley. Previous to starting, Mr. Postle called on Lieutenant Stone, and received a promise that, hereafter, troops would be kept scouting, continually, and all the protection possible afforded the ranchmen of our northern valleys.

Shipment of Wool.

Campbell & Buffum, of Prescott, have recently shipped to California, three thousand pounds of nice clean wool, which they recently clipped from their fine drove of sheep, in Chino Valley. We believe this is the first shipment of wool ever made from Arizona.

The Weather.

It rained and snowed a little Sunday night last, and has been threatening to let down more, ever since. The nights have been quite cool—days pleasant.

Gone Below.

Judge Wm J. Berry, Register of the Land office at this place, O. H. Case, Civil Engineer, and A. D Holstein, started for the Gila and Salt River settlements Wednesday afternoon, to attend to land matters for the settlers.

Another Man Shot and Killed.

Word was received at Fort Whipple, late last week, that Dr J C. Handy, Contract Surgeon at Camp Thomas, in the eastern part of this county, had shot and killed Mr. Hughey, sutler at that post. A woman—we are told—was at the bottom of the affair. Hope the matter will undergo proper legal investigation.

From Skull Valley.

John Dickson and Ed. F. Bowers arrived in town Wednesday morning, from Skull Valley. They saw no Indians on the way. Some of the farmers had commenced ploughing. It had rained and snowed a little in Skull and Kirkland Valleys.

Reward.

J. D. Price offers fifty dollars reward for a horse recently taken from him by some thief. See advertisement.

Gone to La Paz.

Our fellow-townsman, Judge H. H. Carter, started by stage for La Paz, the county seat of Yuma, Saturday last. The Judge will attend Court there, and then start for the Capital, to attend his Legislative duties.

Auction Sale.

John M. Rountree had a large crowd around him Saturday last, who bid, spiritedly, upon articles belonging to J. C. Graham, which John was selling, by auction. As all the things were not sold, there will be another sale to day.

Personal, Etc.

Henry Justro, who has been to California purchasing a stock of goods, returned home Thursday evening. Some of his goods are now on the way. He made the trip from Los Angeles in eight days, in a buggy. We have to thank him for having procured us several new advertisements, which will appear next week.

Lieutenant Mulford and Dr. Pope, of Camp Hualpai, were in town yesterday, and with Lieutenant Sherwood and D. Henderson, honored us with a visit.

Dr. R. Cutler, of Los Angeles, who comes highly recommended as a professional dentist, arrived in Prescott by Thursday night's coach, and will soon open an office here.

Dirty Discourse.

If half what we have heard in relation to Miss Garrison's last Sunday evening's discourse, at the Court room, be true, that woman ought to be arrested for being a public nuisance. The subjects treated of, and the language said to have been used, were filthy in the extreme, and, of course, not fit to be heard.

McCORMICK'S TRAVELS, from St. Paul's to St. Sophia, tells us that Sir Isaac Newton discovered the great moral and voracious fact that, if the moon were connected with the earth by a string of bologne sausages, a good acrobat could eat his way to the moon, and Newton Cole, a citizen of Prescott, has just made the discovery that R. E. Elliott's house, in this town, rests on sound sleepers, so he has recently fitted it up as a lodging-house, and will be but too happy to accommodate sleepy men—snorers included—with clean, comfortable beds, for a consideration.

MR. COHEN, of the firm of Newmark & Co, Los Angeles, California, is, at present, in Prescott.

D. HAZARD'S freight train, arrived in Prescott, yesterday, from the end of the Kansas Pacific Railroad.

Boots, Shoes, etc.

John Laughlin's new establishment on Montezuma street is now one of the neatest in town. The front room is well filled with ready-made boots shoes, gaiters, etc., for ladies', childrens' and gentlemens' wear also, material for new work. All these articles having been selected with great care, by Mr Laughlin, while in San Francisco recently, it is almost useless to inform the people of Arizona, for whom they were purchased, that they are of good quality, and that all, from the youngest to the oldest, can be fitted and suited by calling upon John.

His workshop in the rear of the salesroom, is one of the busiest places in Prescott, good workmen being constantly employed, making and repairing to order.

His prices will be found to be in accordance with the times, and we advise our friends to call at John's, and get a good, comfortable fit. nov19tf.

For Everybody.

Our ancient and honorable friend, N. Beardslee, arrived in town yesterday morning, from El Monte, Los Angeles county, California with two wagons, which were loaded to the guards with excellent green apples, eggs, bacon, honey, lard, dried peaches and other good things, which he is offering for sale, very cheap, at his old stand in the Prescott House, Granite street, where he will be pleased to see and wait upon his old friends and the public. He has also for sale two good horses, a wagon and the best span of mules ever brought to this Territory. Call and see the old gentleman. nov19tf.

Farmers and Gardeners, Attention.

Do you want to buy seeds and plants that you may surely rely on? Go to Sevin Vincent & Co., the well-known Seed Dealers, 607 Sansome St., between Washington and Jackson Streets, San Francisco, and Brooklyn, Alameda county. Mr Sevin Vincent is the only Seed Grower of California. He guarantees the superior quality of his seeds and all those imported he tests with the greatest care before selling. Be sure he will sell you the best and cheapest. nov19m

New Advertisements.

W. BICHARD & CO.

Have opened—at Prescott, a Flour and Grain Depot, on the corner of Granite and Gurley streets, in the building formerly occupied by Henderson & Bro, and will keep constantly on hand,

FLOUR,

(In 50 and 100lb sacks, warranted extra)

CORN MEAL,

GRAHAM FLOUR,

SEMITILLA, (*Shorts*)

PINOLA,

GROUND FEED,

GRAIN, ETC.

Which will be sold, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

Our Flour is made at the new mill recently constructed at Adamsville, which is provided with all the improved machinery of the day, and we have as good a miller as can be found on the Pacific slope.

NOTICE.—Should any gritty flour be sold in this market, the public may rest assured that we will not be chargeable therefor, as we neither manufacture nor sell flour of this character. W. BICHARD & CO.

THOMAS CORDIZ, Agent.

Prescott, December 10, 1870.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, have taken up and do claim for milling, farming and other purposes, sections 28 and 29, Government survey, on the south side of Salt River, taking in two Buttes on either side the main road from Phœnix to Gila river, and all persons are hereby notified of the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN,
J. W. FIELDS,
A. F. GARRETT,
E. K. BROWN.

Phœnix, November 17, 1870. dc10t3

REMOVAL.

NEW LODGING HOUSE.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public that he has fitted up, in good style, R. E. Elliott's house, on Montezuma street, a few doors north of D. Henderson & Bro.'s Brick Store, and is now prepared to accommodate citizens and strangers, with good, Clean Beds, at Reasonable Prices.

The place is one of the quietest in Prescott.

NEWTON COLE.

Prescott, December 10, 1870 dc10m2

FAIR WARNING.

All persons indebted to the firm of Campbell & Buffum, *must* settle prior to January 1st, 1870.

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM.

Prescott, A. T., Dec. 9, 1870.

Prescott Advertisements.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, made on the first day of March, A. D. 1870, in the matter of the estate of Milton Hadley, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Monday, the ninth day of January, A. D. 1871, in front of the office of J. N. Rountree, auctioneer, in the town of Prescott, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said intestate, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, other than or in addition to that of the said intestate, at the time of his death, in and to all those certain pieces, parcels, tracts, or lots of land lying and being in the County of Yavapai, and described as follows, to wit:

Three hundred feet in the Benedict mining lode; 660 feet in the Clinton lode; 660 New Eldorado; 660 Manhattan; 600 Marsh; 660 Catawba; 660 Hoo Doo; 900 Walrus; 660 Aguadiente; 660 Hiawatha; 660 Minnehaha; 85 5-7 Daniel Webster; 84⅓ Thomas Jefferson; 87½ Monroe; 84⅓ Constitution; 84⅓ General Mason, 84⅓ John Q Adams; 87½ Madison, 83⅓ Iron Clad. Also, 1-2 interest in the auxiliary claim to the Minnehaha mining lode.

Also, possessory right to 160 acres of land situate on Walnut Creek, near Camp Hualpai.

Also, the following town lots, in the town of Prescott, to wit: Lot No. 1 in block No. 2; lots Nos. 42, 43 and 44, in block No. 20; lot No. 18, in block No 32; lot No. 8, in block No. 21; and lot No. 16 in block No. 32.

F. A. COOK, Administrator.

Prescott, December 8, 1870.

JACKSON & BRO'S
Bar & Billiard Saloon,

Next door to Campbell & Buffum's Brick Store.

Montezuma Street, Prescott,

Contains two of Phelan & Collender's best Billiard Tables, and is well supplied with choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

We have recently renovated, refurnished and fixed up our Saloon, so that it is now the neatest and cosiest place of resort in Northern Arizona. JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, February 6, 1869.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

From this date we are prepared to forward freight from Ehrenburg to Prescott at six cents, and to Wickenburg at three and one-half cents per pound in gold

J. GOLDWATER & BRO

Ehrenberg, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870

LOOK HERE!

You can buy R. E. Farrington's Ranch, situated two miles northeast of Fort Whipple, for $1,500, in Legal Tender. R. E. FARRINGTON.

Prescott, A. T., Sept 26, 1870 oct1tf

PIONEER STABLE,

Granite Street, Prescott.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

First class Saddle and Buggy Teams

All stock in this Stable will be WELL FED and cared for. Plenty of Stable room and a large Corral.

Come and see me.

jul2 F. C AYRES.

PARKER, WATTSON & CO.

Importers, Jobbers and Manufacturers of

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

306 & 308 Clay Street,

(One door above Front),

GEO. A. BARKER, SAM. B. WATSON, DAVID CONKLING } SAN FRANCISCO

Pioneer Meat Market.

Granite Street, Prescott.



Constantly on hand,

Beef, Pork, Mutton,



Pork Sausages, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

WM. N. KELLY, Proprietor.

Prescott, November 27, 1869.

NEW STORE AT PHŒNIX.

We have opened a store near J. W. Swilling's, and intend to keep on hand all kinds of

Groceries,
Provisions,
Dry Goods,
Clothing,

And a General Assortment of Merchandise.

WM A. HANCOCK & CO.

Phœnix, A. T., Sept 15, 1870.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, THIRD JUDICIAL District, County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an execution issued out of the District Court, of the Third Judicial District, in and for Yavapai county, Arizona Territory, in an action of U. A. Luke & Co., *vs* W. Z. Thomson, attested on the 21th day of October, A. D. 1870, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest which the said W. Z. THOMSON had on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1870, in and to the following described property, to wit:

That certain ranch and improvements thereon, situated in Williamson Valley, in the county of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, and lying west of Wm. Simmons' ranch; and north of the ranch of F. La Manjug, and I will offer the above described property for sale, at public auction, and will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House, in the town of Prescott, county of Yavapai, on, SATURDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day.

Witness my hand, at Prescott, this 21st day of November, A. D. 1870.

JOHN L. TAYLOR,
Sheriff Yavapai County.

By F. C. AYRES, Deputy. nv26t4

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, under the name and style of the HAYDEN MILLING AND FARMING DITCH COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have this day claimed ten thousand (10,000) inches—to be measured under two inches pressure—of the waters of Salt River; to be taken from said river at or near a butte, to the left of the main road to the Gila River, from Phœnix, and on the south side of said river. And the said Hayden Milling and Farming Ditch Company are at work on the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN, ROBT. SAVERY,
A. W. FIELDS, WM. GARRETT,
E. R. BROWN.

Phœnix, A. T., Nov. 17, 1870. nv26m3

PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.

On hand and for sale, an excellent assortment of Ready-Made BOOTS, etc., for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gentlemen.

Boots, shoes, etc., made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. Prices reasonable. JOHN LAUGHLIN.

The Miner.

POETICAL MAXIMS.

Happy were men, if they but understood,
There is no safety but in doing good.
—*Fountain.*

But Satan is wiser now than of yore,
And tempts by making rich, not making poor.
—*Pope.*

Mankind one day serene and free appear;
The next they're cloudy, sullen and severe.
—*Garth.*

On eagles' wings immortal scandals fly,
While virtuous actions are but born and die.
—*Harvey.*

Many a word at random spoken,
May soothe or wound the heart that's broken.
—*Scott.*

Grant the bad what happiness they would,
One they most want—which is, to pass for good.
—*Pope.*

Riches, like insects, while concealed they lie,
Wait but for wings, and in their seasons fly.
—*Pope.*

He that holds more wine than others can,
I rather count a hogshead than a man.
—*Randolph.*

It is a wretched thing to trust to reeds,
Which all men do that trust to their own deeds.
—*Johnson.*

He that to ancient wreaths can bring no more
From his own worth, dies bankrupt on the score.
—*John Cleveland.*

Be still, sad heart! and cease repining;
Behind the cloud is the sun still shining.
—*Longfellow.*

The Lord Will Provide.

In some way or other the Lord will provide;
It may not be my way,
It may not be thy way,
And yet in His own way
"The Lord will provide."

At some time or other the Lord will provide;
It may not be my time,
It may not be thy time,
And yet in his own time
"The Lord will provide."

Masonry in Time of Peril.

The following splendid incident illustrates the system upon which Masonry moves;

It was a magnificent sight to see our immense boat accompanied by the Lady Gay and the Belle of Alton, their decks crowded with fair ladies and Knights Templars, bands of music, distinguished citizens, and invited guests, as they steamed up the Mississippi, then down to Jefferson Barracks, where we all went on shore to spend a pleasant hour, after which we again steamed merrily up the river.

I was standing near the capstan—the commander of the Templars came and leaned wearily against the capstan. I turned to Reuben Milton, and whispered in his ear these words: "That man was born to command." He had the form of a Hercules, the head of an Apollo, and the eye of an eagle, and, as circumstances afterwards demonstrated, the heart of a lion. Although not so very large, he appeared larger than he really was; he was full and athletic, and still every proportion was a symmetry, and every movement a grace.

While he was still leaning silently on the capstan, and while I was still annalysing his fine countenance, the captain of the steamer, with pale lips and blanched cheeks, approached the young Templar, and in a low and trembling voice, said:

"Great God! sir, we are sinking. We are snagged, sir, in the bottom, and nothing can save us."

"How long can you keep her afloat? carelessly inquired the young Templar.

"She may go down in five minutes; she can't keep afloat more than fifteen," replied the captain.

"Do not make your situation known to any one except your crew, or we will have a panic, and then all will be lost. Signal the Lady Gay to heave to; no one will notice or understand the signal of distress. Get your crew and hands ready to move. I will manage the rest."

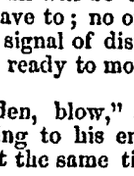
"Blow, Warden, blow," said the young Templar, speaking to his ensign, who stood near him, and at the same time leaping upon the capstan. Every one was startled by the shrill blast of the Warden's trumpet. A hundred Templar's swords leaped from their scabbards at the blast.

"Attention, Sir Knights," shouted the young commander. "The next ceremony in the programme is for the Sir Knights, ladies and gentlemen on this boat, to make a visit to our friends on board the Lady Gay. As the steamers are rapidly approaching each other, and cannot be kept but a minute or two together, the movement must be a rapid one. You will form a procession at once, and, as the boats come together, pass over the gangway under an arch of steel, to the lower deck of the Lady Gay. Forward, Sir Knights, to the gangway. Music in front. The band will play "The Knight Templar's Quickstep."

In obedience to these orders, the Knights formed a double line to the gangway, facing round, with swords crossd above the heads of those forming the procession. In less than eight minutes the whole precious cargo of human life had passed from the Mississippi to the Lady Gay, even to the colored cook, except the two files of Templars, when the young commander ordered: "From the rear, right and left inward wheel!" and filing inward, the Templars rapidly passed over the gangway to the Lady Gay, the young commander being the last to leave. One minute more and the Mississippi steamer sank to the bottom.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,



Done in Good Style, At the MINER Office
Orders solicited. Prices reasonable.

JOHN H. MARION, Proprietor.

Prescott, Arizona, April 10, 1869.

A full supply of all the **Patent Medicines** At Dr. KENDALL'S Pioneer Drug Store

Ignorance in Planting Trees.

The Aberdeen (Miss.) *Examiner*, in its notes on fruit culture in Mississippi, speaks as follows of the death of trees by starvation or wrong planting:

In planting trees, the custom has been almost universal—and sanctioned, too, by the highest authority—to, first, dig deep holes down into the stiff clay, or barren sand subsoil, as the case may be, and then fill in with soil that has been highly manured—sometimes with manure alone, and covered with soil—and then plant the tree in this highly enriched and thoroughly prepared soil, while the surrounding soil beyond the limits of these holes is left unmanured and uncultivated. Now what is the consequence? If the subsoil be a stiff clay, the hole becomes a receptacle for water, which stands and stagnates at the bottom. The roots, at first, stimulated and nurtured by the rich soil, put forth fibres rapidly, and the tree starts into a sudden growth. But, as the roots descend, they soon come in contact with the stagnant water, which operates as a deadly poison to the roots. This is communicated to the tree, which soon sickens and dies. Nothing can be more certain than this result. Its growth suddenly stops, the leaves turn yellow, the tree drags out a sickly existence for a few years, and then dies from starvation.

Last Words.

The die is cast—T. W. Robertson.
Fools, 'od rot 'em!—Higginbottom.
I die a true American—William Poole.
Bury me where the woodbine twineth—Colonel James Fisk, Jr.
Bury me where I fall back—Gen. O'Neill, of the Fenian army.
Bury me where I fall—Billy Bowlegs and many other military heroes.
Buy me another ticket in the Louisiana State Lottery—Governor Warmouth.
Let Brown (or some other first-class sexton) bury me where I fall—Captain Kidd.
As I cannot lay my sword at the feet of my army, I die at the head of your Majesty—Louis Napoleon.

SEVERAL towns in various portions of the country have lately been shaken by an earthquake. Chicago, alone, was not shaken. The reason is a plain one. No modern or *common* earthquake can shake a place like this. It has to shake something of its size. It handles such places as Cincinnati, Detroit, Albany, and New York, without trouble; but it lets Chicago alone. When the earthquake that rattled these frontier towns can get some reinforcements, it may come back and try Chicago. Until then, it will avoid us for the same reason that small boys avoid getting into a fight with full-grown men.—*Chicago Times.*

GOD made man, and money made McCormick men.

Miscellaneous.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Tinware, Glassware, Crockery, Mining and Farming Tools, Paints, Glass, Oils, Putty, Stationery, Cutlery, Confectionary, Perfumery, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Medicines, Children's Toys, Fireworks, &c.

They particularly invite the special attention of Farmers to their AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, consisting of all kinds of

Plows, Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Seed Sowers and Wheelbarrows,

Also, of the trade, to their

Fine Stock of Liquors,

All of which they will sell lower than any other traders in Central Arizona.

Give them a call, before purchasing elsewhere.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Prescott, August 13, 1870.

MAGNOLIA BREWERY AND SALOON,

Wickenburg, Arizona Territory.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public and his old friends, that he is now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, a superior quality of

LAGER BEER,

For Wholesale and Retail, in Bottles or Kegs.

THE SALOON is well supplied with excellent Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc., and contains

Two Good Billiard Tables.

The patronage of the public is solicited.

m14'68 A. H. PEEPLES, Proprietor.

PINE'S HOTEL,

San Bernardino,.....California.

This well-known hotel is open for the reception of guests at all hours of the day or night. The house has been repainted and re-furnished throughout. The table is abundantly supplied with the best of everything the market affords, and the sleeping accommodations of the house are excellent.

Attached to the hotel is a BAR, well stocked with good Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, a BILLIARD SALOON.

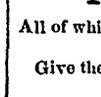
A FEED STABLE, where every care will be taken of animals, is also connected with the hotel.

☞ The Arizona and California Stages arrive at and depart from this hotel, and the undersigned solicits the patronage of persons passing to and from Arizona, as well as of the public generally. C. STARKE.

San Bernardino, Cal., March 26, 1870. apr9

ARIZONA BREWERY AND SALOON

Next Door to the Post Office.



Excellent Lager Beer,

Of our own manufacture,



Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Always on hand, and for sale.

JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, October 2, 1869.

STOCK RANCHED.

Grazed or fed on fodder. Apply to

BARNARD & CO., Post Office.

Prescott, A. T., Oct. 8, 1870.

Prescott Advertisements.

PIONEER DRUG STORE.

Prescott,  **Arizona.**

On hand and for sale,

Hall's Balsam for the Lungs
Townsend's Sarsaparilla
Ayers' "
Bristol's "
Hall's "
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
" *Ague Cure,*
Osgood's India Cholagogue,
Brown's Jamaica Ginger,
Perry Davis's Pain Killer,
Goodale's Catarrh Remedy,
Brown's Bronchial Troches,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,
Dr. Devine's Pitch Lozenge,
Keating's Cough "
Jayne's Patent Medicines,

And, in fact, a full assortment of all the Patent Medicines usually found in drug stores.

Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, Perfumery,

And a large supply of Dispensing Medicines.

N. B.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. G. D. KENDALL.

☞ Dr. Kendall's office—In rear of Drug Store.

Prescott, April 24, 1868.

That's a Fact.---What's a Fact?

THAT THE

NEW YORK CHEAP STORE

Is the Only Store in the Territory that Receives Goods Direct from New York.

By this arrangement, the proprietor saves the enormous tariff usually levied by San Francisco merchants, and is thereby enabled to sell goods cheaper than any other merchant in Arizona.

I have on hand,

Henry's Improved Rifles and Cartridges
Colt's Revolvers, Holsters and Belts,
Percussion Caps, Flasks, Pouches,

A Large Stock of

Boots, (including Rubber Boots,) Shoes, Hats, Socks, Cooking Stoves, Axes, Nails, etc., etc., together with a large stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Suitable for this Market.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

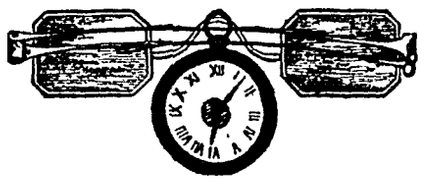
LEVI BASHFORD.

Prescott, March 20, 1869.

L. B. JEWELL & Co.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers,

South side of Plaza, Prescott.



Have on hand, for sale, a fine assortment of

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry.

☞ Jewelry, of all kinds, made to order. Repairing done with care and promptness. au7

QUARTZ MOUNTAIN SAW-MILL.

The attention of the public is called to the fact that we have renewed facilities for the manufacture of

All Kinds of Lumber,

For Building purposes, and for Mills and Mining.

We keep constantly on hand, at the mill, on Groom Creek, six miles from Prescott, and at the yard, in town, large quantities of lumber, for sale at the following prices, in gold:

Good merchantable, at mill,..... $40 00 per M.
Clear,..... 60 00 " "
Ten dollars, additional, at yard.

No departure from these prices.
No sales made except for money or accepted orders.

A. O. NOYES,
GEO. CURTIS.

Prescott, March 5, 1870. sep17'67

E. J. COOK,..... ED F. BOWERS

COOK & BOWERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,
Clothing, Dry-Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Clocks,
Iron, Nails, Quicksilver,
Tobacco Cigars, etc.,

Are prepared to furnish the people all kinds of

Merchandise, for Cash,

At reasonable rates, at the

ADOBE STORE,

Corner of Granite and Gurley Streets

Prescott, Arizona. Jle27'68

PACIFIC BREWERY,

MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the MINER Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,

Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale.



As we brew our own Beer, and take great pains to make it O K, lovers of the healthy, strengthening beverage will do well by calling upon us and trying our medicine.

JOHN RAIBLE,
PHILIP SHEERER.

Prescott, October 5, 1867.

Prescott Advertisements.

THE

LARGEST AND BEST

Assortment of Goods

Ever brought to Prescott, is now on hand at

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM'S

—Consisting of—

GROCERIES,	PROVISIONS,
WINES,	LIQUORS,
TOBACCO,	CIGARS,
CLOTHING,	DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS,	SHOES,
HARDWARE,	TINWARE,
GLASSWARE,	CROCKERY,
MINING TOOLS,	FARMING TOOLS,
PAINTS,	OILS,
GLASS,	PUTTY,
STATIONERY,	CUTLERY,
CONFECTIONERY,	PERFUMERY,
GUNS,	PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,	MEDICINES,
TOYS,	FIREWORKS,

&c., &c., &c.

☞ We can fit and suit anybody and everybody, in anything and everything, at all times, at

REASONABLE PRICES.

JOHN G. CAMPBELL,
W. M. BUFFUM.

Prescott, July 17, 1869.

WORMSER & WERTHEIMER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Liquors, Crockery, Hardware, Farming and Mining Implements, etc.,

CALL THE ATTENTION OF THEIR OLD pioneer friends and the public generally to their new and splendid assortment of goods, recently purchased, by one of the firm, in San Francisco, and now on hand at their store in Prescott.

Give us a call and see for yourselves. We are *not* selling for ruinous prices; our motto is and has been, "Live and Let Live."

Merchants, farmers, miners and others, wishing to purchase goods, would do well to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere.

M. WORMSER,
A. WERTHEIMER.

Prescott, Arizona, February 1, 1870. my16'68

HERBERT BOWERS,

Post Trader, Fort Whipple, A. T.,

Has recently replenished his stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Can Fruits, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.,

He, also, keeps *constantly on hand and for sale*, the following articles, all of which are manufactured at his Agua Frio Mill, 20 miles east from Prescott:

Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts.

The flour is as good as the best imported California, of which it takes precedence in this market.

Prices Reasonable.

Call and examine for yourselves.

H. BOWERS, Post Trader,
mar26 Fort Whipple.

ORIENTAL BAKERY AND SALOON

Next door to the Miner Office.

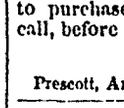
FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES,

Always on hand.

GOOD BOARD,

Furnished by the Week, Day, or Meal, at the following prices:

Per Week..... *Sixteen dollars, currency.*
Single Meals..... One dollar "



Oysters, Sardines, etc.,

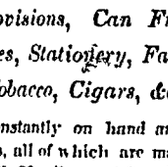
Served in good style, at all hours.

Good Lager Beer, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, kept constantly on hand, for the accommodation of customers.

DAN. HATZ, Proprietor.

Prescott, December 18, 1869.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street,  Opposite Plaza,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D. Monlton, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for *Cash*.

☞ Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on han for sale or hire.

GIDEON BROOKE,
JACOB LYNN.

Prescott, October 24, 1868.

WARM AND COLD



At OTTO'S New Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon,

Montezuma Street,.....Prescott, Arizona.

☞ Shaving, Hair Cutting, etc., in the most approved manne

THEODORE OTTO.

Miscellaneous Ads.

W. D. HOOPER, San Francisco. A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

304 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P. O. Drawer, 990.) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

(P. O. Box, 2683.)

JAS. M. BARNEY, Arizona City. JOHN S. CARR, Arizona.

Our facilities for purchasing and arrangements for selling are fully completed, and we now offer TO THE TRADE a Full Stock of Merchandise in each department, comprising all articles enquired for, and salable throughout the Territory.

We sell at small advances, FOR CASH, and are positive that it is to the benefit of every Interior Merchant to buy of us—instead of in San Francisco or elsewhere—thereby avoiding the expenses and annoyances of a long and tedious journey, and the loss of *three months' time* necessary to receive their purchases, enabling them to increase their profits with the same or less capital invested.

Orders by letter receive our careful attention, the same as though the parties were themselves present.

In a word we GUARANTEE SATISFACTION in prices, quality, quantity, and assortment of goods.

Currency and Bullion received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold for account of owners, as may be desired. HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

EHRENBERG.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,

Wholesale Dealers In

Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Grain, Groceries, Provisions, etc.,

Respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that they are now located at the new

TOWN OF "EHRENBERG,"

Where they are prepared to receive merchandise, for storage or transportation, free of charge.

EHRENBERG is situate on the east bank of the Colorado river, seven miles below La Paz, at the best and most convenient landing on the river, and is connected with the principal towns of the interior by good wagon roads.

The benefits to be derived by shipping goods via Ehrenburg are, *a saving of five dollars per ton*, and less handling of goods.

Freight to Wickenburg, four cents from the landing.

All merchandise consigned to us, either for storage or transportation, will be attended to with care and despatch.

For further particulars, inquire of

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
sep18'69tf Ehrenburg Arizona

ISAAC H. LEVY,

Dealer in General Merchandise, and General Commission Merchant,

San Bernardino, California.

Merchandise forwarded to any part of Arizona, with promptness and despatch.

Gold-dust, Legal Tenders, and Soldiers Final Settlements, bought.

Office of the Arizona Stage Line, No 1 Jackson Block, corner of Third and Grafton streets.

San Bernardino, Cal., August 27, 1870.

NOTICE.

PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

The undersigned, under the name and style of the "PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY," hereby give notice that they have, this day, located a Water Ditch and claimed four thousand (4,000) inches of the waters of Salt River, for irrigating purposes, to be taken out on the south side of said river, on section 20, N. E. South, township 3, E., Range 1, North.

Five hundred yards of said ditch is now completed, and four thousand (4,000) inches of water, more or less, running in the same. We intend to run our ditch in a southwest direction, as fast as possible, and as far as we deem it necessary for farming purposes.

CLAIMANTS:

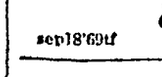
J. A. CHENOWTH,	N. W. BROADWAY,
C. P. CRAWLEY,	W. SANDERSON,
V. A. STEPHENS,	J. M. WILSON,
JOHN H. WISS,	W. BRECHT.

Salt River, Yavapai County Arizona, Sept. 26, 1870.

oct22-m3

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.

La Paz to Prescott.



Regular Weekly Trips, by Stage, with the Mail, will be made *between La Paz and Prescott.* A four-horse passenger stage will leave La Paz every Saturday, connecting with the the stages on the California end of the line, from San Bernardino; arriving at Wickenburg on Mondays, and at Prescott on Tuesdays. Passengers returning will arrive at La Paz on Fridays, connecting with the stage for California that departs Saturday morning.

☞ Packages, &c., forwarded on reasonable terms.

JAMES GRANT, Contractor.

Prescott, October 2 1869.

BARNETT & BLOCK,

.... DEALERS IN ....

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, &c.

WICKENBURG AND PHŒNIX.

☞ Sell cheaper than any other merchants in Central Arizona. nov20'67.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

Parties in Wickenburg, Prescott, and other interior points, are notified that I have at the Ehrenberg Landing, a large adobe warehouse, with good shingle roof, and am prepared to receive and forward goods of every description at as low rates as any other parties engaged in the business.

J. M. BRYAN.

Ehrenberg, A. T. Sept. 1st, 1870.

Notice to Settle.

We are hard up for cash, and wish that our patrons would come to our relief. Your accounts are all ready for presentation.

G. W. BARNARD & CO.

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 1st, 1870.

Notice to Settle Accounts.

All persons indebted to D. Henderson & Bro., are respectfully requested to settle their accounts as soon as possible, as we are desirous to close our books.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Prescott, Nov. 19, 1870.

THE WEEKLY ARIZONA MINER.

VOLUME VII. PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 17, 1870. NUMBER 51.

THE ARIZONA MINER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

—AT—

PRESCOTT, YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy, One Year,	$7 00
" " Six Months,	4 00
" " Three Months,	2 50
Single Copies,	25

Papers will not be sent unless paid for in advance, and will *invariably* be discontinued at the end of the time paid for.

ADVERTISING:

One square, one time, $3 00; each additional time, $1.50. Each additional square, same rate.

A liberal discount will be made to persons continuing the same advertisement for three, six, or twelve months.

Professional or business cards inserted upon reasonable terms.

Job Printing.

THE MINER office is well supplied with Presses, Plain, Fancy and Ornamental Type, and the proprietor is determined to execute all work with which he may be favored in the neatest and best style of the art.

Work may be ordered from any part of the Territory, and, when accompanied with the cash, it will be promptly executed and sent by mail, or as directed.

Persons sending us money for subscription, advertising or job work, may forward it by mail, or otherwise, at their own risk.

☞ *Legal Tender Notes taken at par in payment for subscription, advertising and job work.*

J. H. MARION,
Editor and Proprietor.

Business & Professional Cards.

COLES BASHFORD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Tucson, Arizona,
Will practice his profession in all the Courts of the Territory

HARLEY H. CARTTER,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Will attend to business in all the courts of the Territory.
sept'69tf

JOHN M. ROUNTREE,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona.

J. P. HARGRAVE,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Montezuma street, Prescott, Arizona.

JOHN HOWARD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona.

Dr. J. N. McCANDLESS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Late of the U. S. Army,)
Offers his services to the people of Prescott and vicinity Can be found, at all hours, except when professionally engaged, at his office, in Allen & White's store, Montezuma street, Prescott.
Prescott, November 7, 1868

G. W. BARNARD,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
and Justice of the Peace.
OFFICE—In the Postoffice, north side of the Plaza, Prescott, jan15'70

R. B. YUILL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Wickenburg, Arizona.

J. E. McCAFFRY,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

O. H. CASE,
CIVIL ENGINEER,
Prescott, Arizona.

A WOLFF, San Bernardino. S FOLKS, 410 Sacramento Street, San Francisco.

WOLFF & FOLKS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
m12'70 San Bernardino, California.

PHŒNIX STATION.
Phœnix, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Hay and Grain; and the best of Accommodations for Travelers.
The patronage of the traveling public is solicited.
E. K. BUKER.
Phœnix, August 20th, 1870.

MONTEZUMA SALOON,
Montezuma Street, Prescott.
We have recently renovated and fixed up our saloon in fine style, and have none but the choicest Wines, Liquors, and Segars, for our customers and the public.
C. A. LUKE & CO.
Prescott, December 3, 1870.

I TOO WANT SOME CORN, AND WILL PAY A good price. L. BASHFORD.
Prescott, Oct. 7, 1870.

☞ **Blank Mining and Quitclaim Deeds, Special and General Powers-of-Attorney, etc., for sale at the Miner Office.**

PURE COD LIVER OIL, At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

CALENDAR FOR 1871.

1871	Sund.	Mond.	Tuesd.	Wedy.	Thurs.	Friday	Satur.
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
Feb.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28				
Mar.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
April							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
May		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
June					1	2	3
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	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	

1871	Sund.	Mond.	Tuesd.	Wedy.	Thurs.	Friday	Satur.
July							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
Aug.			1	2	3	4	5
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	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
Sept						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Oct.							
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	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
Nov.				1	2	3	4
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	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
Dec.						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						

HOMAGE TO BEAUTY.

Beautiful girl! I have wandered far
Toward the rising sun and the evening star;
I have roamed 'mild the northern wastes of snow,
And strayed where the soft magnolias blow,
But I never gazed on a face so bright
As thine, sweet spirit of young delight!

Beautiful girl! thou art bright and fair
As an angel shape in the moonlight air;
No shadow rests on thy brow of snow,
Save that of thy tresses drooping low,
Love's own dear light is wandering oft
O'er thy gentle lip of carmine soft;
Thy lovely cheek, where the rich red glow
Of the warm blood melts through the virgin snow,
So sweetly blending in one bright dye,
The woven beauties of earth and sky.
Truth, holy truth, in its freshness dwells
Deep in thy dark eyes' shaded wells,
And fancies wild from their clear depths gleam,
Like shadows of stars from a trembling stream,
And thy thoughts are a dream of Eden's bowers,
And thy words are garlands of flowers, bright flowers.

Beautiful girl! I have seen thee move,
A floating creature of joy and love,
As light as a mist on the sunrise gale
Or the buoyant sway of the bridal vail,
'Till I almost looked to see thee rise,
Like a soaring thought to the free blue skies,
Or melt away in the thin blue air,
Like a vision of fancy painted there.
Thy low, sweet voice, as it thrills around,
Seems less a sound than a dream of sound;
Softly and mildly its clear notes swell,
Like the spirit tones of a silver bell;
And thy lip whence the fairy music flows,
Is to fancy's eye like a pleasing rose.

Beautiful, beautiful girl! thou art
A vision of joy to a throbbing heart,
A star sent down from the world of bliss,
And all undimmed by the shades of this,
A rainbow pictured by love's own sun
On the clouds of being—beautiful one!

Beautiful girl! 'tis a weary year
Since thy voice fell on my ravished ear;
'Tis a long, long year of light and gloom
Since I gazed on thy young cheek's lovely bloom
Yet thy gentle tones of music still
Through the loveliest depths of memory thrill
Like tones of a fount, or breeze, or bird,
In the long-gone years of childhood heard.
And oft in my dark and lonely moods,
When a demon wing o'er my spirit broods,
Thine image seems on my soul to break
Like the sweet young morn o'er a gloomy lake,
Filling its depths, as the shadows flee,
With beauty, and love, and melody.

Beautiful girl! thou art far away,
And I know not where thy steps may stray,
But, oh! 'tis sweet, it is very sweet,
In the fairy realms of dreams to greet
Thy cheek of rose, thy brow of pearl,
And thy voice of music—beautiful girl!

—*George D. Prentice*

PERSONAL.—Hon. Sylvester Mowry, who has been spending some days in this city, leaves on the steamer to-day for San Francisco, where he will spend some weeks ere proceeding to Washington. An educated and talented gentleman, Mr. Mowry has many friends throughout this section, who ever welcome his visits and regret his departure. We are pleased to know that one who is so well informed, entertains no doubt that San Diego will this winter become assured of railway connections with the east.—*Los Angeles (California) News.*

This is the gentleman whom McCormick's hireling editor, Wasson, has been abusing and slandering for a long time past, but who, all know, is in every respect, the superior of McCormick and his gang of trained flunkeys.

While we do not propose to defend Mr. Mowry from his vituperative assailants here, (he being fully competent to do that himself) we cannot help reminding our Territorial readers that Sylvester Mowry came to this Territory at an early day (long before McCormick and Co. ever dreamed of coming here); that he has always worked for the welfare of the Territory and her people; has been the means of bringing large sums of money here, which were spent in developing mines, etc., something McCormick & Co. have not been able to do. Sylvester Mowry has his faults, but he has, also, a certain love for this Territory, which entitles him to the good opinion of its people; a certain amount of honor, and good-breeding, which secures him *entree* into respectable society, where McC. & Co. dare not go.

GENERAL SHERMAN believes that most of the Montana war claims are fraudulent. Vouchers already filed amount to over $1,000,000.

A New Railroad Project.

[From the San Francisco Weekly Bulletin.]

We are informed that Gen. Phineas Banning, of Los Angeles county, now in this city, has in contemplation the organization of a company, for the construction of a railroad from Los Angeles to the Colorado river, and thence eastward to Prescott, Arizona. A railroad from Los Angeles to Wilmington, on the Pacific, is already completed, and in operation We are not aware how far the project has been carried toward an organization, but presume that if it can be shown that the road would prove a paying investment, it will not be hard to find capitalists ready to embark in the enterprise. The road would have some peculiar advantages. The route would be *via* San Bernardino, through the San Gorgonio Pass, thence either by the Morongo Pass or Big Palm Spring route, eastward along the 34th parallel, or between that and the 35th parallel, to the Colorado. If the 34th was followed, the road would strike the Colorado near the mouth of Bill Williams' Fork, and thence follow an easy grade up the valley of that stream, through Central Arizona, to Prescott. If the Morongo Pass was followed, the road would cross the Colorado near Fort Mohave, and follow the "35th Parallel Route" to the eastward, passing to the northward of William's Fork Valley, and reaching Prescott by a bend southeastwards through the Valle de Chino, or entering the Black Forest country, terminating, for the present at least, in the vicinity of the White Mountain, or Mount San Francisco, about 75 miles north of Prescott.

From Los Angeles to San Gorgonio Pass, there are no engineering obstacles to overcome, and a magnificent country, already largely populated and capable of sustaining a very much larger number of inhabitants, would give it a handsome local business. The San Gorgonio Pass is pronounced by all who have seen it the natural railroad pass of the Pacific Slope. No grades of any importance would be required there From that point eastward to the Colorado, the country is uninhabited, save by a small number of savage and generally bitterly hostile Chimahuevis Indians, and has no agricultural resources, so far as known The country is almost wholly a desert, plains of barren sand and low ranges of barren mountains of comparatively recent volcanic origin alternating, timber being only obtainable on the heights of Mounts San Bernardino and San Gorgonio, and perhaps in a few isolated and not readily accessible points between those mountains and the Colorado; while water, almost always bad, is only found in limited quantities and at long intervals. Neither route between the San Gorgonio Pass and the Colorado, *via* Bill Williams' Fork or Fort Mojave, has been well surveyed, but it is believed that on either, the engineering difficulties would be no greater than were found on the Central Pacific, between Reno and Salt Lake, if as great

The mineral wealth of this section of country is only a matter of conjecture On both sides of the Colorado there are wonderfully rich mines of copper and iron, which, with cheap and certain transportation for ores and supplies, would be of immense value, and are practically inexhaustible The Colorado canyon, at Williams Fork, offers a fine opportunity for crossing by constructing a short suspension bridge, and near Fort Mojave the difficulties in the way of crossing are not great. There are gold mines of uncertain value a short distance east of the Colorado; and sixty miles east of the river, a short distance south of Williams' Fork, in Harcuvar mountains, there are copper deposits of immense richness and extent, now utterly valueless, on account of the cost of transportation and the hostility of the Apaches. From thence to Prescott there are no very great obstacles to be overcome, so far as known, and the road would pass through a fine agricultural and grazing country. The country around Prescott, south, east and north, embracing a territory two-thirds as large as the State of New York, is well watered and grassed, abounds in forests of fine timber, pine, oak, black walnut, etc, etc, and contains numerous deposits of gold bearing quartz of great extent

A railroad would soon fill central Arizona with a thrifty and prosperous agricultural and mining population No part of our national domain offers greater attractions to settlers, the sole drawbacks being distance from market, and the implacable hostility of the Apaches The road would tap the Colorado valley, and draw some trade from it both north and south, open the great mineral districts of Arizona to the world, and by enabling the Government to subdue the Apaches, make Central Arizona one of the most prosperous and wealthy sections of the United States. It is probable that if it is constructed, the entire "35th Parallel Road" to the Pacific, *via* Prescott, Albuquerque and St Louis from the Mississippi, would become an accomplished fact in a few years. It would tap a section of country not reached by the projected Southern Pacific Railroad, and certainly add immensely to the aggregate wealth of the United States, though it probably would not pay as largely and quickly as the Central Pacific did. That it would not be troubled by snow at any season, would be one of its great advantages over any more Northern route.

Proposed Political Alliance.

The papers are discussing the prospects for the formation of a new political alliance—party, some of them call it—between free trade Republicans and the Democrats, and it does look as though there might be something in it, for we learn that John A. Logan, Ex-Commissioner David Wells, Frank Blair, John Q. Adams, B. Gratz Brown, and other leading men of both parties are working with this end in view. Should it be accomplished, the new party will have control of the next House of Representatives, and the country may be relieved from the burden of Radicalism sooner than most people have been led to expect.

The Next President.

Leading organs—of both political parties, and some that are organs of neither party, are hard at work, electing a President to succeed Mr. Grant. The New York *Herald*, a *franc-tireur* journal, counts 154 votes for the Democratic candidate, and 148 for the Radical. The Sacramento *Union* smashes the *Herald's* slate, and makes a slate of its own, to suit its side of the house. It is almost too early yet to decide this important matter. We believe, however, that with the close of Mr. Grant's term of office, Radical rule will cease, and black wool will be at a discount.

NEW MEXICO.—The recent census gave this Territory a population of 86,181.

Late News Items.

The demise of State Senator Watt, of Pennsylvania, has tied parties in the State Senate.

New Mexico and Colorado are going to try hard at the approaching session of Congress, to get promoted to Statehood. Should they not succeed in going the whole hog, we advise their people to fight for promotion of some kind—say brevet States.

The great State of New York has a population of nearly four millions and a half.

The Secretary of the Navy, in his annual report, favors strengthening that branch of the public service, by adding more men and ships.

Express charges, between California and the East, have been increased.

Gratz Brown carried Missouri by 42,000 majority, which proves that the "Pikers" have spewed Radicalism from their State.

770 more recruits have been ordered from New York to San Francisco, which fact pleases us mightily.

A dispatch of November 28, from Montgomery, Alabama, tells us that a conflict had arisen between the old and new State Governments. The old Radical Governor and Treasurer clung to their positions, regardless of the will of the people, and were backed by Federal troops. The Legislature was in session, and the lower branch had appointed a Committee to investigate the matter. Here is a pretty kettle of fish,—old freedom-shriekers defying the will of the people of a sovereign State!

Louisiana's bitter cup is now full. The Negroes and their white allies—the carpet-baggers—have carried the State, and a recent decision of the Courts throws open the schools to Negro children! But, "it is a long lane that has no turning," and if the people of our native State can stand this new affliction a short time, all will soon be right again, for fanaticism will be buried in 1872

The National Convention of Volunteer Medical Officers of the Army is to be held January 18.

It is the "general belief" that Commissioner Wilson, of the General Land Office, will soon lose his position. If so, won't there be another fearful row in the Radical camp? Whew, how Grant will catch it!

The fourth annual reunion of the Army of the Cumberland commenced at Cleveland, Ohio, November 22d. General Garfield delivered a fitting eulogy on the late General George H. Thomas.

Weston, the great walker, recently undertook to walk four hundred miles in five days, but broke down after having made 320 miles. There are Indians in this Territory who can beat Weston, without much effort.

A dispatch dated St Louis, November 28, says the Atlantic and Pacific railroad was completed to Neosho,—250 miles southwest from St. Louis. This is the real, original, 35th parallel railroad, and we are glad to hear of its stretching itself. "Push her along."

Not So.

The Eureka (Nevada) *Sentinel*, of a recent date, in announcing that R. C. McCormick had been elected to Congress from this Territory, stated that "he (McCormick) was run on the straight Republican ticket," which is false, for McCormick had not the manliness or honesty to come out squarely and acknowledge his political principles, if he had any. Here, he has always claimed to be a "no-party" man, with Democratic leanings. At the east, he is known as a loud-mouthed Radical.

New Paper.

We announce, with pleasure, that Dewey & Co., proprietors of that peerless paper, the San Francisco *Scientific Press*, are about to issue a new 16-page paper, to be styled the "*Pacific Rural Press*," and which will treat of agriculture, horticulture, stock-raising, domestic economy, home manufactures, mechanics, industries, etc. The first number will make its appearance January 7th.

Peters' Musical Monthly.

The November number of the above-named musical magazine has reached us. It contains 45 pages of excellent music, several pieces of which are new. It is published by J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, New York, and furnished to subscribers for $3.00 per annum.

Grant and Cox.

The fight between these two Radical sunbeams still goes on, to the injury of President Grant. Let them fight; the Democracy can stand it. Cox says he had to leave the Cabinet on account of his having fought fraud whenever and wherever it showed its head.

Gen. Loomis is the oldest living graduate of West Point.

The Army.

General Sherman's Annual Report to the Secretary of War is now finished. He gives the total strength of the army as follows:

1st Cavalry	1,023	7th Infantry	732
2d Cavalry	921	8th Infantry	558
3d Cavalry	986	9th Infantry	567
4th Cavalry	854	10th Infantry	828
5th Cavalry	1,123	11th Infantry	681
6th Cavalry	733	12th Infantry	831
7th Cavalry	1,094	13th Infantry	501
8th Cavalry	1,171	14th Infantry	657
9th Cavalry	962	15th Infantry	845
10th Cavalry	1,025	16th Infantry	665
1st Artillery	780	17th Infantry	898
2d Artillery	914	18th Infantry	472
3d Artillery	813	19th Infantry	548
4th Artillery	601	20th Infantry	810
5th Artillery	867	21st Infantry	483
1st Infantry	601	22d Infantry	778
2d Infantry	718	23d Infantry	665
3d Infantry	740	24th Infantry	431
4th Infantry	600	25th Infantry	482
5th Infantry	812	Engineer Batt'n	500
6th Infantry	661		

In addition to this there are on recruiting and other service, at West Point, in the Ordnance Department, signal service, hospital stewards, etc., a number of men sufficient to swell the total number of officers and enlisted men to 34,870. In compliance with a recent law of Congress, the number of commissioned officers must be reduced from 2,488 to 2,277 by the first of January next, and the enlisted men must be reduced to 30,000 by the first of July following. General Sherman congratulates the officers and men, and expresses himself much pleased with the efficiency and discipline of the army

We find the above in the San Francisco *Call*, of a recent date, and will remark, thereon, that at the rate officers have been, and are yet, resigning, there will be no trouble about getting rid of surplus ones. We regret, however, that the niggardly, uncertain action of Congress towards the Army, since the close of the war, has caused some good officers to resign. Nevertheless, we cannot but believe that this reduction measure will have a good effect upon the Army. Thirty thousand men is rather a small force for a country like this, yet, if this number is properly distributed throughout the Indian country, it will be sufficient. The people of the States ought to be able to get along without a single soldier.

While it is not our purpose to disparage any portion of the Army, we feel safe in asserting that the troops that have served in this Territory have done more to earn the congratulations of the General-in-Chief, and the country, than those of any other State or Territory, for the reason that they have performed harder service and suffered greater privations than any others, yet, to their credit be it said, their conduct, except in a few isolated cases, has been unexceptionable.

But One Hope Left.

The following sad waif, written by a disconsolate Arizonan, was recently picked up, in this county, and handed to us, with a request for its publication. The writer still lives:

Happiness; no, no; the world knows not the word for me! All who ever loved me have been blighted by my fatal destiny. All have perished because they were dear to me. I am a thing accursed; a withered tree, without one verdant limb, and when I fall, a stranger's hand will lay me in the grave; a stranger's foot pace through my father's house. I have hoped and trusted, but now I'll trust no more. The grave is my only refuge from despair; and death the only hope which will never deceive me! J. W. S.

As the foregoing was written before the result of the recent election was made known, the author must have been a McCormickite.

"MARION, of the MINER, has been more filthy than usual in his present campaign, but as usual he has helped McCormick."

So says the Black Cricket recently imported from Nevada by McCormick & Co., to act as liar, affidavit man, scavenger, scullion and *valet de chambre* for the outfit. We dare this abominable beggar, who has just been placed on horseback, for his dirty services in the cause of Tom Fitch, to show wherein we have been filthy. But, this is a way thieves and blackguards have for drawing attention from their own foul deeds and expressions, and as Wasson has fouled the pages of his own paper with such expressions as "whipper-snapper," "shoo-fly," "superlative bilk," "buntmers," "discarded lickspittle," and,

"Toll the bell,
A crowd of damned souls
Float down the Stygian river."

(meaning the anti-McCormickites) he would like to shift the odium to some decent man's shoulders. Back, dog, to your foul kennel.

Defeat of Geo. Wilkes.

The news of the defeat of Geo. Wilkes, of New York, for Congress, must have depressed the Presidential brain, for Wilkes has always been a pet of the President's. One by one the stanchions are falling.

Election of Frank P. Blair.

It will please all good Union people in Arizona to know that Frank P. Blair has been elected to the Legislature of Missouri, which State is once more free and independent.

Overland Monthly.

The visit of this excellent monthly to the MINER office, is always hailed with delight. The December number was received by last mail, and is chock full of good, fresh reading matter.

THE Ely (Nevada) *Record*, is now a semi-weekly.

The Miner.

Prescott, Arizona Territory.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 17, 1870,

Single copies of the MINER can be purchased at the Postoffice.

The Tucson Citizen.

We know we are wasting valuable space whenever we give up any portion of our columns to noticing McCormick, his aiders, hirelings and abettors, but we cannot help doing so, when they try to injure ourself and friends; lie outrageously about us, and flaunt their lies in the face of honest people. The following article was in tpye last week, but, for want of space, was crowded out:

Thursday night's mail, (December 8th), brought us a copy of the Tucson *Citizen*, of November 26th. Its editor, John Wasson, a lackey, who was born to blush unseen and waste his sweetness on one-horse politicians, publishes a poorly-spelled letter purporting to be from J. D. Cusenbary to a merchant of Tucson, but, which we think was forged by Wasson. Commenting upon this letter, the low-bred hireling sneers at the idea of such a man as Cusenbary offering himself as a candidate for Congress against McCormick.

Worse yet, the fellow actually insinuates that Cusenbary was discharged from his position as Superintendent of the Vulture mill and mine on account of his ignorance! Think of this, old citizens of Yavapai, who know that but for Jim Cusenbary's practical ability and sound judgement, the Vulture mine would not to-day be a paying concern. Why, newly-imported snob, Cusenbary was the first man that ever ran a quartz mill successfully in this part of Arizona, and to him are its citizens indebted for the first permanent success in quartz mining. So that, no matter how he spells, he has accomplished more for the Territory than McCormick and all his tribe. Then, again, "people who live in glass houses should not throw stones," as you would acknowledge were you to see certain letters now in our possesion from a leading Federal official of this Territory. But, don't start; we are not mean enough to publish them.

Next, we are treated to a talk—squaw-war-talk it is—about a new paper that is soon to be started at Prescott, to kill the MINER. The "substantial" men of Prescott and vicinity are going to do all this, because, forsooth, the MINER has assailed McCormick and his supporters. Well, let them do it. We would rather die fighting scoundrels and scallawags like you and McCormick—who are of no earthly account to any country, than pin our faith and fortune to the coat-tails of unscrpulous office-holders. But, the MINER is not going to die, and can't be scared by such "second hand" talk. On the contrary, we have some notion of furnishing the *Arizonan*, of Tucson, with sufficient material to lay you in the shade, you booby.

The fellow then accuses Sylvester Mowry of having written a letter to Tucson, stating that A. G. Dunn, who met his death at this place, on the evening of election day, was a McCormick man, and therefore, deserved death. This statement is too monstrous for belief, and we believe Wasson lied when he made it. He also lied when he asserted that in our account of the affair, we tried to cast odium upon McCormick for having appointed Dunn to office. But, enough of this. Upon Wasson's head rests the disgrace — the savagery—of having pulled a dead man out of his grave to argue over his bones. Hence, vampire.

Then he makes a sycophantic appeal to the people of Yavapai to take his paper, which was quite unnecessary, as many of them will continue to do so, so long as they remain "honorary" subscribers. In this appeal, he hits his owner, McCormick, a sly dig for having pitched into the Prescott country, in his paper—the *Arizonan*. Says he won't do any such thing, but will treat all sections alike. All right, we'll see, Johnny.

We were about to soften on this fossil when our eyes fell upon his comments upon our article about Professor Eilers. The fellow whines because in noticing Eilers, we did not also notice McCormick, who, he says, brought Eilers here. Well, well, this is cheeky. Why should we notice McCormick, when he has given you a printing office, pens and ink, and paid you for toadying to him. He whiningly says the MINER has spoken several times in high terms of Professor Eilers, which is a lie, if several means more than once, and then the terms were not very high, for we and our people have been "sold" too often, by strange mining sharps, to speak of them in very high terms, upon slight acquaintance, such as we had with Mr. Eilers. It may be that McCormick is entitled to some credit in the matter of procuring that $5,000 appropriation. If so, we would like to know what has become of the money. Eilers neither earned nor spent one-fifth of it. Tell us, if you please. Our miners would like to know.

He next growls at New Mexico for having surveyors in the field running boundary line between that Territory and this, for the reason that McCormick has a little bill before Congress, asking $30,000 for the performance of this little job. Gracious heavens, here are the people of Northern Arizona without proper mail facilities, proper protection from hostile Indians, and yet McCormick and his myrmidons forget our wants, and use all their time and energy to get needless appropriation bills like this passed, so that they can enrich themselves by stealing the funds.

We wish Congress to distinctly understand that, first of all, we need increased mail service, and more soldiers.

The vile wretch subsides by charging that fraudulent votes were cast for Brady, when he very well knows that McCormick has twice been elected by illegal votes.

We started into the *Citizen*, hoping to get some news items, but finding it contained nothing but "McCormick, Governor Safford, the MINER, Dooner, Duffield," our complete office, etc., and were about to cast it aside, when we actually discovered that Governor Safford had some school-books for distribution among people exposed to hostile Indians, and some more guns for the children, which rash announcements prompt us to advise the Gov. to keep the guns until next election, and sell the books to the highest bidder, for cash. That is what McCormick would do with them.

From the South.

Aaron Wertheimer and I. Q. Dickason arrived home Tuesday night last, from Southern Arizona. They visited Wickenburg, Phœnix, Adamsville, Florence, Tucson and other places, and met with kind treatment everywhere. Mr. Wertheimer, who had an eye single to the grain question, informs us that there is plenty of corn and barley in the southern country, and that owners were anxious to sell.

John Wasson, McCormick's dog-robber, had gone to California, after that immense printing office with which he dreams of killing the MINER, we presume. His brother (whom we hope to find a decent opponent), had arrived at Tucson, and taken charge of the Robbers' organ.

A private letter informs us that, before leaving, John Wasson tried to scare M. B. Duffield, by covering him with a pair of cocked derringers, but Duffield didn't scare worth a cent, and Wasson subsided, amid the jeers of those who witnessed his cowardly attempt to scare or kill an old man who was and is under heavy bonds to keep the peace! Hope the *Arizonan* will bring us the particulars of this dastardly affair.

Our Stage Lines.

It is gratifying to be able to state that travel, by stage, to this Territory, is increasing. Grant's line, from San Bernardino to Prescott, *via* Ehrenberg, La Paz and Wickenburg, is now, we learn, well patronized, and the accommodations along the line are better than ever before, especially on this side of the Colorado river. Not long ago, it was common to hear passengers growl at the accommodations upon this line; now while they assert that there is big room for improvement, they do not complain as of yore, so we take it that Mr. Grant and the station-keepers along the route are doing better than formerly. This is right, Central Arizona needs people, and they should not be deterred from coming here by poor stages, sickly teams, and bad fare.

The other line, from San Diego to Tucson, and the East, does not appear to be run in the interest of the Territory, although the Tucson paper published in the interest of Delegate McCormick, is lavish in its praise, and that of the gentleman who owns and runs the line. That the accomodations and management are not such as they ought to be, will be seen by the following, which we copy from a recent number of the San Diego (California) *Union:*

"Messrs. P. Arnold, of the Burro Mines; Walbridge, of Adamsville, and Cooper, of San Francisco, arrived in our city from Arizona on Tuesday last, *en route* to San Francisco. These gentlemen speak in severe terms of the bad management of the stage line from Fort Yuma to Tucson. They say that there is a wide field for improvement. The stage company will please take notice."

Now, the circulation of such reports as the foregoing are calculated to injure the southern portion of the Territory, by deterring travelers from passing through it, and we earnestly hope that if defects exist in the management of the line, they will be speedily remedied. The proprietor, we understand, gets well paid for carrying a semi-weekly mail over the route, and, with his income from passengers, ought to be able to keep up a good stage line.

THE Oroville (Cal.) *Record*, the ablest country paper in California, pitches into the Sacramento *Union* for its meanness in trying to urge the Administration to make war upon England, now that that dilapidated Power is in hot water with Russia. The *Record* is right. America can whip England at any time, and it would be an act of cowardice to go after the old bull, while he is warding off a bear with one horn. Let us wait, until the old fellow gets rid of the bear, before administering thrashing No. 3.

EX-SECRETARY Cox—the papers say—is a native of Montreal, Canada, and, therefore, not elegible to the Presidency. Grant knew this, or he wouldn't have "bucked" him out of his Cabinet.

From the West.

San Bernardino, Ehrenberg, La Paz and Wickenburg.

Our fellow-townsman, Calvin White, of the firm of Allen & White, arrived home on the night of the 13th inst., from San Bernardino, California, whither he went, a short time ago, in company with his relations, Judge Turner and wife, who have gone to "America." Mr. White made the trip in a buggy, with one other gentleman, and had a fair opportunity for seeing sights and gathering news. We are indebted to him for information from which we construct the following:

SAN BERNARDINO

And the delightful region of which it is the principal town have improved greatly in the past few years. Many fine edifices have been erected in the town, and the country has gained heavily in wealth and population. Although trade was brisk, Mr. White saw but little money in circulation, and most of that, we all know, went from Arizona, for freight, fruit, goods, etc., for the trade of town and county with this Territory is considerable. Despite the scarcity of money, the people appeared happy and content, which is the right way to feel and appear. They kept up the old custom of marrying and giving in marriage, yet Mr. White saw enough good-looking single ladies to furnish half the bachelors of Yavapai county with better halves, and assures us that he filed notices upon two—one for himself and another for the Arizona MINER.

EHRENBERG,

The first town met with after leaving San Bernardino, and which is on the east bank of the Colorado river, in Arizona, is, according to Mr. W., one of the liveliest places this side of San Francisco. Although not 2 years old, the place has many fine buildings, and new ones are constantly going up. The landing, in front of the place being one of the best on the river, and the warehouses of Messrs. Goldwater & Bro., Bryant & Frank, and others, being large, safe establishments, nearly all the freight that comes to Northern Arizona is stored at Ehrenberg, until teams are provided to haul it to its destination. So that, with the constant arrival of steamers from Arizona City and the mouth of the Colorado; the arrival of freight trains from California, and Central Arizona, as well as two stages a week, it is no great wonder that Ehrenberg is a lively, growing place. Besides, it is easy of access from the interior.

LA PAZ,

Which was once the chief town of the Colorado, is situated some five or six miles above Ehrenberg, some distance from the river, owing to which latter fact, it has lost wealth, people and prestige. But, it was by no means a dead town when Mr. White visited it. Court was in session, and people were in attendance from all parts of the Territory, so that the old town presented some of the former bustle and activity that used to prevail in its streets. But, it is proposed to take from it the honor and profit of being the seat of Government for Yuma county, and, should its rivals succeed in doing this, speedy decay and dissolution will follow.

WICKENBURG,

Was prosperous, as usual. The Vulture Mining Company's 40-stamp mill, which is located about a mile above the town, was crushing rich gold rock, and producing a great deal of bullion. Many new houses have recently been erected in the town, and above and below it, on the banks of the Hassayampa. Long trains of wagons, drawn by mules, were constantly arriving from Ehrenberg, Phœnix, Prescott and other points, with goods, grain, lumber, etc. It was believed that the ten-stamp mill in town, would soon commence crushing ore.

AN EXPRESS OFFICE.

Mr. White says Wells, Fargo & Co.. will immediately establish an express office at Wickenburg; which does not surprise us. The wonder is that they have not done so long ago. He further says that one will be opened at Prescott, before many weeks. This is good news.

STATIONS AND STATION-KEEPERS.

He is not very lavish in his praise of a majority of the station-keepers along the route, and the manner in which they keep their stations, but speaks in high terms of Charles Culling, keeper of the station at Culling's Well, who, he says, has a nice, clean place, and takes pleasure in treating travelers well. Wish the others would copy after Charley. We know it would be to their profit to do so.

STANFIELD'S TRAIN

And numerous teams belonging to farmers and traders of San Bernardino county, California, were passed on the way. In fact, Mr. White says he never before saw so many teams on the road, and that our citizens may soon expect lots of good things.

FROM TUCSON.—The Tucson *Arizonan* of December 3d has been received. It contains a full account of Wasson's cowardly attack upon Major Duffield; says Dr. J. C. Handy had arrived there to surrender himself, but as the affair was committed in this county, he will have to come to Prescott. Anthony Dorman had been found guilty of murder.... Governor Pesquiera, of Sonora, had taken the field against the Apaches, at the head of a large force.

LATEST WAR REPORTS.

Terrific Fighting.

We condense as follows from files of the Los Angeles Daily *News:*

The N. Y. *World's* correspondent at Tours says Prussian despatches concerning the fighting on the 28th ult. were fallacious. The French, near Orleans, had inflicted great loss on the enemy.

Prussians say that a battle raged the whole of the 30th in front of Paris, and that the French were repulsed at every point. Garibaldians reported routed. French Army of the North reported demoralized. Prussian loss at Amiens was 21 officers and 1,300 privates.

A London dispatch of December 2 says Gen. Ducrot, with 100,000 men, had succeeded in cutting through the Prussian lines, in front of Paris, and a Prussian dispatch of the day following admits the fact, by stating General Von Tampling reports to King William that on Friday morning the Second Saxon Army Corps, under Prince George; the Eleventh Wurtemburg Corps, under General O. Berlvitz; and the Second Prussian Corps, supported by a powerful artillery fire, attacked the French, under Gen. Ducrot, who, after their unsuccessful

ATTEMPT TO EXTRICATE THEMSELVES

From the Prussian environment upon Wednesday, retreated to the line of the Marne, and prepared to hold that position, having occupied the villages of Brie-sur-marne upon the north and Champigny directly on the south, both flanks resting upon the villages Yesterday morning the Prussians moving forward, in greatly reinforced strength, gallantly

ASSAILED THE FRENCH LINE

At these points, which had been held by them since Tuesday, and recaptured Champigny and Brie. Ducrot fell back under the guns of the forts; and the Prussians, in the face of a terrific musketry and artillery fire, reoccupied these works, and immediately strengthened them by new lines. Their guns were replaced and answered the French field artillery of fifty pieces, and

A VIGOROUS CANNONADE

Ensued, in which both sides suffered greatly. About 9 o'clock the French artillery fire was reinforced by a furious cannonade from all the forts upon the eastern side of Paris, under cover of which

A GREAT FRENCH SORTIE

Issued from Paris and crossed the Marne to the support of General Ducrot. The German troops fought for hours under a withering storm of shot from Fort Nogent and its redoubts, Fort de Rosny, and powerful batteries upon Mount Avron. The Prussians at Brinsvilliers were exposed to the combined fires of Forts de Rosny, Nogent and Avron, while the Sixth and Eleventh Carps at Champigny, received a fearful cannonading and cross fire from Castle Vincennes and the outworks of Nogent. The French infantry of the line were handled splendidly but ineffectively. The battle was of three to four hours duration, and

ONE OF THE HARDEST CONTESTED ENGAGEMENTS

Thus far fought. At 3 o'clock the bombardment from the French Forts slackened, and the French retired, leaving several hundred prisoners in the hands of the Prussians. The number of slain is very great, the ground in front of Champigny, Brie and Villiers is

STREWN WITH THE DEAD,

The village of Brie is now free from the troops of either the German or French armies as the whole village is nearly destroyed by the French shot The losses on both sides are enormous, The action, in its results, was one of the

UTMOST DESTRUCTIVENESS

To the two opposing armies. The Second Saxon Army Corps, under Prince George, had nearly all its officers killed or wounded. The French sharpshooters were exceedingly active and picked off the Prussian line officers, which accounts for their severe losses.

Another Prussian dispatch credits Von Der Tann with having defeated the French in successive combats west of Orleans

The French claim to have captured many prisoners and cannon in front of Paris. *Te deum* was chanted at Tours, for the victory.

A Tours dispatch claims that the Prussians were surrounded in front of Paris, and that Trochu had 300 cannon outside the walls.

A London dispatch of the 3d says the 15th French corps were defeated and driven back, in a recent fight near Nantes. Prussians captured several hundred prisoners, and 11 guns.

The Germans, after evacuating Amiens, blew up a bridge, to protect retreat.

It was reported that Manteufel was hastening to Paris, and that Prussians had been repulsed from Autun.

Two sorties were made from Paris on the 3d, one of which was repulsed. The other gained the village near Brie Sur-Marne. During the fight, a shell was accidentally fired into Paris.

French Army of the Loire was intrenched, and surrounded by heavy forces of Prussians

A Berlin dispatch of the 4th is as follows.

Military situation of the army in the best informed circles, is deemed critical.

It is stated on good authority that Bismarck insists that he must and will retire from office until convention with the South German States is adopted unaltered

The Latest.

England and Russia were making great preparations for war, although a conference to settle the Eastern question was talked of.

A Tours dispatch, of December 5th says:

In the engagement of the 3d at Patay, 20,000 French held ground against 60 000 of Prince Frederick Charles' army, but were cut to pieces by the shells of the enemy The German Artillery was served with fearful and overwhelming effect The Papal Zouaves fought bravely but were nearly all killed.

The government appeals to the people of France to maintain a resistance which they say will certainly end in triumph.

The army of the Loire is still over 200 000 strong, and 800,000 French will be in arms in a month even if Paris should fall.

London, Dec 6.—The Prussians sent a flag of truce into Paris announcing that Orleans had been taken and the Loire army routed with the loss of 30 guns and 1,000 prisoners.

It is reported that General Ducrot is killed.

King telegraphs to Queen Augusta on the 5th Orleans was occupied last night with[illegible]cing stormed. Third Corps took 10 cannon and mitrailleur. Eight Corps, 1st Army, on the 4th, beat the French in several conflicts north-east of Rouen, taking some guns and 4,000 prisoners. Prussian loss, 1 killed and 40 wounded.

Domestic News.

Judge Goldthwaite (Democrat) is elected U. S. Senator from Alabama. Robertson has been re-elected U. S Senator from South Carolina. North Carolina has elected ex-Gov. Vance to the U. S. Senate.

THE LITTLE CORPORAL MAGAZINE for December closes the eleventh volume of that brilliant juvenile. The magazine has now been published five years and a half, and has attained an unprecedented popularity and circulation. It is now enlarged, improved, and beautifully illustrated. The November and December numbers of 1870 are offered free to all who subscribe now for the next year. Don't fail to give your children this sterling juvenile magazine. It is published in Chicago, Illinois, by Sewell & Miller, at one dollar and a half a year, 15 cents for a single copy. Beautiful and generous premiums are given for clubs.

A Gallant Cavalry Troop.

We see, by recent New Mexican papers that B Troop, Eighth Cavalry, (Captain Wm. McCleave), bear as high a reputation for success in finding and killing Indians there, as the troop did here, and that is saying a great deal for B.

Heard From.

L. W. Worth, formerly of this place, was recently enjoying himself in Indiana. He is coming back soon.

THE vote of Denver, Colorado, at the recent election, is given at 1,474, quite a respectable vote for a young mountain city.

Miscellaneous Ads.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, made on the first day of March A. D. 1870, in the matter of the estate of Hilton Hadley, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Monday, the [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1871, in front of the office of J. P. Romtree, auctioneer, in the town of Prescott, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said intestate, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, other than or in addition to that of the said intestate, at the time of his death, in and to all those certain pieces, parcels, tracts or lots of land lying and being in the County of Yavapai, and described as follows, to wit:

Three hundred feet in the Benedict mining lode, 600 feet in the Clinton lode; 660 New Eldorado; 660 Manhattan; 600 Marsh; 660 Catawba; 660 Hoo Doo; 900 Walrus; 660 Aguandiente; 660 Hiawatha; 660 Minnehaha; 85 5-7 Washington; 84⅛ Webster; 84⅛ Thomas Jefferson; 87½ Monroe; 84⅛ General Mason; 84⅛ John Q. Adams; 87½ Madison; 83⅛ Iron Clad. Also, 1-9 interest in the auxiliary claim to the Minnehaha mining lode.

Also, possessory right to 160 acres of land situate on Walnut Creek, near Camp Hualpai.

Also, the following town lots, in the town of Prescott, to-wit: Lot No. 1 in block No. 2; lots Nos. 42, 43 and 44 in block No. 20; lot No. 18, in block No. 32; lot No. 5, in block No. 31; and lot No. 16 in block No. 22.

F. A. COOK, Administrator.

Prescott, December 8, 1870.

JACKSON & BRO'S
Bar & Billiard Saloon,

Next door to Campbell & Buffum's Brick Store,

Montezuma Street, Prescott,

Contains two of Phelan & Collender's best Billiard Tables, and is well supplied with choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

We have recently renovated, refurnished and fixed up our Saloon, so that it is now the neatest and coolest place of resort in Northern Arizona. JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, February 6, 1869.

LOOK HERE!

You can buy R. E. Farrington's Ranch, situated two miles northeast of Fort Whipple, for $1,500, in Legal Tender. R. E. FARRINGTON.

Prescott, A. T., Sept. 26, 1870. oct1tf

PIONEER STABLE,

Granite Street, Prescott.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

First class Saddle and Buggy Teams.

All stock in this Stable will be WELL FED and cared for. Plenty of Stable room and a large Corral.

Come and see me.

jul2 F. C. AYRES.

PARKER, WATTSON & CO.

Importers, Jobbers and Manufacturers of

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

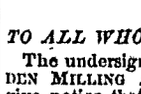
306 & 308 Clay Street,

(One door above Front),

GEO. A. BARKER, SAM. B. WATTSON, DAVID CONKLING. } SAN FRANCISCO.

Pioneer Meat Market.

Granite Street, Prescott.



Constantly on hand,

Beef, Pork, Mutton,



Pork Sausages, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

WM. N. KELLY, Proprietor

Prescott, November 27, 1869.

NEW STORE AT PHŒNIX.

We have opened a store near J. W. Swilling's, and intend to keep on hand all kinds of

Groceries,
Provisions,
Dry Goods,
Clothing,

And a General Assortment of Merchandize

WM. A. HANCOCK & CO

Phœnix, A. T., Sept 15, 1870.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, THIRD JUDICIAL District, County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an execution issued out of the District Court, of the Third Judicial District, in and for Yavapai county, Arizona Territory, in an action of C. A. Luke & Co., *vs.* W. Z. Thomson, attested on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1870, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest which the said W. Z. THOMSON had on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1870, in and to the following described property, to wit:

That certain ranch and improvements thereon, situated in Williamson Valley, in the county of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, and lying west of Wm. Simmons' ranch, and north of the ranch of F. L. Manning, and I will offer the above described property for sale, at public auction, and will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, in front of the Court House, in the town of Prescott, county of Yavapai, on SATURDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day.

Witness my hand, at Prescott, this 21st day of November, A. D. 1870.

JOHN L. TAYLOR, Sheriff Yavapai County.

By F. C. AYRES, Deputy. nv26td

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, under the name and style of the HAYDEN MILLING AND FARMING DITCH COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have this day claimed ten thousand (10,000) inches—to be measured under two inches pressure—of the waters of Salt River; to be taken from said river at or near a butte, to the left of the main road to the Gila River, from Phœnix, and on the south side of said river. And the said Haydon Milling and Farming Ditch Company are at work on the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN, A. W. FIELDS, E. R. BROWN. ROBT. SAVERY, WM. GARRETT.

Phœnix, A. T., Nov. 17, 1870. nv26m3

PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.

On hand and for sale, an excellent assortment of Ready-Made BOOTS, etc., for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gentlemen.

Boots, shoes, etc., made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. Prices reasonable. JOHN LAUGHLIN.

Notice to Settle.

We are hard up for cash, and wish that our patrons would come to our relief. Your accounts are all ready for presentation. G. W. BARNARD & CO.

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 1st, 1870.

The Miner.

Local Intelligence.

PRESCOTT, December 17, 1870.

New Advertisements.

As nothing pays an honest newspaper better than its advertising, we can well afford to call attention to the new advertisements in to-days MINER, and will commence with that offering lots for sale in the town of Phœnix, which is situate in the great agricultural valley of Salt River, near the geographical centre of the Territory, and which, it is now thought, will soon become the seat of Government of Arizona, and the principal town on the line of the 32d parallel railroad. The lots will be sold cheap, on the following terms: One-third of the purchase money down; the balance, as soon as the town commissioners secure title from Government, when deeds will be made to the lots. At present, the town is growing rapidly; new flouring mills are being erected, and there is every inducement for investing in lots. Persons at a distance may rest assured that Phœnix is not a "paper town," and that, should they invest, at the approaching sale, they will not be swindled.

Dr. R. Cutler notifies the public that he has opened an office on the east side of the plaza, and is prepared to perform all sorts of dental work, from pulling a single tooth, to inserting a whole mouthful. That he is a skilful dentist, is vouched for by many leading citizens of California, from which State he hails.

S. Lazard & Co., inform their Arizona friends that they are still in the clothing and dry-goods business, at their old stand, opposite the Bella Union Hotel, Main street, Los Angeles, California, and better prepared than ever before to fill orders for our merchants and people generally.

Harris & Jacoby publish the fact that they still keep the largest and best stock of books, stationery, cutlery, fresh garden seeds, etc., etc., to be found this side of San Francisco, and as they have heretofore dealt squarely with Arizonans, we hope to see their trade with our people increase. Their place of business is No 2, Downey's Block, Main street, Los Angeles, California.

Henderson & Bro, of Prescott, have 1200 good grain sacks, which they offer for sale at 25 cts. each. Also, Goshen Butter—the best we have ever tasted—for $1, per pound.

Barnard & Co., manufacture all kinds of candy, and keep them for sale at the post office. Being afflicted with a bad cold, we have been living on their "maple sugar candy," for some time past, and, in the language of the quacks, can attest to its wonderful curative qualities. Buy, some, everybody.

New Subscribers.

Jack W. Swilling, of Phœnix, this Territory, has again placed us under obligations for a list of new subscribers. Our Phœnix list is now very large, and the people of that thriving settlement send, also, several copies of the MINER to their relatives and friends in the Atlantic and Gulf States

D. S. Lount, an old Arizonan, now of San Francisco, has also been working for us, and secured several subscribers at the Bay City, for which he will please accept our thanks.

The circulation of the MINER has always been, greater than that of all other papers in the Territory, and it seems its friends are determined that it shall keep ahead of them all, even if they have been—and are now—backed up by the patronage of the Government and its officers, while the MINER has had to look to the public for its support.

Good Coal.

The extensive coal ledge recently found near Camp Thomas, in the Eastern part of this county, has been throughly tested and pronounced first-rate. Government is now using it in its forges. Besides our mines of gold, silver, copper and salt, we can now congratulate ourselves upon having good coal beds throughout Northern Arizona.

Phœnix Items.

Our correspondent at this place sends us the following, in a letter of the 8th inst

We are having our winter now Ice has frozen about, here as thick as a window glass, for two nights in succession. Weather clear and pleasant. It would please you to see the large fields of wheat and barley now getting green. A very large crop will be sown here. The sweet potato crop was a good one. J. L Mercer, our Representative, has sold about 30,000 lbs, and quite a number of others having pretty large crops J. W. Swilling is over on the other side of the river with a party of men, laying out the Hayden ditch. We are going to have a mill, certain, and very probably two of them. J. T A.

New Goods.

Levi Bashford, and his assistants, have been very busy the past week, stowing away the immense stock of goods just received from New York, and they are not yet much more than half through,

Lumber for the South.

Hazard's train went out to the Quartz-Mountain Saw-mill early the present week, and took on lumber, which C C. Bean is going to send to Salt River and the Gila, for sale. The train will not leave this section for several days.

Religious Discourse.

Rev. Mr. Gilmore, Chaplain at Fort Whipple, delivered a religious discourse at the Court Room, in this town, Sunday last, to a respectable congregation, all of whom were well pleased with the reverend gentleman's first effort here.

Selling at Cost.

Cook & Bowers give notice, by printed posters, that they are selling their stock of groceries, provisions, clothing, etc., at cost prices.

Arrival of a Mininster.

Rev. Alexander Groves, of the Methodist Church South, arrived here from Phœnix, Salt River, Tuesday evening last, and will hold Divine services in the court-room, sunday next. Services to commence at 11 o'clock a. m. Mr. Groves called on us Wednesday afternoon, and informed us that he came to the Territory under the auspices of the Los Angeles Conference, for the purpose and with the view, of establishing churches and religious communities in this Territory. So far, he has met with good encouragement. At Phœnix, he met with the kindest of treatment, and says the good people of that place are going to build a church, and are anxious to have him or some other minister settle there. Mr. G. will go around among the people of Prescott and vicinity, and should he meet with the right kind of encouragement, will, we think settle down among us, and work for our salvation. We wish him success in the mission he has taken.

Mining Items.

WALKER DISTRICT,

Messrs. Huddleson & Wade have leased the Thunderbolt mill—consisting of a quartz crusher and four arastras—which are run by steam, and are going to use it for crushing ore from the Tie-Tie and other lodes. It appears that the deeper the Tie-Tie is sunk upon, the richer it gets, for we learn that C. Y. Shelton recently got $100 out of one pan decomposed ore!

Work upon the Pointer and other lodes is progressing favorably.

WALNUT GROVE DISTRICT,

Henry & Co., have finished working about 18 tons of ore, which paid them very well. So we learn from Messrs. Cullumber & Wainwright, who arrived here Thursday afternoon last, from Walnut Grove.

BIG BUG,

We have no news from this district, but presume the mill is working away.

BRADSHAW DISTRICT,

The miners are at work taking out ore. Prospectors have recently found several fine ledges.

The recent rain and snow will enable our placer miners to move on their works, and take out lots of gold dust, which we hope soon to see in circulation.

G. W. Curtis, of the Quartz Mountain Saw mill, has a rich placer mine out there, in a gulch, near the mill, from which he recently took about $15, in less than seven hours.

WICKENBURG,

Tom Donovan, driver of the stage between Wickenburg and Prescott, informs us that the ten-stamp quartz mill at the former place is running on Mayflower ore. Mr. Tiernan has charge of the mill.

From Camp Verde.

Corporal Flinn, arrived from the Verde Thursday afternoon, in charge of the mail, and brought us a letter, from which we learn that the scouting party recently sent out by Captain W. H. Brown, commander of Camp Verde, returned on the 13th, after having met with moderate success. Captain Monihan, Third Cavalry, was in command. Another party, under command of Lieutenant Morton A. A. Q M, was to have left the post on the 15th inst, to search for savages. Work upon the new post was progressing favorably. The foundations were finished, but the saw-mill had not commenced running, and, of course, the walls cannot be made until after the lumber is made. We now quote from the letter:

Messrs. Arnold & Burroughs have made a road from the Post to their new ranch, near Montezuma wells. They have also built two houses and a large corral. The country surrounding their place is well supplied with fine ash trees, some of which are at least two feet in diameter, and would make excellent plank. But, I presume, no one will think of having the timber thus manufactured into plank, which would be worth at least 10 cents per foot in this country. That which the Government receives costs not less than $1 per foot.

A number of persons are here on their way to settle at Peck's Lake, some 18 or 10 miles distant, up the Verde river.

Henry A. Eastman is now the trader at the post, and has a large stock of goods on hand.

Our New Roads.

Thanks to the military, we have now two pretty fair new roads—one connecting us with New Mexico and the Atlantic States; the other, with Camp McDowell, Phœnix, Adamsville, Florence, Tucson and all other points in Southern Arizona. Dan. Hazard's immense freight train has just made the trip from the end of the Kansas Pacific Railroad. In coming here, Dan took the new road from the Little Colorado to Prescott, and, although his train was the first to pass over it, he encountered no obstacles worth noticing, and says a little more travel over it, and forty or fifty more days' work would make it the best mountain road on the Pacific. It is well supplied with wood, water and grass.

We put great faith in this new road, and think that, ere long, a good line of stages will be placed upon it by some man or company of men

Major Perkins, U. S. A, whose company, F, of the 12th Infantry, have made most of the southern road, assures us that he left that road in fair condition, as may be guessed from the fact that several heavily-laden government wagons, drawn by six-mule teams recently went down to McDowell and came back over it They pulled up the worst hill on the road—that between Turkey creek and the top of the *mesa*, without having to double. Travel and a little more labor will make of it an excellent road

These, with the roads running west and north from Prescott, give our merchants advantages over those of any interior town in Arizona, and we hope to see them make good use of these advantages, for the general good.

We call upon those merchants and others who promised to raise a purse to be presented to the soldiers who built these roads, to make good their promises, now that the roads are built, and the men need a little money to replace the extra clothing worn out by them while digging out stumps, rolling bowlders, etc., for soldiers' pay. Many private citizens stand ready to contribute, and all that is necessary to raise a snug sum is for some man or men to go around and collect.

Sold Out.

N. Beardslee has disposed of the stock of fruit, etc., recently brought here by him, from California, and is about to return home to El Monte, California. His goods went off like hot cakes, and he thinks of bringing out another stock. He says Prescott is the best town on the Pacific coast for small traders, and we believe him.

The Coming Ball.

Promises to be a "stunning" affair. A new floor is to be laid in Moeller's splendid hall, where it is to take place; the walls thereof will be splendidly "illustrated," or decorated, the best music on the continent of Arizona will be in attendance, no loafers, rowdies, or disreputable persons of either sex will be admitted or allowed to participate in the entertainment, and to crown all, the supper which will be served at Hagan's restaurant, will be equal, if not superior, to any that has ever been devoured in this town. We get these facts from the managers, and getters-up of the ball.

Recent Improvements.

John G. Campbell, of the firm of Campbell & Buffum, is never happy unless when making improvements, so, no sooner was his fine brick warehouse completed than he set to work tearing partitions, chimneys, etc., out of the sales-room, which is now one of the largest, and most comfortable stores in town. Drop in and see the new arrangements.

D. Henderson & Bro., have about completed, a veranda which covers the brick sidewalks in front and on the west side of their brick store, makes the building look better and affords protection from snow and rain, to passers-by as well as corner loungers.

Jos. Ehle has lately added some substantial improvements to his residence, on Montezuma street, which now looks exceedingly well, and is extremely comfortable.

Several other citizens of town are having improvements made on their private dwellings, and businèss places, and we know that our farmers are also building and improving, for they are constantly taking out lumber to their ranches.

Gone Home—Flour, Etc.

Mr. Summers, who has proved himself a good friend to the consumers of flour, hereabouts, started for his home, at Adamsville, Saturday last. The flour depot opened here by him, is in charge of Thomas Cordiz, who is doing a big business, selling flour at $13.00 per cwt., retail, and $11.00, wholesale. This flour was made from Arizona wheat, in an Arizona mill, and is said to be good. It is, also, cheap, and we are not surprised to learn that it meets with ready sale. Bichard & Co., the makers, say they are bound to keep this market well supplied with good flour, etc.; and to live up to their advertised promises.

Arizona-Cured Bacon.

J. H. Lee brought a wagon-load of nice looking bacon to town, Wednesday last, which he himself had cured at his place in Round Valley, near Prescott. We believe this was the first load of "native bacon," ever brought to this market. We are gradually becoming independent, and not many years will pass by before we will have bacon, beef, mutton, etc., to sell to our neighbors.

From Camp Hualpai.

D. Henderson, who returned home from Camp Hualpai, Tuesday evening, informs us that Capt. Van Vliet, U. S. A., had returned from the Wallapai country, whither he went to have a talk with the Wallapais. The Captain informed Mr. Henderson that most of the Wallapais had left the road, and that he met but few of them. Although they felt sore over the recent killing of one of their number, Capt. Van Vliet does not think they will again commence war. Hope not.

Rain and Snow.

It commenced raining here, about one o'clock, on the night of the 14th instant, and continued to do so until next morning, when snow commenced falling, and kept falling, at intervals, until about dark on the evening of the 15th, when the storm ceased. The ground is now pretty well soaked, and there is plenty of water in the creeks for mining purposes. It snowed some more yesterday afternoon.

List of Passengers

The following named persons arrived here Thursday evening by Grant's stage: I. N. Dawley, Mail Agent; W. B Hellings, of Camp McDowell, Dr. Pierson, of Wickenburg; Col. Jackson, of Prescott; Mr. Stansfield, of Los Angeles; and Mr. Crapo, of Skull Valley The last named gentleman has recently arrived in the Territory, from New York State.

COL. M. D. DOBBINS, of this Territory, has been showing the local of the San Francisco *Examiner*, a copy of an old hand-bill, advertising a sale of water-front property in that city, as early as 1847. The relic in question was found among the effects of a man who lost his life in Arizona, a couple of years ago.

Boots, Shoes, etc.

John Laughlin's new establishment on Montezuma street is now one of the neatest in town. The front room is well filled with ready-made boots, shoes, gaiters, etc. for ladies', childrens' and gentlemens' wear, also, material for new work. All these articles having been selected with great care, by Mr. Laughlin, while in San Francisco recently, it is almost useless to inform the people of Arizona, for whom they were purchased, that they are of good quality, and that all from the youngest to the oldest, can be fitted and suited by calling upon John.

His workshop in the rear of the salesroom, is one of the busiest places in Prescott, good workmen being constantly employed, making and repairing to order

His prices will be found to be in accordance with the times, and we advise our friends to call at John's, and get a good, comfortable fit nov19tf.

Farmers and Gardeners, Attention.

Do you want to buy seeds and plants that you may surely rely on? Go to Sevin Vincent & Co., the well-known Seed Dealers, 607 Sansome St., between Washington and Jackson Streets, San Francisco, and Brooklyn, Alameda county. Mr Sevin Vincent is the only Seed Grower of California. He guarantees the superior quality of his seeds and all those imported he tests with the greatest care before selling Be sure he will sell you the best and cheapest. nov19m

New Advertisements.

HARRIS & JACOBY,

No 2, Downey's Block, Main St., opposite Commercial Street, Los Angeles, California

DEALERS IN

Books,
Stationery,
Jewelry,
Fine Cutlery,
HARDWARE, PAINTS, OIL, Etc.

Cigars, Tobacco, Stationery, Schoolbooks, &c.
Fancy Goods, Toys, Hosiery,
Under-Garments, Neckties,
Gloves, Shoe-Findings,
Hardware, Paints, Oil, Window Glass,
Looking Glasses, Picture Frames,
Wall Paper, Mouldings, &c.
Vienna Matches, Pipes, Playing Cards,

POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY,

Combs and Brushes, Musical Instruments,
Perfumery, and Yankee Notions.

SCHOOL BOOKS sold at San Francisco Cost.

The latest Magazines and Newspapers always on hand. Also, constantly receiving

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

All of which they will sell at the VERY LOWEST cash prices. dec17

COUGHS, COLDS AND CANDY.

One pound of fresh made candy—warranted pure—is worth more than a dozen pounds of imported trash.
BARNARD & CO. manufacture it.
Prescott, Dec. 17, 1870. dc17tf

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. R. CUTLAR, of California, has arrived in Prescott to remain for a short time. Persons in need of his professional services will do well to call early, as his stay will be limited to a few weeks only. First class Dental Operations guaranteed.
Office, on Plaza, East side.
Prescott, Dec. 17, 1870. dc17ml

S. LAZARD & CO.

Main street—(Opposite the Bella Union Hotel),
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

Wholesale and Retail. dec17.

New Advertisements.

GRAIN SACKS!

Twelve Hundred A No 1 Grain Sacks on hand and for sale at 25 cents each.
D. HENDERSON & BRO.
Prescott, December 17, 1870.

GOSHEN BUTTER!

We are now selling good Goshen Butter at $1.00 per pound.
D. HENDERSON & BRO.
Prescott, December 17, 1870.

GREAT SALE OF TOWN LOTS,

—AT—

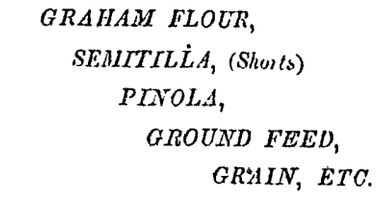
Phœnix, Arizona.

On the 23d and 24th of December, 1870.

One third of the purchase money will be required at the time of the sale,—the balance when the title is made.
Phœnix, Arizona, December 10, 1870.

BILLIARDS!

MESSRS. PHELAN & COLLENDER,



The well-known Billiard Table Manufacturers, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete assortment of

BILLIARD TABLES, CLOTHS, CUES, Etc.,

On this coast The Tables are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS.

The new Composition Billiard Ball, made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Company, of Albany, New York, the best substitute for ivory yet discovered, for sale only by us. Price, $12.00 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO E. PHELAN, 541 Market St

N B.—The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions.
nv26m3

W. BICHARD & CO.

Have opened—*at Prescott, a Flour and Grain Depot*, on the corner of Granite and Gurley streets, in the building formerly occupied by Henderson & Bro., and will keep constantly on hand,

FLOUR,

(In 50 and 100lb sacks, warranted extra)

CORN MEAL,
GRAHAM FLOUR,
SEMITILLA, (Shorts)
PINOLA,
GROUND FEED,
GRAIN, ETC.

Which will be sold, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices

Our Flour is made at the new mill recently constructed at Adamsville, which is provided with all the improved machinery of the day, and we have as good a miller as can be found on the Pacific slope.

NOTICE.—Should any gritty flour be sold in this market, the public may rest assured that we will not be chargeable therefor, as we neither manufacture nor sell flour of this character. W. BICHARD & CO

THOMAS CORDIZ, Agent.
Prescott, December 10, 1870

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, have taken up and do claim for milling, farming and other purposes, sections 28 and 29, Government survey, on the south side of Salt River, taking in two Buttes on either side the main road from Phœnix to Gila river, and all persons are hereby notified of the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN,
J. W. FIELDS,
A. F. GARRETT,
E K. BROWN

Phœnix, November 17, 1870 dc10tJ

REMOVAL.

NEW LODGING HOUSE.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public that he has fitted up, in good style, R. E. Elliott's house, on Montezuma street, a few doors north of D. Henderson & Bro's Brick Store, and is now prepared to accommodate citizens and strangers, with good, Clean Beds, at Reasonable Prices.
The place is one of the quietest in Prescott.
NEWTON COLE.
Prescott, December 10, 1870. dc10m2

FAIR WARNING.

All persons indebted to the firm of Campbell & Buffum, must settle prior to January 1st, 1870.
CAMPBELL & BUFFUM.
Prescott, A. T., Dec. 9, 1870.

MERRY CHRISTMAS.

The Prescott Quadrille Band respectfully announce that they will give a ball at Dr. Moeller's Saloon, on Friday night, December 23d. No pains will be spared to make this the ball of the season. A general invitation is extended to all.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

J. P. Hargrave, R. E. Elliott, E J. Cook, J. L. Taylor, J. H. Behan, J. H. Marion, Prescott; A. Barnett, Wickenburg; P. Gabriel, Kirkland Valley; R. Postle, Chino Valley.

FLOOR MANAGERS:

G. D. Kendall, J. P. Hargrave, S. C. Miller.

TICKETS:—$12.00, including supper.
Prescott, December 3, 1870.

AZTLAN LODGE, No. 177, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on the last Saturday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M.
Sojourning brethren are fraternally invited to attend.
G. W. CURTIS, W. M.
E. W. WELLS, Secretary.

I. O. O. F., ARIZONA LODGE, NO. 1.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on Wednesday Evenings, at Masonic Hall. Members of the Order, in good standing, are invited to attend. T. S. RUFF, N. G.
E. J. COOK, R. S.

A full supply of all the **Patent Medicines** At Dr. KENDALL'S Pioneer Drug Store

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

Miscellaneous.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Tinware, Glassware, Crockery, Mining and Farming Tools, Paints, Glass, Oils, Putty, Stationery, Cutlery, Confectionary, Perfumery, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Medicines, Children's Toys, Fireworks, &c.

They particularly invite the special attention of Farmers to their AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, consisting of all kinds of,

Plows, Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Seed Sowers and Wheelbarrows,

Also, of the trade, to their

Fine Stock of Liquors,

All of which they will sell lower than any other traders in Central Arizona.

Give them a call, before purchasing elsewhere.
D. HENDERSON & BRO.,
Prescott, August 13, 1870.

PIONEER DRUG STORE.

Prescott,  **Arizona.**

On hand and for sale,

Hall's Balsam for the Lungs
Townsend's Sarsaparilla
Ayers' "
Bristol's "
Hall's "
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
" *Ague Cure,*
Osgood's India Cholagogue,
Brown's Jamaica Ginger,
Perry Davis's Pain Killer,
Goodale's Catarrh Remedy,
Brown's Bronchial Troches,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,
Dr. Devine's Pitch Lozenge,
Keating's Cough "
Jayne's Patent Medicines,

And, in fact, a full assortment of all the Patent Medicines usually found in drug-stores.

Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, Perfumery,

And a large supply of Dispensing Medicines.
N. B.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. G. D. KENDALL.
☞ Dr. Kendall's office—In rear of Drug Store,
Prescott, April 24, 1868.

MAGNOLIA BREWERY

AND SALOON,

Wickenburg, Arizona Territory.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public and his old friends, that he is now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, a superior quality of

LAGER BEER,

For Wholesale and Retail, in Bottles or Kegs.

THE SALOON is well supplied with excellent Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc., and contains

Two Good Billiard Tables.

The patronage of the public is solicited.
m14'68 A. H. PEEPLES, Proprietor.

PINE'S HOTEL,

San Bernardino,.....California.

This well-known hotel is open for the reception of guests at all hours of the day or night. The house has been repainted and re-furnished throughout. The table is abundantly supplied with the best of everything the market affords, and the sleeping accommodations of the house are excellent.

Attached to the hotel is a BAR, well stocked with good Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, a BILLIARD SALOON.

A FEED STABLE, where every care will be taken of animals, is also connected with the hotel.

☞ The Arizona and California Stages arrive at and depart from this hotel, and the undersigned solicits the patronage of persons passing to and from Arizona, as well as of the public generally C. STARKE.
San Bernardino, Cal, March 26, 1870. apr9

ARIZONA BREWERY AND SALOON:

Next Door to the Post Office,



Excellent Lager Beer,

Of our own manufacture,



Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Always on hand, and for sale.

JACKSON & BRO.
Prescott, October 2, 1869.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,



Done in Good Style, At the MINER Office.
Orders solicited. Prices reasonable.

JOHN H. MARION, Proprietor.
Prescott, Arizona, April 10, 1869.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of A. G. DUNN, Deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YAVAPAI, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same to the undersigned, administrator, at Prescott, in said county, within one year from this date.

All persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to save costs.

B. A. HUSSEY,
Prescott, A. T., Nov. 26, 1870. Administrator.
nv26m1

PACIFIC BREWERY,

MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the MINER Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,



Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale.

As we brew our own Beer, and take great pains to make it O K, lovers of the healthy, strengthening beverage will do well by calling upon us and trying our medicine.

JOHN RAIBLE,
PHILIP SHEERER.
Prescott, October 5, 1867.

STOCK RANCHED.

Grazed or fed on fodder, Apply to
BARNARD & CO., Post Office,
Prescott, A. T., Oct. 8, 1870.

The Miner.

Mark Twain's "Early Stunner."

I obtained it by crossing the yam of the tropics with the Canadian thistle, and by carefully selecting and cultivating the specimens for several seasons I have secured a product that permanently combines the earliness of the former and the endurance of the latter; in other words, my new potato is a rare combination of speed and bottom, and it will do to bet on. I have christened it the Early Stunner—a name suggested by its extraordinary qualities and performances. From millions of testimonials I select the following, which came entirely unsolicited from the celebrated Dr. Jones: "Having no land of my own I planted a pound of 'Early Stunners' in the macadamized road opposite my residence. One of my neighbors recommended an application of plaster, as he thought the road had been 'summer fallowed' too much to raise crops without a stimulant. As this was my first experience in agriculture I acted upon his suggestion, and applied one of Alcock's porous plasters to each hill. The result was amazing. On the 1st of July I had ten bushels of Buckeyes; July 2, 100 bushels of Pinkeyes; July 4, a pair of black eyes; July 6, twins: July 7, had to dig my potatoes or give bond to keep the peace. Accordingly I hired a couple of Irishmen, sunk a shaft in my front yard, tunnelled under the road, and soon struck a magnificent vein of potatoes. I shall never know how many bushels there were, for a rumor got abroad that there was an irruption of predatory Fenians. Before the next morning's sun burst, the last potato had disappeared, and I was ruined."

LENGTH.—At London, England and Bremen, Prussia, the longest day has sixteen and a half hours. At Stockholm, in Sweden, the longest day has eighteen and a half hours. At St. Petersburg, Russia, and Tobolsk, in Siberia, the longest day has nineteen hours and the shortest five hours. At Hamburg, in Germany, and Dantzic, in Prussia, the longest day has seventeen hours, and the shortest seven hours. At Tornea, in Finland, the longest day is twenty-one hours and a half, and the shortest two hours and a half. At Wardhuys, in Norway, the day lasts from the 21st of May to the 23d of July, without interruption; at Spitzenbergen the longest day is three and a half months. At New York, the longest day, June 19th, has fourteen hours and fifty-five minutes; at Montreal, fifteen and a half hours.

BE LIBERAL.—The surest road to poverty, is to hoard up treasure. The surest road to wealth, is to bestow liberally where it is most needed. The miser is the poorest on earth; the most liberal man is the most wealthy. If, therefore, you would be rich, do not aim at riches, but simply use what you already possess for the greatest possible number.

POTATOE SALED.—Boil six potatoes and six onions until they are soft. The potatoes must be sliced—not mashed. Mash the onions fine, and add to the potatoes, with some pepper, salt, and a small piece of butter. Then set it over the fire again, and add a little vinegar; when hot, serve it.

CORNED BEEF.—The *Scientific American* informs the ladies that if they would have corned beef juicy after it is cold, and not as dry as a chip, they should put it on to cook in boiling water, and they should not take it out of the pot when done until cold.

THERE will be fifty-three Sundays in the year 1871—the year beginning and ending on Sunday. It ought to be a good year and a happy one.

IT costs more to avenge wrongs than to bear them.

Another Editor.

Judging by the following, which we copy from a late number of the San Diego *Bulletin*, the editorial force of McCormick's organ, is, ere this, strengthened by another Wasson:

"Mr. Joseph Wasson, of the editorial fraternity, is in town, and proceeds to Tucson to-day to take charge of the *Citizen*, of that city."

THE San Francisco papers are claiming that McCormick has been elected Delegate to Congress from Arizona by 1,500 majority. That is a good majority, considering that there is not that number of voters in the Territory.—*Elko (Nevada) Independent.*

The San Francisco papers were mistaken, and so were you. This county—Yavapai—cast nearly 1,200 legal votes, a majority of which were against McCormick.

WASSON says: "General John B. Allen is a staunch Democrat." We would like to know when Mr. Allen acquired the title of Genera, or became a Democrat? Was it when Head waited upon him, and persuaded him to settle with the widow of ex-Secretary Carter?

QUERY.—It would please us to know for certain whether the Los Angeles *Star* and San Diego *Union*, of California are still published; also, the *Herald*, of Denver, Colorado. We have not seen a copy of these papers in a long time, and fear that they are among the dead.

Bold Robberies.

The recent robbing of trains on the Pacific Railroad startled everybody, and proved that Americans beat the world in doing both good and evil.

COL. DUNKELBERGER and family have left the Territory. The Colonel will soon get out of the army, and the army will not miss him, although McCormick may.

COLONEL D. BELTHOVER, a class-mate of Gen. Grant, died recently, at Mobile, Alabama, of yellow fever. He served the Southern States in the late war.

TOM FITCH, John Wasson's patron saint, stands accused of having said recently, at Elko, that "though defeated, the Republicans have one consolation — they leave the Democracy a bankrupt treasury and a ruined credit."

ALEXANDER TO VICTORIA.—Vicy, may I have some *Turkey?* Vic. to Aleck—Not yet, dear. *Bear* with the bird awhile longer, until Bismarck gets through with his *Nap*.

HERETOFORE, all Mark Twain's innocents have been abroad, but now he has one at home.

"And the baby has red hair."

Prescott Advertisements.

THE

LARGEST AND BEST

Assortment of Goods

Ever brought to Prescott, is now on hand at

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM'S

—Consisting of—

GROCERIES,	PROVISIONS,
WINES,	LIQUORS,
TOBACCO,	CIGARS,
CLOTHING,	DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS,	SHOES,
HARDWARE,	TINWARE,
GLASSWARE,	CROCKERY,
MINING TOOLS,	FARMING TOOLS,
PAINTS,	OILS,
GLASS,	PUTTY,
STATIONERY,	CUTLERY,
CONFECTIONERY,	PERFUMERY,
GUNS,	PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,	MEDICINES,
TOYS,	FIREWORKS,

&c., &c., &c.

☞ We can fit and suit anybody and everybody, in anything and everything, at all times, at

REASONABLE PRICES.

JOHN G. CAMPBELL,
W. M. BUFFUM.

Prescott, July 17, 1869.

WORMSER & WERTHEIMER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Liquors, Crockery, Hardware, Farming and Mining Implements, etc.,

CALL THE ATTENTION OF THEIR OLD pioneer friends and the public generally to their new and splendid assortment of goods, recently purchased, by one of the firm, in San Francisco, and now on hand at their store in Prescott.

Give us a call and see for yourselves. We are *not* selling for ruinous prices; our motto is and has been, "Live and Let Live."

Merchants, farmers, miners and others, wishing to purchase goods, would do well to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere.

M. WORMSER,
A. WERTHEIMER.

Prescott, Arizona, February 1, 1870. my16'68

HERBERT BOWERS,

Post Trader, Fort Whipple, A. T.,

Has recently replenished his stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Can Fruits, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.,

He, also, keeps constantly on hand and for sale, the following articles, all of which are manufactured at his Agua Frio Mill, 20 miles east from Prescott:

Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts.

The flour is as good as the best imported California, of which it takes precedence in this market.

Prices Reasonable.

Call and examine for yourselves.

H. BOWERS, Post Trader,
mar26 Fort Whipple.

ORIENTAL BAKERY AND SALOON

Next door to the Miner Office.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES,
Always on hand.

GOOD BOARD,

Furnished by the Week, Day, or Meal, at the following prices:

Per Week.....Sixteen dollars, currency.
Single Meals.....One dollar "



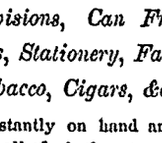
Oysters, Sardines, etc.,
Served in good style, at all hours.

Good Lager Beer, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, kept constantly on hand, for the accommodation of customers.

DAN. HATZ, Proprietor.

Prescott, December 18, 1869.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street,  Opposite Plaza,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D. Monihon, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for *Cash*.

☞ Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on han for sale or hire.

GIDEON BROOKE,
JACOB LYNN.

Prescott, October 24, 1868.

WARM AND COLD



At OTTO'S New Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon,

Montezuma Street,.....Prescott, Arizona.

☞ Shaving, Hair Cutting, etc., in the most approved manne

THEODORE OTTO.

Miscellaneous Ads.

W. B. HOOPER, San Francisco. } { A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

304 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P. O. Drawer, 990.) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

(P. O. Box, 2683.)

JAS. M. BARNEY, Arizona City. JOHN S. CARR, Arizona.

Our facilities for purchasing and arrangements for selling are fully completed, and we now offer TO THE TRADE, a Full Stock of Merchandise in each department, comprising all articles enquired for, and salable throughout the Territory.

We sell at small advances, FOR CASH, and are positive that it is to the benefit of every Interior Merchant to buy of us—instead of in San Francisco or elsewhere—thereby avoiding the expenses and annoyances of a long and tedious journey, and the loss of *three months time* necessary to receive their purchases, enabling them to increase their profits with the same or less capital invested.

Orders by letter receive our careful attention, the same as though the parties were themselves present.

In a word we GUARANTEE SATISFACTION in prices, quality, quantity, and assortment of goods.

Currency and Bullion received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold for account of owners, as may be desired. HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

EHRENBERG.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,

Wholesale Dealers In

Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Grain, Groceries, Provisions, etc.,

Respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that they are now located at the new

TOWN OF "EHRENBERG,"

Where they are prepared to receive merchandise, for storage or transportation, free of charge.

EHRENBERG is situate on the east bank of the Colorado river, seven miles below La Paz, at the best and most convenient landing on the river, and is connected with the principal towns of the interior by good wagon roads

The benefits to be derived by shipping goods *via* Ehrenburg are, *a saving of five dollars per ton*, and less handling of goods.

Freight to Wickenburg, four cents from the landing.

All merchandise consigned to us, either for storage or transportation, will be attended to with care and despatch.

For further particulars, inquire of

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
sep18'69tf Ehrenburg Arizona

ISAAC H. LEVY,

Dealer in General Merchandise, and General Commission Merchant,

San Bernardino, California.

Merchandise forwarded to any part of Arizona, with promptness and despatch.

Gold-dust, Legal Tenders, and Soldiers Final Settlements, bought.

Office of the Arizona Stage Line, No. 1 Jackson Block, corner of Third and Grafton streets.

San Bernardino, Cal., August 27, 1870.

NOTICE.

PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, under the name and style of the "PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY," hereby give notice that they have, this day, located a Water Ditch and claimed four thousand (4,000) inches of the waters of Salt River, for irrigating purposes, to be taken out on the south side of said river, on section 20, N. E. South; township 3, E, Range 1, North.

Five hundred yards of said ditch is now completed, and four thousand (4,000) inches of water, more or less, running in the same. We intend to run our ditch in a southwest direction, as fast as possible, and as far as we deem it necessary for farming purposes.

CLAIMANTS:

J. A. CHENOWTH, C. P. CRAWLEY, V. A. STEPHENS, JOHN H. WISS, N. W BROADWAY, W. SANDERSON, J. M. WILSON, W. BRECHT.

Salt River, Yavapai County Arizona, Sept. 26, 1870.
oct22-m3

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.

La Paz to Prescott.



Regular Weekly Trips, by Stage, with the Mail, will be made between La Paz and Prescott. A four-horse passenger stage will leave La Paz every Saturday, connecting with the the stages on the California end of the line, from San Bernardino; arriving at Wickenburg on Mondays, and at Prescott on Tuesdays. Passengers returning will arrive at La Paz on Fridays, connecting with the stage for California that departs Saturday morning.

☞ Packages, &c., forwarded on reasonable terms.

JAMES GRANT, Contractor.

Prescott, October 2 1869.

BARNETT & BLOCK,

.... DEALERS IN ....

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, &c.

WICKENBURG AND PHŒNIX.

☞ Sell cheaper than any other merchants in Central Arizona. nov20'67.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

Parties in Wickenburg, Prescott, and other interior points, are notified that I have at the Ehrenberg Landing, a large adobe warehouse, with good shingle roof, and am prepared to receive and forward goods of every description at as low rates as any other parties engaged in the business.

J. M. BRYAN.

Ehrenberg, A. T. Sept. 1st, 1870.

Notice to Settle.

We are hard up for cash, and wish that our patrons would come to our relief. Your accounts are all ready for presentation.

G. W. BARNARD & CO.

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 1st, 1870.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

From this date we are prepared to forward freight from Ehrenberg to Prescott at six cents, and to Wickenburg at three and one-half cents per pound in gold.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.

Ehrenberg, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

THIRTY-FIFTH PARALLEL ROUTE.

The Shortest and Best Route from the Southern and Southeastern States to the States and Territories of the Pacific.

The Only Route Over Which Large Trains and Herds of Stock Can be Driven, Without Suffering and Loss, from Lack of Food and Drink.

Plenty of Grass, Water and Wood on the Entire Route.

Now, that the new wagon-road from Prescott, Arizona, to Albuquerque, and Santa Fe, New Mexico, is completed, and open to travel, we desire to make public the facts that the distance between the Rio Grande and California has been shortened nearly one hundred miles by said road; that the entire route, which passes near the Thirty-fifth Parallel, is, in every respect, far superior to any other southern route, for the reasons that the whole region of country through which it passes, is blessed with a mild, healthy climate; is well supplied with good water, grass and wood; is partially free from hostile Indians, and is, besides, nearly, if not quite 300 miles shorter than any other known Southern route.

Hereafter, Prescott, and all the towns, settlements and military posts of Northern Arizona, will receive their supplies from the East, over this route, and we expect to see a steady stream of emigration and large droves of stock pass over it. As high as 1,200 head of cattle have been driven, in one band, over the old route, *via* the San Francisco Mountain, and as the new route is better supplied with water than the old, twice that number of stock can be driven over it, and find plenty of water, in the dryest season of the year, as will be seen by the following

ITINERARY OF DISTANCES, ETC.,

which we have compiled from Government explorations and other reliable sources:

Starting from Albuquerque, New Mexico, (on the Rio Grande river), where all roads from the end of the Kansas Pacific Railway, (which, at present, is about 450 miles east of Albuquerque) unite, as well as those from Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and the other Southern States, the road strikes west, to the first camping place,

	Miles.	
Rio Puerco Summit,	14	water, grass and wood scarce.
Mouth of El Rito.	13	" " " "
Sheep Springs,	13	plenty of poor water, good grass and some wood.
El Rito	8	" good water, grass good, no wood.
Laguna (Lake and Indian town)	8	" " grass, water and wood.
Cuvero, (Mexican town)	8	" " " " "
Remances (picket post)	14	" " " " "
Old Fort Wingate,	10	" " " " "
*Agua Azul,	12	water scarce in dry season, grass and water plenty.
Navajo Pass (Summit of Rocky Mountains)	22	fine pine timber, water and grass plenty.
Inscription Rock,	18	water in tanks, scarce in dry season, grass and wood.
Fish Springs,	14	plenty good water and grass, wood scarce near camp.
Zuni Creek,	9	" " " grass and wood.
Zuni Indian Villages,	5	" " " " "
Jacob's Well,	25	plenty of poor water, good grass, wood scarce.
Navajo Springs,	7	" fair water, grass plenty, wood scarce.
Signal Hill,	5	water scarce in dry season, wood and grass plenty.
Lithodendrom Creek,	13	plenty of water by digging 2 feet in bed of creek, grass and wood scarce.
Little Colorado, (Mouth of Navajo Creek)	15	plenty of water, grass and wood.
Sunset Crossing (Road follows east bank)	35	" " " "
New camping place,	8	" " " no wood.
Opdyke's Tank,	15	plenty wood, water and grass.
Chavez Pass,	15	plenty wood, and grass, no water.
Jaycox's Tanks	6	" " water and grass.
Hawley's Springs,	6	" " " "
Bean's Springs	2	" " " "
Simon's Springs,	1	" " " "
Owen's Lake,	7	" " " "
Shafer's Tank,	8	" " " "
Beaver Creek,	12	" " " "
Verde River,	10	" " " "
Wild Cherry Creek,	15	" " " "
Ash Creek,	9	" " " "
Lerty's Ranch (two roads)	9	" " " "
†Crossing of Granite Creek,	12	" " " "
American Ranch,	10	running water most of the year, grass, wood, plenty.
Williamson Valley,	13	wood, water and grass in abundance.
Camp Hualpai,	15	" " " "
		" " " "
Oaks and Willows,	13	" " " " good place for recruiting stock.
Anvil Rock, (on Muddy)	9	
Fort Rock,	15	wood, water and grass in abundance, (Ranch).
Willow Grave,	9	" " " " "
Cottonwood Creek,	5	" " " "
Tanks,	8	water scarce in dry season, plenty of grass and wood.
Wallapai Springs,	13	wood, grass and water plenty.
Beale's Springs,	14	" " " "
Coyote Springs,	2	plenty of water and grass (wood for camping).
Union Pass Station,	16	toll-gate and station—fine water, grass and wood.
West of Summit,	2	spring and running water, grass and wood.
Colorado River, (good ford)	11	plenty of water, grass and wood for camp purposes.
Hardyville (ferry) 6 miles above Ft Mohave	3	
Piute Springs,	22	big stream of water, fair grass, wood.
Rock Springs,	18	water plenty in well, grass and wood plenty.
Government Wells,	3	water scarce, grass and wood plenty.
Marl Springs,	19	water and wood plenty, grass scarce.
Soda Lake,	33	water and grass plenty, wood scarce.
Caves,	21	Mohave river—water, wood and grass plenty.
Camp Cady,	14	Ranch—water, wood and grass plenty.
Forks of Road,	10	" " " " "
Fish Ponds,	12	" " " " "
Cottonwood,	18	" " " " "
Lane's	12	" " " " "
Upper Crossing Mohave River,	7	" " " " "
Upper Toll-gate at Cajon Pass,	19	" wood and water plenty, grass scarce,
Martin's Ranch, (12 miles to S. Bernardino)	9	" wood, water and grass plenty.
Cocamonga Ranch,	15	" " " "
San Jose Ranch,	8	" " " "
Mud Springs,	4	" " " "
El Monte,	15	" " " "
Los Angeles,	10	" " " "
Total,	830	

Road for Fort Whipple, Prescott, Wickenburg, La Paz, Ehrenberg and Arizona City, leave main route at Lerty's Ranch, and will be found first-rate, for persons wishing to settle at those places, or to enter that portion of California of which San Diego is the chief town.

As Prescott is also connected with Phœnix, Florence and Tucson, by a good wagon-road, persons wishing to go to Southern Arizona, can do so by following this wagon-road.

That's a Fact.---What's a Fact?

THAT THE

NEW YORK CHEAP STORE

Is the Only Store in the Territory that Receives Goods Direct from New York.

By this arrangement, the proprietor saves the enormous tariff usually levied by San Francisco merchants, and is thereby enabled to sell goods cheaper than any other merchant in Arizona.

I have on hand,

Henry's Improved Rifles and Cartridges
Colt's Revolvers, Holsters and Belts,
Percussion Caps, Flasks, Pouches,

A Large Stock of

Boots, (including Rubber Boots,) Shoes, Hats, Socks, Cooking Stoves, Axes, Nails, etc., etc., together with a large stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Suitable for this Market.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

LEVI BASHFORD.

Prescott, March 20, 1869.

QUARTZ MOUNTAIN SAW-MILL.

The attention of the public is called to the fact that we have renewed facilities for the manufacture of

All Kinds of Lumber,

For Building purposes, and for Mills and Mining.

We keep constantly on hand, at the mill, on Groom Creek, six miles from Prescott, and at the yard, in town, large quantities of lumber, for sale at the following prices, in gold:

Good merchantable, at mill,.....$40.00 per M.
Clear,.....60.00 " "
Ten dollars, additional, at yard.

No departure from these prices.
No sales made except for money or accepted orders.

A. O. NOYES,
GEO. CURTIS.

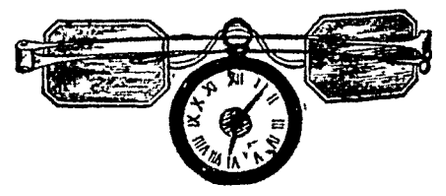
Prescott, March 5, 1870. sep17'67

☞ **HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,** At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

L. B. JEWELL & Co.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers,

South side of Plaza, Prescott.



Have on hand, for sale, a fine assortment of

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry.

☞ Jewelry, of all kinds, made to order. Repairing done with care and promptness. au7

E. J. COOK,..... ED. F. BOWERS

COOK & BOWERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,
Clothing, Dry-Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Clocks,
Iron, Nails, Quicksilver,
Tobacco Cigars, etc.,

Are prepared to furnish the people all kinds of

Merchandise, for Cash,

At reasonable rates, at the

ADOBE STORE,

Corner of Granite and Gurley Streets

Prescott, Arizona. jly27'68

☞ All Kinds of **STATIONERY** at BARNARD & CO'S

Willard Rice

THE WEEKLY ARIZONA MINER.

VOLUME VII. PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 24, 1870. NUMBER 52.

THE ARIZONA MINER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

—AT—

PRESCOTT, YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy,	One Year,	$7 00
"	Six Months,	4 00
"	Three Months,	2 50
Single Copies,		25

Papers will not be sent unless paid for in advance, and will *invariably* be discontinued at the end of the time paid for.

ADVERTISING:

One square, one time, $3 00; each additional time, $1.50. Each additional square, same rate

A liberal discount will be made to persons contracting the same advertisement for three, six, or twelve months.

Professional or business cards inserted upon reasonable terms.

Job Printing.

THE MINER office is well supplied with Presses, Plain, Fancy and Ornamental Type, and the proprietor is determined to execute all work with which he may be favored in the neatest and best style of the art.

Work may be ordered from any part of the Territory, and, when accompanied with the cash, it will be promptly executed and sent by mail, or as directed.

Persons sending us money for subscription, advertising or job work, may forward it by mail, or otherwise, at their own risk

☞ *Legal Tender Notes taken at par in payment for subscription, advertising and job work*

J H MARION,
Editor and Proprietor

Business & Professional Cards.

COLES BASHFORD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Tucson, Arizona,
Will practice his profession in all the Courts of the Territory

HARLEY H. CARTTER,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Will attend to business in all the courts of the Territory
sep4 69tf

JOHN M. ROUNTREE.
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona.

J. P. HARGRAVE,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
Montezuma street, Prescott, Arizona

JOHN HOWARD,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Prescott, Arizona

Dr. J. N. McCANDLESS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Late of the U. S Army,)
Offers his services to the people of Prescott and vicinity Can be found, at all hours except when professionally engaged at his office, in Allen & White's store, Montezuma street Prescott.
Prescott, November 7 1868

G. W. BARNARD,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
and Justice of the Peace.
OFFICE—In the Postoffice, north side of the Plaza, Prescott. jan15'70

R. B. YUILL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Wickenburg, Arizona.

J. E. McCAFFRY,
ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

O. H. CASE,
CIVIL ENGINEER,
Prescott, Arizona.

A WOLFF, San Bernardino
S FOLKS, 410 Sacramento Street, San Francisco.

WOLFF & FOLKS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
m12'70 San Bernardino, California.

PHŒNIX STATION.
Phœnix, Yavapai County, Arizona.
Hay and Grain, and the best of Accommodations for Travelers.
The patronage of the traveling public is solicited
E. K. BUKER
Phœnix, August 20th, 1870

MONTEZUMA SALOON,
Montezuma Street, Prescott.
We have recently renovated and fixed up our saloon in fine style, and have none but the choicest Wines, Liquors, and Segars, for our customers and the public
C. A. LUKE & CO.
Prescott, December 3, 1870.

I TOO WANT SOME CORN, AND WILL PAY A good price. L. BASHFORD.
Prescott, Oct. 7, 1870.

☞ **Blank Mining and Quitclaim Deeds, Special and General Powers-of-Attorney, etc., for sale at the Miner Office.**

☞ **PURE COD LIVER OIL,**
At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

CALENDAR FOR 1871.

1871	Sund.	Mond.	Tuesd.	Wed'y.	Thurs.	Friday	Satur.
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
Feb.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28				
Mar.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	
Aprl							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30						
May		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
June					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	

1871	Sund.	Mond.	Tuesd.	Wed'y.	Thurs.	Friday	Satur.
July							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
Aug.			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
Sept						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Oct.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31				
Nov.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
Dec.						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						

The Great Napoleon---His Predictions of Europe.

"Ere fifty years have passed," said Napoleon, at St. Helena, "France will be Republican or Cossack. Then, if my son be alive, he will be called to the throne amid the acclamations of the people If he be no more, France will again become Republican, since no other hand would dare grasp the scepter that he could not uphold

The Orleans branch, although acceptable, is too feeble; it partakes too much of the other Bourbons, and it will meet with the same fate, should its members not prefer to live the life of simple citizens, no matter what changes may intervene. Once again France will be republican, and the other countries will follow her example Germans, Prussians, Poles, Italians, Danes, Swedes and Russians, will unite with her in a crusade in favor of liberty. They will take up arms against their sovereigns, who will hasten to make concessions to them so as to retain a part of their old authority, they will call themselves constitutional kings with limited powers Thus will the feudal system receive its death blow, like fog in the midst of the ocean, it will vanish at the first rays of the sun of liberty

But things will not remain there, the wheel of revulsion will not stop at that point; its impetuosity will multiply five fold, and its rapidity will increase in like proportion When a people has regained a part of its rights, it becomes enthusiastically inspired by victory, and having tasted the sweets of liberty, it grows the more enterprising in order to obtain the more The States of Europe will for some years, perhaps be in a state of continued agitation, like the soil at a moment which precedes an earthquake, but at last the lava will burst forth and the explosion will terminate everything

The bankruptcy of England will be the lava which is to shake the world and swallow up the kings and the aristocracies but will cement the interests of the democracy by its eruption Believe me, Las Casas, in like manner as the vines that cover the foot of Etna and Vesuvius, produce the most delicious vintages, so will the tree of liberty become fixed and not to be cast down when it shall have its roots planted in that revolutionary lava which will have overflowed all the monarchies. May it bloom and flourish for ages! These may seem strange sentences for you to hear from my lips, however, they are really mine I was born a republican, but destiny and the opposition of Europe have made me an Emperor. I now await the future."

The Apaches.

Two Englishmen were recently murdered by Grecian bandits. The world was shocked, England was indignant, Greece was in trepidation—because it is well known that England protects her own. Just below the southern boundary of California lies a range of country where, yearly, scores and hundreds of Americans are robbed and roasted to death. A few thousand Apaches ravage the entire Territory of Arizona. Prescott and Tucson are both beleaguered towns. Life is insecure half a mile beyond either of those places To be killed by the Apaches has become so common, so much in the natural order of things, as to be no longer regarded in the nature of a casualty. It is looked upon rather as a disease peculiar to the country. Arizona has troops and forts, mainly for the purpose of looking after the Apache. Enough is so spent yearly to board every one of these murdering skulks at the Lick House. But Government at present offers the strongest inducements for the Apache to rob and murder Why? Because Government, in pursuance of the Quaker policy, regardless of the kind and character of the tribes it has to deal with, will not allow of too much severity where severity is the only course to be pursued. If a United States army officer becomes too energetic in dealing with these miscreants, he is relieved of his command. This has happened. Our information comes from a high and reliable source, nor is it from a military quarter. The motto now is gentleness—that is gentleness with the tiger, that ever lies to spring upon you in the jungle—that knows scarce any other instinct than that of ferocity.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

A Prosperous South.

It pleases us to know that the Southern States are once more in the enjoyment of prosperity. During eight months of the present year, cotton to the value of $152,525,181 was exported.

Stabs From a Coward.

That our readers may see the cowardly, lying manner in which McCormick & Co have set out to injure the MINER, through their gas jet, Wasson, we copy and comment upon the following false diatribes, which we find scattered through the *Citizen*, of the 26th ult.

"Its editor has chosen to baselessly and causelessly slander the best friends and representatives of the Territory, and join hands with her worst enemies"

Well, Wasson, *if this is so, you must excuse us* If we have made mistakes, they were of the head, not of the heart From our earliest entry into the Territory, we have thought that the men who spent their time, money and labor trying to develop the resources of the Territory were its best friends, that the officers and soldiers who have tried to kill Indians were good friends of the Territory, and you know that we have joined hands and stuck by them We did not know that McCormick was "the best friend the Territory ever had," or we would have taken what money he offered us to go with him to Tucson, and support him for Congress

What a sad mistake we made in supporting John A. Rush for Congress against that Christian gentleman (?) McCormick, who had robbed the Territory; sold wild-cat feet, cheated soldiers out of their rations, bartered the capital and swindled poor laboring men out of their wages, while Rush had actually done nothing but spend several thousand dollars in fruitless efforts to develop mines, near Prescott! Oh, how we repent of having committed this unconscionable outrage against "the best friends of the Territory! "Woe is we"

And, again in 1870, our stupidity led us to refuse $600 and a share in the pot which we could have had from the "best friends of the Territory" for merely keeping our mouth shut and saying nothing against the Christian gentleman McCormick and his honest, capable followers—yours if among the number But we erred again, when Peter R Brady an honest man, who had opened a fine farm on the Gila river, and, in several other ways contributed to the wealth and development of the Territory, revolted against the Christian gentleman McCormick, and the pious, well-to-do contractors and monopolists who stood by him This "common fellow," Brady, actually ran against McCormick and we, with our fellow toilers of the Territory, had no better sense than to work and vote for Brady! Oh, how stupid in us! But, Allah is great and we have now to suffer for our stupidity! But, there is some excuse for us. Poston our first Delegate to Congress, was said by McCormick & Co., to be one of the best friends the Territory had "in those early days and a real, *bona fide* Arizonan, who would never desert the Territory But he you know, Great Scribe, went East and has never returned here Then John N Goodwin another friend," was elected by McCormick & Co and went to Congress as the friend and representative of Arizona He too has neglected to return here Next came Coles Bashford, who was elected by the aid of McCormick & Co He took a trip to Washington drew his pay and mileage and having been fortunate enough to procure the appointment of Secretary returned and is still in the Territory figuring for the main chance Then after having been long baffled of his purpose, that Christian young man Richard C McCormick (vulgarly called Lumber Dick) succeeded in getting a certificate and went to Washington as our friend and representative At the time of his going, we had little hope of his return—remembering that, once when a rumor reached here that he had been appointed Governor of Montana he commenced packing his carpet bag, and seemed anxious to get away from Arizona But having failed to get a position during the two years of his term as Delegate, and having earned the support of our contractors and monopolists, he came back, and was elected by a majority of votes that cost himself and friends all the way from five to one hundred dollars apiece With this experience, we hope Great Scribe you will deal gently with us for our sins against carpet baggers You see they have not left a very favorable impression upon the minds of the people of Arizona of whom we are one

Knowing that you too, Great Scribe, and Surveyor General of the Territory of Arizona are a carpet-bagger who would never have come here had it not been for the comfortable position which Thomas Fitch William Stewart James Nye and his Excellency Roy A P K Safford all leading carpet baggers, procured for you we have looked upon you with suspicion the more so after you attempted to lead us away from the paths of virtue and truth, and we fear that a majority of the old citizens of the Territory —*the men* who have toiled and suffered here for years, look upon you with distrust and close the ears when you prate of yourself and friends being the real friends and representatives of the Territory and you cannot blame them for this for where is the good you and your friends have done for the Territory? Where are the mines you have opened? Where the ranches you have cultivated? Where are Indians you have killed? Where the roads or trails you have helped to open? Where oh where are the results of your boasted efforts at helping the Territory? Common people can't see them

Then this great scribe says

He (we) would sacrifice any and every interest and principle for partisan friend

We acknowledge to having sacrificed our own pecuniary interest by not having supported McCormick but then you know we were acting on principle so that these two assertions are of no force as arguments in your mouth They however prove that we have been true to the Territory and its white population That's all

Again —

The larger share of his (our) patronage comes from those who prefer to subordinate partisanship to the general welfare and to carry out their wishes and get for their outlay what their judgment says is best for all, they have determined to establish a complete printing office in Prescott in the early part of of next year"

You are mistaken Great Surveyor Most of our support has come from anti McCormickites men belonging to both political parties and to every section of the Territory If there are men here or elsewhere who are dissatisfied with the course of the MINER, and feel that it has not reimbursed them for their outlay they have our permission, and the right to start another paper here and, should they, or you, desire to do so immediately we will sell a press and material, cheap for cash, as you very well know we have two good presses and sufficient material for several printing offices

Hoping these few remarks will please the Christian (?) thieves who make an easy living by holding official positions in this Territory we wash our hands of them for the present

Watch Presentation.

CAMP COLORADO, ARIZONA, December 4, 1870.

To the Editor of the Arizona Miner.

A very pleasant and significant little incident occurred at the Colorado River Reservation on the first instant,—one rare enough to make a note of in these parts. Knowing that, by law, the present efficient Indian Agent, must soon leave, to make room for some preacher of politics and religion, the employees unanimously clubbed together and, privately sent to Tucker & Co. for a first class gold watch, with which, on the first instant, they surprised the agent. Lieut. H Dodt, U S Army, by presenting it to him as a token of regard and respect for him as a faithful and honest public officer. Although it was a complete surprise to the recipient, I think he will survive the shock, and hope he may live many years to listen to the honest ticking of his well-deserved present.

The Indians are quiet here, and there is no news to write you. PIONEER.

THE Tucson *Citizen* of December 3d prints a senseless letter from a big, black, burly boor of Prescott, who signs himself "H," and whom we know "like a book." We would undertake to contradict his statements were it not that we have before convicted him of lying, and that by doing so we might bring him into notice, in which latter case he would "swell up like a toad," and, perhaps, 'burst his boiler."

CAPTAIN D. G. THOMAS, military storekeeper and Acting Quartermaster at Camp Douglas, Utah, died at that post, recently.

The Obnoxious Treaty.

Until the question raised by the note of Prince Gortschakoff, to the European Powers which signed the treaty of Paris, at the close of the Crimean war, is settled, public interest will be even more attracted in that direction than to the struggle now in hand between Germany and France. We give below a synopsis of the points in that treaty which possess most interest, in view of current events, as summarized by the New York *Tribune* The Powers signing the treaty were France, England, Russia, Sardinia and Turkey; neither Austria nor Italy having been a party to its conditions, as is generally supposed. Of course, Russia's most immediate concern is with those clauses that relate to the Black Sea. After mentioning certain reforms, which the Sultan grants to his Christian subjects, the treaty proceeds as follows:

Article 11. The Black Sea is neutralized. While open to the mercantile marines of all nations, its waters and ports are formally and in perpetuity interdicted to vessels of war, whether belonging to nations having territory bordering on it, or otherwise.

Art 12. This article prescribes that all regulations respecting trade in the Black Sea shall be conceived in a spirit favorable to the development of commercial transactions.

Art 13. The Black Sea being neutralized by a foregoing provision, Russia and Turkey engage neither to construct nor maintain any naval or military arsenal upon its coast.

Arts. 20 and 21 concede a portion of Russian territory, to be annexed to the Principality of Moldavia.

Art 22. The Principalities of Wallachia and Moldavia are to enjoy under the suzerainty of the Porte, and under the guarantee of the contracting Powers, the privileges and immunities of which they are in possession. No exclusive protection shall be exercised over them by any of the guaranteeing Powers There shall be no private right of interference in their affairs.

Art. 23 The Sublime Porte guarantees to the aforesaid Principalities an independent and national administration, as well as full liberty to worship, legislation commerce and navigation

Art. 28. The Principality of Servia will continue to be dependent upon the Sublime Porte, and subject to stipulations nearly similar to those named for the other Principalities

Art 30 Russia and Turkey are to retain in their full integrity their possessions in Asia to the same extent as before the war Commissioners are to be appointed to settle the boundaries

Wasson as a Shootist.

The Rev J A Wasson, pastor of the McCormick Safford congregation, had an adventure on Monday While standing in front of the store of E N Fish, he observed approaching him at his usual gait, the man he had so basely slandered through the columns of the sheet over which he presides—the veritable M. B. Duffield. Not daring to withstand the scrutiny of him that he had made it a point to villify—and he had but scrutiny to fear, as Major Duffield is under bonds in the sum of $5,000 to keep the peace—the brave (?) Wasson who has blown so lustily through the *Citizen's* columns, *ran* into the store and retreated to a point at the extreme end of the counter—pale as an egg-shell and rattling off a lively "bone solo" with his uncontrolable jaws But, horror and perdition!! He is lost! dismembered!! scalped!!! Major Duffield's business led him to the store of Mr. Fish, and upon passing within the door the first object that met his view was the unfortunate, holy man, glaring at him from his corner

"Hello! I think I saw you before," exclaimed the Major, advancing toward W., with an humorous smile playing on his countenance

"And I know you exclaimed the holy man, thrusting a hand in either pocket of his coat and drawing forth a brace of Deringer pistols—while his countenance plainly said: "Now D, for mercy's sake become scared or I shall surely faint!" Duffield, however, did not become scared, but walked boldly up to the pistols, (there being nothing left which would justify us in stating that he approached the man) remarking: "You draw pistols; you are a contemptible coward and have not courage to shoot, etc During these remarks the "bone solo" continued, the arms fairly shook from terror, and the spectators say that, so completely was his demoralization effected, had sufficient strength been left him to discharge his weapons, the bullets were as liable to destroy a harmless mirror, a bale of merchandise, or the head of the "shootist" as to have injured the intended victim.

Pistols may be very useful things; but if a man lack the nerve to obey his murderous instincts it were the wiser course for him to leave pistols aside and pay a woman to do his fighting.—*Tucson Arizonan.*

Mistaken.

"General Wasson," such is the title he has given himself in the paper whose columns he has the dishonor to preside over, informed the public, in his issue of the 3d inst., that he had already started for California to procure plats, records, etc, of surveying done on the Gila and Salt River, which, owing to the neglect of the California office, had not been forwarded here. He also informed settlers that the trip was undertaken entirely for their benefit! Obliging creature, he might have stayed at home, for the plats, etc., alluded to have been in Judge Berry's possession for several weeks past.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has selected Memphis, Tennessee, as his future resting place.

Indians---"Tame and Wild."

According to Capt. Grossman, the Pimas on the Reservation number 8,760; Maricopas, 383; Papagos, 186; Cocopahs, 10; making, in round numbers, 4,338 Indians—male and female, young and old—that are settled on the lower Gila, in this Territory, in the midst of white settlements. The Captain says these Indians have 2,219 horses, 475 work oxen, 745 cows and stock cattle, and are, of course, in good circumstances. They raise, annually, large crops of grain. Were these Indians to "get their backs up," they could come down on us with at least 1,500 warriors, and could warm us up, for awhile. In addition to this number of "peaceable" Indians, there are in the Territory, and living just outside its borders, about 2,000 Papagos; 1,000 Cocopahs; 1,000 Yumas; 4,000 Mohaves, 1,500 Zunis, and 1,500 Moquis, which, with tame Indians of other tribes, brings the number of "friendly Indians" up to about 16,000 Then, there are, at least, 10,000 hostile savages, belonging to the Apache and other tribes living in, and upon the borders of our Territory. To fight the hostile fellows, and overawe the "friendlies," there are not to exceed 3,000 soldiers, and as citizens have enough to do to earn a living, it is no wonder that the savages carry things with a high hand, once in awhile. Indeed, they have had matters their own way for a long time past, but we are gradually demoralizing and getting the upper hand of them. The estimate of the number of Indians in and adjacent to the Territory, will be thought by some to be entirely too low, but we think it will be found as near correct as it is possible to give it, without a thorough enumeration.

THE MINER seems determined to continue its falsehoods as vigorously since as before election. The substantial people of Yavapai understand its spirit. It might as well own up that its present disappointment and vicious disposition were the results of taking bad instead of good counsel. The editor may have heard about the blind leading the blind and where they fell, and, if so, can easily make the application.—*Citizen.*

Why don't you undertake to prove our statements false? It is your duty to do so, if you can. Yes, "the substantial people of Yavapai," and of every other county in the Territory, understand our spirit, and have met us with corresponding spirit, as regards the matter of support. On the counsel question, you, of course, think, we ought to have taken yours, and that bribe of $600, which you offered us. We thought and still think differently. We have heard about the blind leading the blind, and always considered it safer to follow near sighted dogs than blind puppies like you and your masters. Let us know if this 'application" relieves you any.

"Confiscation Cases."

The Tucson *Citizen* of the 3d inst., contains a sort of history of confiscation cases in this Territory, evidently from the pen of Coles Bashford, formerly Attorney-General of the Territory, Delegate in Congress, and now Secretary of the Territory This account tries to fasten the blame, for having commenced these suits, upon Almon Gage, who is at present out of the Territory, but we know that McCormick hounded Gage on, in order that advertising might come to McCormick's paper, consequently suits were commenced against Charles Lauer, F. A. Neville, Alfred Frear, G H. Oury, Palatine Robinson and Elias Brecvort. Owing to causes which all understand, these suits were not prosecuted, and the property of these men did not fall into the hands of the eager vultures who tried to grab it.

Twenty Years Ago.

We are reminded, by a neatly printed circular just received from the office of the Sacramento (California) *Union*, that the paper first made its appearance in 1851, nearly twenty years ago, when there were but few people in the Golden State besides gold diggers and Digger Indians. The *Union* has always been conducted with ability, and is, to day, one of the best newspapers in America. For the benefit of those wishing to subscribe, we give, below, the rates at which the Weekly *Union* is furnished to subscribers:

For one year, per mail, $5.00. For six months, $3.00. For three months, $2.00.

Liberal Terms to Clubs.—Five copies for one year, and one copy extra, $20.00. Ten copies for one year and one copy extra, $35,00. Twenty copies for one year and one copy extra, $60.00.

Papers to clubs must invariably be sent to one address, and no addition of names to clubs can be made, except to expire with the original list.

D. S. LOUNT says he is tired of city life, home-sick, and will soon return here. That's right, Daniel, your old mountain friends are anxious to hear the crack of your rifle.

CONGRESS met on the 5th inst.

The Miner.

Prescott, Arizona Territory.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 24, 1870,

Single copies of the MINER can be purchased at the Postoffice.

Travels Through Arizona.

Seven hundred copies of our pamphlet,—"Travels through Arizona," have been printed, stitched, bound in strong wrappers, and are now ready for sale, at fifty cents (currency) per copy. We have already received orders, from citizens of Prescott and vicinity, for over 300 copies, and hope to be able to dispose of the remaining copies to people living in other parts of the Territory. The pamphlet is for sale at the Post Office, Prescott; and copies will be sent forward, by to-day's mail, to well-known citizens of the most important towns, camps, and military posts in the Territory, who will furnish the pamphlet to all who may desire copies. Its circulation in the East and California, may be of some service to the Territory. By the way, we hope our critical friends will pass, unnoticed, the few typographical and other errors which were overlooked in the proof.

The Miner---Close of Volume Seven.

This being the last number of volume seven of the ARIZONA MINER, and it being customary for editors and publishers to talk "turkey" to their readers upon an occasion of this kind, as well as to bring up the history of their papers, we hope to be pardoned for indulging in a few remarks. It is now a little over three years and three months since we purchased the paper from Richard C. McCormick, and, during all this time, we must have been running it for glory, or for the love of the thing, which is about the same, for a close search for a cash balance, or other collaterals, has failed to show up either. This does not matter much, however, editors and publishers are supposed to be satisfied if they have worked faithfully for the general good, and it strikes us that we have done so, to the best of our ability. Although fortune has not favored us, we have so far, been able to meet all demands against us, and to defray the heavy expenses of running the paper, without the aid of official pap, and this is something no other person that ever published a paper in this Territory can say. We have no fault to find with the people of Arizona, they have, we think, rendered us all the support possible, under the circumstances. In fact, some of them have gone beyond their means, in their anxiety to help us, and to these we return our sincere thanks. We have, on our books, a sufficient amount now due us, to meet all liabilities, and we earnestly entreat those indebted to us to pay up as soon as they can, so as to enable us to square accounts with those to whom we stand indebted. If they but do this, and if all who have stuck by us in the past, will continue to do so in the future, the MINER will glide, easily, through the trying period through which Arizona is now passing, and enter upon the new and prosperous era that is soon to open upon the Territory, with flying colors, and a determination to keep as far ahead of its contemporaries in the future as it has in the past.

The MINER, like all other papers, has a history, a brief outline of which we herewith give: The press and material were brought here early in 1864, by the Secretary of the Territory, Richard C. McCormick, who issued the first number at old Fort Whipple, 20 miles north of Prescott, on March 9, 1864. The office was removed to Prescott early the following June, and the first number published here made its appearance June 22d, 1864. Mr. McCormick continued its publication, semi-monthly, until August 10th, 1867, upon which day it came forth as a weekly. Early the following September, we purchased the paper, and issued our first number, September 21st, 1867. At this time, the MINER's entire circulation,—including paying subscribers, "dead-heads," and exchanges, did not exceed seventy-five,—and although it contained about sixteen columns of advertising, but one-half column of all this was "paying advertising," the remainder having been put in to fill up space. It has, now, a circulation of 672, and several columns of paying advertising, for all of which we feel deeply indebted to the public.

MILITARY.—Major Sprague, Paymaster, U. S. A., arrived here by the Orizaba, and started on Monday for Fort Yuma. He was accompanied by Capt. Miles, 21st Infantry, with an escort of ten men.

General Tompkins, Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Arizona, is expected to arrive by the steamer Senator, on Sunday.—*San Diego Union, Dec. 8th.*

Merry Christmas.

Another anniversary of the birth of the Saviour and true Teacher of mankind is at hand, and we hope our people will observe it in a becoming manner. To-night is Christmas Eve., to-morrow (Sunday,) will be Christmas, and the MINER greets its readers, and wishes each and all of them a Merry Christmas.

Not Dead.

The rumor of the death of "Billy Free," by Indians, in this Territory, published in the Los Angeles Daily *News*, is incorrect. Billy is still alive.

Legal Tenders.

Latest quotations are as follows: Buying, 90½; selling, 90¾.

Three Hundred Dollars a Scalp.

The above, we are told, is the snug sum paid by the Mexican Government, and that of the State of Sonora, for every Apache scalp taken and exhibited to the authorities. The Central Government gives $200, and the State, $100. Some Pacific Coast journals think our Government ought to follow this Mexican example, and all we wish to say upon the subject is, that, were it to do so, the Apache problem would soon be solved by our frontier pioneers, hundreds of whom would engage in the scalping business, and soon thin the ranks of our enemies. Yet, there is something barbarous about this mode, and we do not look for a civilized Government like ours to follow such an example. We, of Arizona will be amply satisfied if Government carries out the good intentions recently expressed in the following telegram from Washington:

"The Government is fully determined not to propose new treaties with the hostile Indians of Arizona, but to prosecute the war against them with relentless severity."

We have now in the Territory a pretty fair force of troops, and if they are handled rightly, as we think they will be, the Apaches can soon be made good Indians of, or driven from the Territory, in which latter case they will have to retreat to Sonora, and confront the forces of Governor Pesquiera, who are now in search of them, and anxious to do a clean job of barbering at the rate of $300 a head. Let us hope that Government will carry out the programme set forth in the foregoing dispatch.

From New Mexico.

Mr. Goldwater and Frank Murray, arrived here recently, from New Mexico. They traveled from the Little Colorado river to the Verde, *via* the new military road, and say they found it very rough. Mr. Goldwater put in the lowest bid for furnishing Government, at Camp Verde, with 500,000 pounds of grain, and Mr. Wormser is now on the way from New Mexico, with several hundred wagons, loaded with grain, which is to be delivered at contract price, 7½ cents, we believe. In order that our people may know something about this contract, we will state that Captain Hawley, U. S A, went to Santa Fe, some time ago, and advertised for proposals for furnishing this grain. Mr. Goldwater had previously bid for it at Fort Whipple, but the agents of Government thought his bid was too high, so they tried New Mexico, with the foregoing result. It now remains to be seen whether or not grain can be purchased in New Mexico, and delivered in this section of Arizona for less than our farmers can afford to raise and deliver it. We think and hope it cannot.

Railroads.

This is, undoubtedly, the age of railroads. California is alive to the importance of connecting herself with this Territory, New Mexico, the Eastern and Southern States, as well as with Northern Mexico, by one or more railroads. The owners of the Kansas Pacific, Missouri Pacific, and the projectors of the proposed railroad from Texas to California, *via* the 32d parallel, are all up and doing. Even the Mexicans are talking of building railroads. Congress is now in session, and we hope that before adjourning, it will give aid and encouragement to one or all of the *bona fide* companies who seem so eager to build Southern Pacific railroods. From present indications, we feel pretty safe in asserting that the iron horse will soon be seen and heard in Arizona. So mote it be.

The Franco-Prussian War

Is, we think, about drawing to a close, if it has not already closed. The Army of the Loire, led by de Paladines, had been routed, after four days' severe fighting, in which it was very badly handled. The Prussians were pursuing its scattered forces, taking cities, towns and prisoners. The Government of France was, at latest dates, established at Bordeaux, Tours having been abandoned. Prussians had all arrangements made for bombarding Paris, and the next mail may bring the news of its surrender. There was some talk of restoring Napoleon.

King William had accepted the title, "Emperor of Germany." Meanwhile, Gambetta and other French patriots talked of resisting to the death.

County and Township Officers.

According to the Act recently passed by Congress, the term of office of all county, township and district officers, now holding office in this Territory, shall expire on the 31st inst., and that of all officers elected at the last general election, shall begin upon the first day of January next.

Los Angeles Election.

At the late municipal election in this city, the opposition ticket was successful. The *News* charges the defeat of the Democratic candidates to "Democrats," who fused with the Radicals.

President's Message.

The annual message of President Grant is published in nearly all the California papers received by last mail. It contains nothing remarkable, at least, so say our exchanges. We have not had time to even glance at it.

New Projects.

Rumor has it that schemes are on foot for the annexation of the Mexican State of Sonora to Arizona; for the building of a railroad from Paso del Norte, on the Rio Grande, to Guaymus; also, for the building of a telegraph line to connect Guaymas and Tucson. We are in favor of the railroad and telegraph, but object, seriously, to the marriage of our Territory and Sonora, for the reason that the Americans of this Territory are tired of having their wishes overruled by the Mexicans now here, and were those of Sonora annexed, our race would, for years to come, be governed by political shrimps who would pander to the ignorance and prejudices of the mixed populations of Sonora and Southern Arizona. It looks very much like a scheme of our small politicians to worm themselves into the Senate and House of Representative. In saying this much, we do not wish to be understood as including all Mexicans, for many of them have voted according to the dictates of their own consciences, but it is a notorious fact that hundreds of them have not done so; on the contrary, they have marched up to the polls, under the eyes of their employers, and voted for McCormick—one of the worst political leeches that ever fastened upon a State or Territory, simply because they were paid for doing so, and made to believe that McCormick was their friend, and that the Americans of Northern Arizona were their enemies. This is why we object to being tied to Sonora.

Time of Meeting of Next Legislature.

The next (sixth) Legislature of Arizona, is by law, directed to meet at the Capital on the second Wednesday in January next. We learn that our entire delegation will attend. The last session of the Legislature commenced November 10, and ended December 16, 1868. Heretofore, both Houses have had printed journals, of each day's proceedings, furnished them, but the Secretary of the Interior has, we learn, ordered the Secretary of the Territory to stop this expense, and it is not likely that Mr. Bashford will disobey the order, so that members will have to draw on their memory for past proceedings.

As His Excellency the Governor, A. P. K. Safford, will, no doubt, inform the legislators, in his message, of the work before them, we will not interfere more than to say that it might be well for the Legislature to encourage the planting of young trees; to make some provision for codifying the laws; to raise the penalty for selling arms, ammunition and liquor to Indians; and, should they see fit, to reduce the amount of license now charged pedlars.

From the South.

The Tucson papers of December 10th, arrived by Thursday night's mail. News unimportant. Our copy of the *Citizen* was not received.

NEW STORE AT PHŒNIX.

We have opened a store near J. W. Swilling's, and intend to keep on hand all kinds of

Groceries,
Provisions,
Dry Goods,
Clothing,

And a General Assortment of Merchandise.

WM. A. HANCOCK & CO.

Phœnix, A T, Sept 15, 1870.

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

The undersigned, under the name and style of the HAYDEN MILLING AND FARMING DITCH COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have this day claimed ten thousand (10,000) inches—to be measured under two inches pressure—of the waters of Salt River; to be taken from said river at or near a butte, to the left of the main road to the Gila River, from Phœnix, and on the south side of said river And the said Hayden Milling and Farming Ditch Company are at work on the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN,
A. W. FIELDS,
E. R BROWN
ROBT SAVERY,
WM. GARRETT,

Phœnix, A T., Nov. 17, 1870 nv26m3

PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.

On hand and for sale, an excellent assortment of Ready-Made BOOTS, etc, for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gentlemen.

Boots, shoes, etc., made to order. Repairing promptly attended to Prices reasonable. JOHN LAUGHLIN.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Done in Good Style, At the MINER Office

Orders solicited. Prices reasonable.

JOHN H. MARION, Proprietor.

Prescott, Arizona, April 10, 1869.

Pioneer Meat Market.

Granite Street, Prescott.

Constantly on hand,

Beef, Pork, Mutton,

Pork Sausages, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

WM. N. KELLY, Proprietor.

Prescott, November 27, 1869.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. R. CUTLAR, of California, has arrived in Prescott to remain for a short time. Persons in need of his professional services will do well to call early, as his stay will be limited to a few weeks only. First class Dental Operations guaranteed.

Office, on Plaza, East side.

Prescott, Dec. 17, 1870. dc17ml

Prescott Advertisements.

W. BICHARD & CO.

Have opened—at Prescott, a Flour and Grain Depot, on the corner of Granite and Gurley streets, in the building formerly occupied by Henderson & Bro, and will keep constantly on hand,

FLOUR,

(In 50 and 100lb sacks, warranted extra.)

CORN MEAL,
GRAHAM FLOUR,
SEMITILLA, (Shorts)
PINOLA,
GROUND FEED,
GRAIN, ETC.

Which will be sold, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

Our Flour is made at the new mill recently constructed at Adamsville, which is provided with all the improved machinery of the day, and we have as good a miller as can be found on the Pacific slope

NOTICE—Should any gritty flour be sold in this market, the public may rest assured that we will not be chargeable therefor, as we neither manufacture nor sell flour of this character. W BICHARD & CO.

THOMAS CORDIS, Agent

Prescott, December 10, 1870.

REMOVAL.

NEW LODGING HOUSE.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public that he has fitted up, in good style, R E Elliott's house, on Montezuma street, a few doors north of D Henderson & Bro's Brick Store, and is now prepared to accommodate citizens and strangers, with good, Clean Beds, at Reasonable Prices

The place is one of the quietest in Prescott.

NEWTON COLE.

Prescott, December 10, 1870 dc10m2

ARIZONA BREWERY AND SALOON

Next Door to the Post Office.

Excellent Lager Beer,

Of our own manufacture,

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Always on hand, and for sale.

JACKSON & BRO

Prescott, October 2, 1869

COUGHS, COLDS AND CANDY.

One pound of fresh-made candy—warranted pure—is worth more than a dozen pounds of imported trash

BARNARD & CO manufacture it.

Prescott, Dec. 17 1870 dc17tf

Notice to Settle.

We are hard up for cash, and wish that our patrons would come to our relief Your accounts are all ready for presentation. G W BARNARD & CO.

Prescott, A T, Nov 1st, 1870

PIONEER STABLE,

Granite Street, Prescott.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

First class Saddle and Buggy Teams

All stock in this Stable will be WELL FED and cared for Plenty of Stable room and a large Corral

Come and see me

jul2 F C AYRES

LOOK HERE!

You can buy R E Farrington's Ranch, situated two miles northeast of Fort Whipple, for $1 500, in Legal Tender R E. FARRINGTON

Prescott, A T, Sept. 26, 1870 oct1tf

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, made on the first day of March, A. D 1870, in the matter of the estate of Milton Hadley, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Monday, the ninth day of January A D. 1871, in front of the office of J M Rountree, auctioneer, in the town of Prescott, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said intestate, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, other than or in addition to that of the said intestate, at the time of his death, in and to all those certain pieces, parcels, tracts, or lots of land lying and being in the County of Yavapai, and described as follows, to wit:

Three hundred feet in the Benedict mining lode, 600 feet in the Clinton lode; 660 New Eldorado, 660 Manhattan, 600 Marsh, 660 Catawba; 660 Hoo Doo, 900 Walrus, 660 Aguadiente; 660 Hiawatha; 660 Minnehaha; 85 5-7 Daniel Webster, 84½ Thomas Jefferson; 87½ Monroe; 84½ Constitution; 84½ General Mason; 84½ John Q Adams, 87½ Madison; 83½ Iron Clad. Also, 1-9 interest in the auxiliary claim to the Minnehaha mining lode.

Also, possessory right to 160 acres of land situate on Walnut Creek, near Camp Hualpai.

Also, the following town lots, in the town of Prescott, to wit; Lot No. 1 in block No. 2; lots Nos 42, 43 and 44, in block No 20; lot No. 18, in block No 38, lot No. 8, in block No. 31; and lot No. 16 in block No. 32.

F. A. COOK, Administrator.

Prescott, December 8, 1870.

PIONEER DRUG STORE.

Prescott, Arizona.

On hand and for sale,

Hall's Balsam for the Lungs
Townsend's Sarsaparilla
Ayers' "
Bristol's "
Hall's "
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
" Ague Cure,
Osgood's India Cholagogue,
Brown's Jamaica Ginger,
Perry Davis's Pain Killer,
Goodale's Catarrh Remedy,
Brown's Bronchial Troches,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,
Dr. Devine's Pitch Lozenge,
Keating's Cough "
Jayne's Patent Medicines,

And, in fact, a full assortment of all the Patent Medicines usually found in drug stores.

Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, Perfumery,

And a large supply of Dispensing Medicines.

N. B.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. G. D. KENDALL.

Dr. Kendall's office—In rear of Drug Store.

Prescott, April 24, 1868.

Prescott Advertisements.

THE

LARGEST AND BEST

Assortment of Goods

Ever brought to Prescott, is now on hand at

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM'S

Consisting of

GROCERIES,	PROVISIONS,
WINES,	LIQUORS,
TOBACCO,	CIGARS,
CLOTHING,	DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS,	SHOES,
HARDWARE,	TINWARE,
GLASSWARE,	CROCKERY,
MINING TOOLS,	FARMING TOOLS,
PAINTS,	OILS,
GLASS,	PUTTY,
STATIONERY,	CUTLERY,
CONFECTIONERY,	PERFUMERY,
GUNS,	PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,	MEDICINES,
TOYS,	FIREWORKS,
&c., &c.,	&c.

☞ We can fit and suit anybody and everybody, in anything and everything, at all times, at

REASONABLE PRICES.

JOHN G. CAMPBELL,
W. M. BUFFUM.

Prescott, July 17, 1869.

WORMSER & WERTHEIMER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Liquors, Crockery, Hardware, Farming and Mining Implements, etc.,

CALL THE ATTENTION OF THEIR OLD pioneer friends and the public generally to their new and splendid assortment of goods, recently purchased, by one of the firm, in San Francisco, and now on hand at their store in Prescott.

Give us a call and see for yourselves. We are *not* selling for ruinous prices; our motto is and has been, "Live and Let Live."

Merchants, farmers, miners and others, wishing to purchase goods, would do well to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere.

M. WORMSER,
A. WERTHEIMER

Prescott, Arizona, February 1, 1870. my1670

HERBERT BOWERS,

Post Trader, Fort Whipple, A. T.,

Has recently replenished his stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Can Fruits, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.,

He also, keeps constantly on hand and for sale, the following articles all of which are manufactured at the Agua Frio Mill, 20 miles east from Prescott.

Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts

The flour is as good as the best imported California, to which it takes precedence in this market.

Prices Reasonable.

Call and examine for yourselves.

H BOWERS, Post Trader

mar26 Fort Whipple

ORIENTAL BAKERY AND SALOON

Next door to the Miner Office.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES,

Always on hand.

GOOD BOARD,

Furnished by the Week, Day, or Meal, at the following prices:

Per Week ..... Sixteen dollars, currency.
Single Meals..... One dollar

Oysters, Sardines, etc.,

Served in good style, at all hours.

Good Lager Beer Wines, Liquors and Cigars, kept constantly on hand, for the accommodation of customers.

DAN. HATZ, Proprietor.

Prescott, December 18, 1869

WARM AND COLD BATHS.

At OTTO'S New Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon,

Montezuma Street,.....Prescott, Arizona.

☞ Shaving, Hair Cutting, etc., in the most approved manner THEODORE OTTO.

AZTLAN LODGE, No. 177, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on the last Saturday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

Sojourning brethren are fraternally invited to attend.

G. W. CURTIS, W. M.

E. W. WELLS, Secretary.

I. O. O. F., ARIZONA LODGE, NO. 1,

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on Wednesday Evenings, at Masonic Hall. Members of the Order, in good standing, are invited to attend.

T. S. RUFF, N. G.

E. J. COOK, R. S.

FAIR WARNING.

All persons indebted to the firm of Campbell & Buffum, *must* settle prior to January 1st, 1870.

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM.

Prescott, A. T, Dec. 9, 1870.

The Miner.

Local Intelligence.

PRESCOTT, December 24, 1870.

What an Energetic, Persevering Man Has Done.

We have often heard men cursing Arizona, saying it was no place for a poor man, and that they were going to get out of it. Some of these men have gone, and the Territory is no worse off for their absence. Now, in order to show that all such assertions are fallacious, we will relate a case in point. J. H. Lee, who has just left here for the States, started from Denver, Colorado, for Prescott, early in 1864, with nothing but a wagon, in which were his wife, child, a small stock of provisions, and a few articles of clothing, all drawn by a couple of yoke of oxen. He had arrived at Denver-flush, but bad speculations had settled him on the bed-rock, and this was the best "outfit" he was able to procure. He traveled on to Fort Wingate, New Mexico, where his oxen gave out and died, and his wagon broke down. Naught was then left for him to do but to go to work, and make another "raise." He procured work from the quartermaster; his wife started a boarding-house, and both worked late and early until they had saved sufficient money to buy an ox-team and provisions for the trip. Lee then set to work, and made a cart out of his broken wagon. When it was finished, himself and family started for Prescott, in company with some others. They had not gone far when this cart broke down, but as luck would have it, an old wrecked wagon was close at hand, and out of it Lee made another cart, which brought himself and family to Prescott. Arriving here, husband and wife set to work for small wages, and soon saved enough to enable them to break up and cultivate a piece of land. Their first attempt at farming here paid, and when winter came, they removed to town, rented the old Prescott hotel, ran it until they lost the money they had made on the ranch, besides several hundred dollars which they owed the storekeepers. Back they went to the ranch, and, in less than a year, they had paid up all indebtedness, purchased several head of animals, and made improvements on the place. They kept on in this way, until a short time ago, when, after having rented their place for $1,000 cash, for one year, they left with *seven at* thousand dollars, and mind you, during this time, Lee lost nearly 30 head of animals, by Indian thieves. After this, who will say that Arizona is not a good poor man's country?

More New Subscribers

We are indebted to Thomas Stonehouse, of Williamson Valley, who was in town Saturday last, for a list of new subscribers to the MINER. One of the papers ordered sent by Mr Stonehouse, goes to E M McCarthy, formerly of Walnut Creek, in this county, but who is now a resident of Dover, Missouri, where he is engaged in the cattle business. Another, to W. R Bower, of Kern county, California, who talks some of removing to this Territory.

From Camp Hualpai—The Hualpai Indians

W. A Mix, post-trader at Camp Hualpai, and D O'Leary, a farmer of the same place, were in town during the week. Mr Mix called at this office, and, in answer to a question concerning the disposition of the Hualpai Indians, informed us that a man who came over the road recently, from Hardyville, met and conversed with Leovi-Leovi and Charley—two principal chiefs of the tribe—and thought they did not appear to be very amiable. Persons having droves of cattle in the Hualpai country are, in consequence, getting uneasy.

Troops Wanted.

It is the desire of persons living upon the Prescott and Hardyville road, and of those whose business occasionally compels them to travel over said road, that a small force of troops—cavalry, we presume, would be the best and most acceptable—be stationed at some point on the road, near the Oaks and Willows, where there is great danger from Indians, and where the troops would be of great service to the traveling public, and to the stock men scattered along the central portion of the road, by the protection their presence would afford. While we do not wish to recommend the establishment of a military post, or camp, at or near the place mentioned, we do wish to call the attention of the Department commander to the matter.

One Apache Less

It may be sinful for us to feel joyous whenever we hear of the death of an Apache, but, somehow, or other, we can't help it. They are bitter, desperate, villainous foes, and the sooner the last one of them is killed the better for us. The party of troops, led by Captain Monihan, Third Cavalry, which recently returned to Camp Verde, saw several of the red scamps, but got within shooting distance of only one, and him they killed. *Laus Deo*

New Advertisements.

D Henderson & Bro, give notice that they have lowered the price of Arabs, Nubias, Egyptians, and other outlandish, but useful articles, worn by the ladies.

W. B. Hellings & Co, who are established in business at San Francisco, California, Phœnix, Camp McDowell, and the Colorado Indian Reservation, in this Territory, have chartered a portion of our columns, and use it to inform the public that they keep on hand, at their several stores, everything needed by farmers, miners, teamsters and others, all of which we vouch for, as well as for the high character and standing of the firm and its members.

Agua Frio Ranch

All who have partaken of the hospitality of John Reese and D. J. Marr, at this famous ranch, will be sorry to learn that they are no longer *major domos* of the place. Bowers & Bro., the owners, having undertaken the task of running it themselves, have employed J. Barricklow as overseer, who will, we hope, keep up the ancient and well-deserved reputation of the old '64 ranch.

Messrs. Reese and Marr will cultivate their own fine ranch in Woolsey valley, this side of the Agua Frio.

Cattle for California.

A gentleman named Raney, who arrived here during the fall, from Texas, with a large drove of cattle, is about starting for California, with his cattle, which are in splendid condition. Most of the drovers from Texas, will hereafter drive their stock over the 35th Parallel route, at least, so Mr. Raney has informed us, and he knows.

A PRIVATE letter, of Dec. 19, from Chas. Culling, of Culling's station, La Paz road, informs us that the freight trains of C. W. Beach and Mr. Stanfield, from Ehrenberg, had passed up, on their way to Prescott. Also, that there were very few Indians in the valley.

MINING ITEMS.

From Fred Henry, we learn that work is progressing on the Rainbow lode. An incline tunnel had been run thirty-five feet, which struck the ledge, and shows 2 1-2 feet of pay ore, of marvelous richness, a great deal of which will yield one dollar to the pound. The owners have another tunnel already in 125 feet towards the ledge. They have constructed roads, and have expended about $4,000. Success to them.

In the Martinez District, we are informed that the prospects are very favorable, and the least sanguine predict ultimate success. The ore from the Mayflower will be crushed at Wickenburg, under the supervision of Mr. Tiernan. Work has also been commenced on the Queen of Palmyra, and Gnome lodes.

Messrs. McCrackin, Owens, Hammond and Poland, returned from the Bradshaw Mountains Monday last. They report the chances of success flattering in the highest degree. New and rich lodes are constantly being found, and work prosecuted on many of the lodes. Curry & Moreland had sunk 30 feet on one of their lodes, and had 2 1-2 feet of rich ore. The Del Pasco shaft turns out extremely rich rock, and the lode is well defined. The owners are timbering the shaft. The party prospecting south of Silver Mountain found pretty fair prospects—one piece weighing eighty cents. Charley Taylor and P. Harvey had each a mule stolen by Indians. There were about 30 men in the district, all experienced miners. The snow on the summit was about four inches deep. In the basin, the weather was delightful. It is hoped that a mill will soon be in operation in this locality, when we will astonish our neighboring mining Territories.

In the Hassayampa District, there are about 30 men placer mining, and so long as they have a supply of water, they will continue to make good wages. The snow on the divide is 18 inches deep.

On Lynx Creek, Shelton had taken $1000 from eight wheel-barrow loads of decomposed ore from the Vernon. The indefatigable Uncle Billy Pointer was getting better ore than ever.

Taking it all in all, we are better satisfied than ever, that there is a glorious future in store for this country, that years of toil and privation will be rewarded by the success we have so long and anxiously awaited,—and this at an early day.

We learn from the Burro mines, that a large mill will be erected at a convenient point on the Gila River, the machinery for which will be transported from the east. The route from La Paz, *via* Prescott, the Rio Verde and Camp Thomas, is the natural route for transportation from California to that point, on the Gila—it being nearly direct, over a road upon which a great amount of labor has been expended, and upon which there is plenty of water, wood and grass.

Cold Weather, Snow, Etc.

Since the recent fall of snow, the nights and mornings have been *cold*, so cold that the mercury has, upon one or two occasions, fallen one or two degrees below zero. The days have been quite pleasant, and the snow, which, on last Sunday, was about four inches in depth, is rapidly disappearing from our streets. Parties were out, Sunday and Monday last, in sleighs.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

The year 1870 is drawing to a close. 1871 will soon be here, and so will a new volume of the MINER, which we will endeavor to make superior to any previous volume. We, therefore, ask all Arizonans who do not now take the paper to commence doing so with the New Year, and we pledge ourself to make it worthy their patronage and support.

Sale of Stock.

Several head of cattle, belonging to the estate of A G Dunn, deceased, were disposed of Tuesday last, by B A. Hussey, administrator. We were not present, but learn that milch cows brought from $25 to $75 each, oxen, about $35 per head. Rather low prices, but then, the cattle were not in good condition, and purchasers knew that cold winter was here, and likely to remain a couple of months.

From the Verde.

Corporal Flinn, of A Troop, 3d Cavalry, who, by the way, has served his country, as a soldier, for the past 17 years, arrived from Camp Verde early Thursday morning, with the mail, and informed us that his Captain, Wm Hawley, and 11 men of the troop, had just got back from Santa Fe, N. M., whither the Captain went, some time ago, to let a contract for furnishing Camp Verde with grain, which contract was awarded to Mr. Goldwater, of this Territory.

Returned.

C. G. Genung, a pioneer Arizonan, who has worked hard to "bring the Territory out," has got back to his home in Peeples' valley, from visiting relatives and friends in California. He brought with him a fine wagon and team.

Two Sermons

Were preached at the Court-room, Sunday last,—one by Rev. Mr. Groves, of the M. E. Church South, the other by Rev. Mr Gilmore, Chaplain at Fort Whipple. Owing to the cold weather and snow, but few persons attended.

From Skull and Kirkland Valleys.

E. F. Bowers, W. J. O'Neill and T Roddick, came in Thursday afternoon, from the aforesaid valleys. Mr. Roddick says Sam. Cullumber has had another adventure with Apaches. He was out hunting; saw two of them approaching him stealthily; raised his sixteen-shooter, when the savages threw down their bows and arrows, threw up their arms, and in a begging strain, informed him that they were good Apache-Mohaves, from the Colorado river. Sam. let the devils off.

Two wagons of Stanfield's train had arrived, and were waiting for the remaining wagons.

Passengers by Stage.

A. Wolff, of San Bernardino, California, Geo. H. Kimball, of Camp Date Creek, Jas. Grant, of Prescott, Dr. Pierson, of Wickenburg, Arizona, and Mr. Hutchison, agent for a commercial house in San Francisco, arrived here yesterday morning, by Grant's stage.

TOM. DONOVAN, driver of the stage between Wickenburg and Prescott, has our thanks for valuable favors.

A SOLDIER of M. Troop, Third Cavalry, was, it is said, shot in the thigh, Thursday night, in this town.

From Camp McDowell and Phœnix.

Captain Sanford and 80 Soldiers after the Apaches—Apaches Attack a Train and Kill One Pima Indian—Return of a Prospecting Party—Rich Mines—Arrival of Immigrants at Phœnix, etc.

From Cal. Jackson and others, who arrived here recently, from Camp McDowell and Phœnix, we gather the following news:

Captain G. B. Sanford, commanding at Camp McDowell, having heard that Apaches were gathering in force, near Pinal Mountain, with the view of attacking Captain Wm. McC. Netterville's command of about 100 men, who are engaged in building a new post there, started, recently, with 80 men of C and E Troops, First Cavalry, for the Apache rendezvous, determined upon finding the saucy savages, and proving to their satisfaction that they cannot carry out their cherished purpose of driving Netterville and his command out of their country. Sanford's command was well mounted, armed and provisioned, and, of course, eager to meet an enemy whom they had often before worsted. It is the prayer of all Arizonans—citizens and soldiers—that the red scoundrels will give the troopers battle, in which case they (the Reds,) are sure to get a severe drubbing. If there is any fighting to be done, Netterville and his men will also be on hand, for, to use a vulgar expression, he and they "are on it."

THE ATTACK UPON THE TRAIN.

About 10 days after the departure of Captain Sanford and party, a train of three wagons, belonging to W. B. Hellings & Co, were proceeding from Florence, on the Gila river, to Camp McDowell, on the Verde river, with grain. They had just crossed Salt river, and were going along, leisurely, up the canyon, when, of a sudden, a party of Apaches showed themselves in front, and commenced an attack. As luck would have it, a party of Pima Indians, bound to McDowell, came up, just as the Apaches were charging on the train. Seeing, at a glance, how matters stood, the Pimas charged on the Apaches, who, after firing a volley and killing one Pima, scattered and fled. The skulking savages were pursued by the Pimas, but managed to elude them. But for the timely arrival of the Pimas, the teamsters, teams, wagons, etc, would have fallen an easy prey to the Apaches. For this act, and many others of a similar nature, our people owe a debt of gratitude to the Pimas.

PHŒNIX.

Indians (Apaches) were prowling around Phœnix nearly every night. A few nights before our informants left, a citizen fired into a party of them, who were reconnoitering his corral, and he thought he killed or wounded one, from the hasty manner in which they left, and from certain groans which one of them uttered.

Several families had arrived from the States, among them the relatives of C H Gray, a leading citizen of the place.

Hellings & Co. have completed the new foundation for their new flouring mill, the machinery for which is now on the way. When completed, it will be the best flouring mill in the Territory. By the way, we have heard that this company are and have been furnishing seeds, farming implements, provisions, etc, on time, to all who wish to cultivate the soil of Salt River valley, and who were and are unable to pay for them, which proves that they are the rightmen in the right place, and have faith in the country.

THE NEW MINES.

A letter brought us by Mr Jackson, states that a party of 22 men, led by E. S. Junior, started from Camp McDowell on the 18th of November, took an easterly direction, towards old Camp Reno, from there descended Tonto creek, to its mouth, having a practical wagon road the entire way. From Tonto creek, they went up Salt river, 10 miles, then up the Rio Pinto, 8 miles, thence north easterly to Pinal creek, ascended the north-easterly fork of same about 20 miles, and took a north easterly direction for 3 miles, where they struck the largest and finest ledges of silver and gold, ever discovered in Arizona or New Mexico. The geological formation of the country surpasses all that any of the party have ever witnessed. Many of them, too, have prospected the Burro and White Pine regions. Immediately upon the discovery, two companies were formed,—called the Sanford and Phœnix, with eleven men in each company. A code of local mining laws was passed, and Mr Carpenter of Phœnix, elected Recorder. The "Pinal," was the name unanimously given to the district. Abundance of wood and water can be found within a hundred yards of the mines. The country is well adapted to agriculture, the land being the very richest bottom lands and extending for miles on either side of the mines. After having complied with all laws necessary to secure them in their rights of discovery, the party returned to McDowell and Phœnix for a more of McDowell, are making immidiate preparations to establish a store at the mines, complete outfit.

Postal Agent Dawley.

J N Dawley, who holds the responsible position of Postal Agent for Arizona, New Mexico, and Colorado, is now here, and will, we believe, soon leave for Hardyville, Mohave City, and other points on the Colorado river. Mr. Dawley met many old California and Nevada friends here, by whom he was warmly welcomed. He called at MINER office on the 17th, with his old time friend, Dr. Geo D. Kendall, and left us favorable impression upon us as he has upon other editors throughout his circuit, nearly all of whom have spoken well of him, and praised him for his energy in visiting nearly every postoffice in the three Territories,—a feat none of his predecessors have ever attempted to accomplish. We spoke of the urgent necessity of giving the people of Northern Arizona increased mail facilities, and he promised to represent matters rightly to the Department, and to get mail service placed on the old route to New Mexico, by which our people could communicate directly with New Mexico and the Southern States; also, from Prescott to Hardyville. He seemed to be of the opinion that service on the Prescott and San Bernardino route will soon be increased. Hope so.

Discovery of a Rich Gold Ledge.

Letters from R W. Groom, now prospecting near Camp Verde, 40 miles east of Prescott, say that the party of which Mr. Groom is chief, had found a very rich ledge of gold bearing rock, not far from the Verde river. Indeed, it is stated that this ledge is richer than any yet discovered in Arizona.

Bound for America.

A train of four wagons which left this place on the morning of the 17th inst, took, as passengers, some 12 or 15 persons, most of whom were bound for America, *i. e.*, the Atlantic States. Among them were J. H. Lee, of American valley, his wife and little ones, who go to visit the "old folks at home," in Iowa and Ohio. We wish them a pleasant journey and visit, and a speedy return to Arizona.

Rented It.

Messrs. Reese & Wickler, two hard-working, industrious men, have leased J. H. Lee's ranch, in Round valley, for one year, for the sum of $1,000. The place is at the junction of the two main roads to the Colorado river and California.

THOS. EWING, of Tucson, has received the appointment of Post Trader at Camp Thomas, in this county.

Going to California.

D. Hazard and wife will soon start for Los Angeles, California, where they propose to reside for a short time. When they shall have reached their destination they will have accomplished a pretty long bridal tour,—from St. Louis, Mo., to Los Angeles, California,—a distance of 2,000 miles, 700 miles of which were made by railroad, the remainder, by wagon. Mr. Hazard has the honor of having conducted the first large wagon-train from the end of the Kansas Pacific Railroad to Prescott, over the new route.

Gone to Skull Valley.

Ed. F. Bowers and family have gone to reside in Skull valley, where, in addition to farming, Mr. Bowers proposes to establish and run a first-class hotel for the accommodation of travelers.

A Change.

We learn that Jesse and Sol. Jackson have sold their stock of liquors, leased their bar-fixtures, billiard-tables, etc., to Col. Jackson and W. J. Tompkins, who will hereafter run the establishment.

AN $18 00 nugget of gold was found on the Hassayampa, 8 miles from Prescott, last week.

Boots, Shoes, etc.

John Laughlin's new establishment on Montezuma street is now one of the neatest in town. The front room is well filled with ready-made boots, shoes gaiters, etc., for ladies', childrens' and gentlemens' wear, also, material for new work. All these articles having been selected with great care, by Mr Laughlin, while in San Francisco recently, it is almost useless to inform the people of Arizona for whom they were purchased, that they are of good quality, and that all from the youngest to the oldest, can be fitted and suited by calling upon John.

His workshop in the rear of the salesroom is one of the busiest places in Prescott, good workmen being constantly employed, making and repairing to order.

His prices will be found to be in accordance with the times, and we advise our friends to call at John's and get a good, comfortable fit. nov19tf

Farmers and Gardeners, Attention.

Do you want to buy seeds and plants that you may surely rely on? Go to Sexton Vincent & Co, the well-known Seed Dealers, 607 Sansome St, between Washington and Jackson Streets, San Francisco, and Brooklyn, Alameda county. Mr Sevin Vincent is the only Seed Grower of California. He guarantees the superior quality of his seeds and all those imported he tests with the greatest care before selling. Be sure he will sell you the best and cheapest. nov19m

New Advertisements.

W B HELLINGS, C H GRUBB, — F F HELLINGS, E W GLOVER

W. B. HELLINGS & CO.

San Francisco, California, (109 *California St.*)
Phœnix, Arizona, Camp McDowell, Arizona, Colorado Reservation, Arizona.

Wholesale and retail dealers in Groceries, Provisions Wines Liquors, and general Army Supplies.

We keep constantly on hand, at our several stores, as large and complete an assortment of goods as can be found anywhere in the Territory.

We invite especial attention to our stock of Agricultural Implements at Phœnix, consisting, in part, of Fanning Mills, Corn Shellers, Grain Cradles, Scythes and Snaths, Harrows, Peoria Plows, Mattocks, Hoes, Rakes, Shovels &c, &c. Also a large assortment of every variety of Garden Seeds. dec24tf

ATTENTION LADIES.

ARABS, EGYPTIANS and BREAKFAST CAPES, for sale at reduced rates at dec24tf — D HENDERSON & BRO'S

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, THIRD JUDICIAL District, in and for the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona.

DAVID HENDERSON, Plaintiff, vs HENRY CLIFTON, Defendant. Order of publication.

Action brought in the District Court in and for the county of Yavapai and Territory of Arizona. The Territory of Arizona sends greeting to HENRY CLIFTON, defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the District Court of the Third Judicial District, in and for the county of Yavapai and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint filed therein, [a copy of which accompanies this summons] within twenty days [exclusive of the day of service] after the service upon you of this summons if served in this county, but if served out of the county and in the Territory, then within forty days and if served out of the Territory, then within twenty days or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. This action is brought to recover the sum of one hundred and eighty-two dollars ($182 00) upon your certain promissory note executed and delivered by you—the defendant—to plaintiff at Prescott Arizona, on the ninth day of April, A. D. 1870, and payable within four months, and bearing interest at two per cent. per month from date until paid. Also, for the foreclosure of a certain deed of mortgage, executed and given to secure the payment of said promissory note and bearing even date of said note. All of which is more specifically shown in the complaint herein, to which reference is hereby made. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as above required, the plaintiff will take default against you and apply to the court for the relief demanded in his complaint and for costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court this 19th day of December, A D. 1870.

ED W WELLS,
[L S] dec24t8 — Clerk District Court.

GRAIN SACKS!

Twelve Hundred A No 1 Grain Sacks on hand and for sale at 25 cents each.

D HENDERSON & BRO.
Prescott, December 17, 1870.

GOSHEN BUTTER!

We are now selling good Goshen Butter at $1 00 per pound. D. HENDERSON & BRO.
Prescott, December 17, 1870.

JACKSON & BRO'S
Bar & Billiard Saloon,

Next door to Campbell & Buffum's Brick Store,
Montezuma Street, Prescott.

Contains two of Phelan & Collender's best Billiard Tables, and is well supplied with choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

We have recently renovated, refurnished and fixed up our Saloon, so that it is now the neatest and coolest place of resort in Northern Arizona. JACKSON & BRO.
Prescott, February 6, 1869.

PARKER, WATTSON & CO.

Importers, Jobbers and Manufacturers of

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

306 & 308 Clay Street,
(*One door above Front*),

GEO A BARKER, SAM. B. WATTSON, DAVID CONKLING. — *SAN FRANCISCO.*

Miscellaneous.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Tinware, Glassware, Crockery, Mining and Farming Tools, Paints, Glass, Oils, Putty, Stationery, Cutlery, Confectionary, Perfumery, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Medicines, Children's Toys, Fireworks, &c.

They particularly invite the special attention of Farmers to their AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, consisting of all kinds of

Plows, Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Seed Sowers and Wheelbarrows,

Also, of the trade, to their

Fine Stock of Liquors,

All of which they will sell lower than any other traders in Central Arizona.

Give them a call, before purchasing elsewhere.
D. HENDERSON & BRO.
Prescott, August 13, 1870.

HARRIS & JACOBY,

No 2, Downey's Block, Main St., opposite Commercial Street, Los Angeles, California.

DEALERS IN

Books,
Stationery,
Jewelry,
Fine Cutlery,
HARDWARE, PAINTS, OIL, Etc.

Cigars, Tobacco, Stationery, Schoolbooks, &c
Fancy Goods, Toys, Hosiery,
Under Garments, Neckties,
Gloves, Shoe-Findings,
Hardware, Paints, Oil, Window Glass,
Looking Glasses, Picture Frames,
Wall Paper, Mouldings, &c.
Vienna Matches, Pipes, Playing Cards,
POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY,
Combs and Brushes, Musical Instruments,
Perfumery, and Yankee Notions.

SCHOOL BOOKS sold at San Francisco Cost.

The latest Magazines and Newspapers always on hand. Also, constantly receiving

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

All of which they will sell at the VERY LOWEST cash prices. dec17

MAGNOLIA BREWERY
AND SALOON,

Wickenburg, Arizona Territory.

The undersigned respectfully informs the public and his old friends that he is now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, a superior quality of,

LAGER BEER,

For Wholesale and Retail, in Bottles or Kegs.

THE SALOON is well supplied with excellent Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc, and contains

Two Good Billiard Tables.

The patronage of the public is solicited.
m14'68 — A H PEEPLES, Proprietor.

PINE'S HOTEL,
San Bernardino,..... California.

This well-known hotel is open for the reception of guests at all hours of the day or night. The house has been repainted and refurnished throughout. The table is abundantly supplied with the best of everything the market affords, and the sleeping accommodations of the house are excellent.

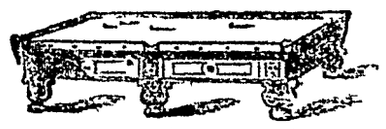
Attached to the hotel is a BAR, well stocked with good Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, a BILLIARD SALOON.

A FEED STABLE, where every care will be taken of animals, is also connected with the hotel.

☞ The Arizona and California Stages arrive at and depart from this hotel, and the undersigned solicits the patronage of persons passing to and from Arizona, as well as of the public generally. C. STARKE.
San Bernardino, Cal, March 26, 1870. apr9

BILLIARDS!

MESSRS. PHELAN & COLLENDER,



The well-known Billiard-Table Manufacturers, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete assortment of

BILLIARD TABLES, CLOTHS, CUES, Etc.,

On this coast. The Tables are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS.

The new Composition Billiard Ball, made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Company, of Albany, New York, the best substitute for ivory yet discovered, for sale only by us. Price, $12 00 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO D. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B—The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. nv26m3

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of A. G. DUNN, Deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YAVAPAI, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same to the undersigned, administrator, at Prescott, in said county, within one year from this date.

All persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to save costs.

B. A. HUSSEY,
Prescott, A. T., Nov. 26, 1870. — Administrator.
nv26m1

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, have taken up and do claim for milling, farming and other purposes, sections 28 and 29, Government survey, on the south side of Salt River, taking in two Buttes on either side the main road from Phœnix to Gila river, and all persons are hereby notified of the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN,
J. W. FIELDS,
A. F. GARRETT,
E. K. BROWN.
Phœnix, November 17, 1870. — dc10t3

S. LAZARD & CO.

Main street—(Opposite the Bella Union Hotel),
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

Wholesale and Retail. dec17.

The Miner.

Heavy Damages.

The Northwestern Stage Company (Tuller, Parker & Co.), recently sustained a suit, at Boise City, Idaho, in which a lady named Emma E. Cox was plaintiff, who, on the 20th of September last, received injuries by the upsetting of one of the Company's coaches, that have made her a cripple for life. The lady claimed $20,000 general and $600 special damages, which were reduced to $15,000 general and $280 special damages, by the jury. Defendants claimed that the overturning was an accident which could not be avoided. They also produced a release, signed by plaintiff, releasing, in consideration of $100, all claims against the Company—"from the beginning of the world, up to the date of signing of the release." Mrs. Cox declared that she had not read said release, and the jury paid no attention to it. The case will be carried up.

Col. S. B. Farnham is getting up a party of 500 men, at Chicago, to come to Arizona. The San Francisco *Bulletin* publishes his inducements to immigrants, and we must say they are glittering. We want people to come here, but we do not care to see them come on "Col. Farnham's" misrepresentations, one of which is that he can lead them to "placers of unlimited extent, which will yield by the old fashioned panning process, from $100 to $500 per man, per day!" This is too much, but it is not a tithe of what he says and promises. We have mines—both quartz and placer—of great richness and extent—but we'll venture to say that "Col. Farnham" never saw them, and that he is a fraud.

New Jersey.

So long as little Jersey was Democratic, it used to be the fashion, among Radicals, to talk about her as if she were a foreign State, but, now, we presume, every Radical will speak of her in terms of endearment, as the State of New Jersey.

The Same old Palaver.

Before leaving Tucson for the east, McCormick wrote sickening puffs of the Yuma Delegation, and had them printed in his *Citizen*. If said puffs do not disgust the gentlemen from Yuma, we will be very much mistaken.

The Cheyenne (Wyoming) *Tribune*, a pretty fair Radical paper, has closed its first volume, and started on a new one. The *Tribune* has our best wishes for pecuniary success.

Killed Himself.

John B. Wilson committed suicide at the Bella Union Hotel, Los Angeles, California, a short time ago, by shooting himself.

Discoveries and Inventions.

Violins invented, 1477.
Pumps invented, 1425.
Hats invented, 1404.
Dice invented, 1500 B. C.
Bellows invented, 554 B. C
Camera obscura invented, 1515.
Engraving on wood invented, 1460.
Battering rams were used 441 B. C.
Roses first planted in England, 1522.
Paper first made of linen rags, 1417.
Shillings first coined in England, 1504.
Diamonds first polished and cut, 1489.
Almanics first published at Buda, 1470.
Gun locks invented at Nuremburg, 1517.
Printing invented by Faust, Ger., 1441.
Watches first made at Nuremburg, 1477.
Air guns were invented as early as 1645.
Hats first made in Europe, at Paris, 1504.
Soap first made at London and Bristol, 1524.
Stops and pauses in literature first used, 1520.
Theatrical performances first given in England, 1378.
Muskets invented and first used in England, 1421.
Post offices first established in Europe, in France, 1464.
Printing introduced into England, by Caxton, 1474.
Maps and charts first brought to England, 1489.
Fortifications first built in the present style, 1500
Sugar refining first practiced by a Venetian, 1503.
Chocolate introduced into England, from Mexico, 1520.
Turkeys introduced into England, from America, 1520.
Engraving on copper invented by Fimmiguerre, Italy, 1451.
Cannis in modern style first made in Europe, Italy, 1481.
Algebra introduced into Europe by the Saracans, 1412.
City streets first lighted in Modern Europe, Paris, 1523.
Greek language introduced into England, by Grocyn, 1491.
Casts in plaster, first invented in Florence, by Verichio, 1470.
Copernicus discovered the true theory of the solar system, 1582.
Gardening first introduced into England, from Netherlands, 1509.
Playing cards invented, for the amusement of the French King, 1390.
Shipping wheels invented at Brunswick, 1530.
Balloons were invented by Gusmac, a Jesuit, 1720.
Guillotine, the inventor of the guillotine, the dreadful instrument of punishment in France, was born at Saintes, 20th March, 1738. It is a false rumor that he perished by his own devices. He died in his bed:—*Economist.*

An Interview with Lee.

Of all the anecdotes told of Gen. Lee, we have not read or heard any that tells of the quiet humor of his character, and this want we can supply. While the army were camped around Hagerstown in the first Maryland campaign, we were serving with the rear guard, commanded by an officer of the first Georgia regulars. For three days the guard and some sixty prisoners had subsisted on apples, green corn, etc., and no rations had been issued to us in that time. In approaching Hagerstown we passed by the tent of Gen. Lee, and he was walking up and down before it, apparently in deep thought.

The Georgia officer said: "I will go to Gen. Lee, and complain that I have no rations, and ask for an order for some." "Do not disturb him, he has enough of care," we advised. "Yes, I will," said the officer, and he halted the command and approached the General, who looked up as he came near, and said. "Well, Captain, what is it?"

"General," said the officer, "for three days and nights I have been here with a guard of 100 men and 60 prisoners, without an ounce of food whatever."

Rapidly Gen. Lee replied "My dear sir, is it possible? You are the man that I have been searching for. Walk into my tent at once, and impart to me the secret by which you subsist men without food. It is a problem that has given me more concern than all others. With your knowledge we can dispense with these long supply trains, and all the trouble we are at to obtain food. Walk in and let me hear so valuable a fact which is sure to obtain our success."

The officer of the Georgia regulars looked at Lee in amazement and made no reply. He lifted his hat and turned to his command, and the word "Forward" rang with sturdy emphasis from his lips. From that time forward until his annihilated regiment left the Army of Northern Virginia for Macon to recuperate, he was never known to complain or grumble, and a radical defect in his character was completely cured by the quiet humor of Gen. Lee.

Shall We Meet Again.

The following is said to be one of the most brilliant articles ever written by the lamented George D. Prentice:

But the fiat of nature is inexorable. There is no appeal for relief from the great law which dooms us to dust. We flourish and fade as the leaves of the forest, and the flowers that bloom and wither in a day have no frailer hold upon life than the mightiest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footsteps. Generations of men will appear and disappear as the grass, and the countless multitudes that throng the world to-day will to-morrow disappear as the footprints on the shore.

Men seldom think of the great event of death until the shadow falls across their own path, hiding from their eyes the traces of loved ones, whose living smiles were the sunlight of their existence. Death is the great antagonist of life, and the cold thought of the tomb is the skeleton of all feasts. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although its passage may lead to Paradise; and with Charles Lamb, we do not want to lie down in the grave, even with princes for our bedfellows.

In the beautiful drama of Ion, the instinct of immortality, so eloquently uttered by the death of the devoted Greek, finds a deep response in every thoughtful soul. When about to yield his young existence a sacrifice to fate, his beloved Clemantha asks if they shall not meet again, to which he replies: "I asked that dreadful question of the hills that seemed eternal—of the clear streams that flow forever—of the stars among whose fields of azure my raised spirit hath walked. As I look upon thy living face, I feel that there is something in thy love that cannot really perish. We shall meet again, Clemantha.

Ordered Before Retiring Board.

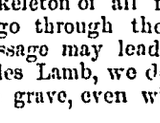
The following named officers, with others, who have served in this Territory, have been ordered to appear before Gen. Hancock's Retiring Board:

Major D. R. Clendenin, 8th Cav.; Captain G. S. Grossman, supernumary, who has been acting as agent for the Pimas and Maricopas; First Lieutenant L. L. O'Connor, 3d Cav.; Second Lieutenant J. C. Graham, 3d Cav.; Captain Dudley Seward, 8th Cav.; First Lieutenant Robert Carrick, and First Lieutenant Thomas W. Gibson, of the same regiment.

New Theatre.

Los Angeles (California) has a new theatre—the "Merced," which is to be opened about Christmas.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street,  Opposite Plaza,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D. Monihon, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for *Cash*.

☞ Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on han for sale or hire.

GIDEON BROOKE,
JACOB LYNN.

Prescott, October 24, 1868.

PACIFIC BREWERY,

MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the Miner Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,

Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale. 

As we brew our own Beer, and take great pains to make it O K, lovers of the healthy, strengthening beverage will do well by calling upon us and trying our medicine.

JOHN RAIBLE,
PHILIP SHEERER.

Prescott, October 5, 1867.

☞ **HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,** At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

Miscellaneous Ads.

W. B. HOOPER, San Francisco. } { A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

304 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P. O. Drawer, 990) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

(P. O Box, 2683)

JAS. M. BARNEY, Arizona City. JOHN S. CARR, Arizona.

Our facilities for purchasing and arrangements for selling are fully completed, and we now offer TO THE TRADE, a Full Stock of Merchandise in each department, comprising all articles enquired for, and salable throughout the Territory

We sell at small advances, FOR CASH, and are positive that it is to the benefit of every Interior Merchant to buy of us—instead of in San Francisco or elsewhere—thereby avoiding the expenses and annoyances of a long and tedious journey, and the loss of *three months time* necessary to receive their purchases, enabling them to increase their profits with the same or less capital invested

Orders by letter receive our careful attention, the same as though the parties were themselves present.

In a word we GUARANTEE SATISFACTION in prices, quality, quantity, and assortment of goods.

Currency and Bullion received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold for account of owners, as may be desired HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

EHRENBERG.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,

Wholesale Dealers In

Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Grain, Groceries, Provisions, etc.,

Respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that they are now located at the new

TOWN OF "EHRENBERG,"

Where they are prepared to receive merchandise, for storage or transportation, free of charge

EHRENBERG is situate on the east bank of the Colorado river, seven miles below La Paz, at the best and most convenient landing on the river, and is connected with the principal towns of the interior by good wagon roads.

The benefits to be derived by shipping goods via Ehrenburg are, *a saving of five dollars per ton*, and less handling of goods.

Freight to Wickenburg, four cents from the landing.

All merchandise consigned to us either for storage or transportation, will be attended to with care and despatch

For further particulars, inquire of

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
sep18'69tf Ehrenburg Arizona

ISAAC H. LEVY,

Dealer in General Merchandise, and General Commission Merchant,

San Bernardino, California.

Merchandise forwarded to any part of Arizona, with promptness and despatch

Gold-dust, Legal Tenders, and Soldiers Final Settlements, bought

Office of the Arizona Stage Line, No 1 Jackson Block, corner of Third and Grafton streets.

San Bernardino, Cal., August 27, 1870

NOTICE.

PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

The undersigned, under the name and style of the "PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY," hereby give notice that they have, this day, located a Water Ditch and claimed four thousand (4,000) inches of the waters of Salt River, for irrigating purposes, to be taken out on the south side of said river, on section 20, N. E. South, township 3, E., Range 1, North.

Five hundred yards of said ditch is now completed and four thousand (4,000) inches of water, more or less, running in the same We intend to run our ditch in a southwest direction, as fast as possible, and as far as we deem it necessary for farming purposes.

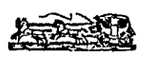
CLAIMANTS:

J. A. CHENOWTH, N. W. BROADWAY,
C. P. CRAWLEY, W. SANDERSON,
V. A. STEPHENS, J. M. WILSON,
JOHN H. WISS, W. BRECHT

Salt River, Yavapai County Arizona, Sept. 26, 1870.
oct22-m3

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.

La Paz to Prescott.



Regular Weekly Trips, by Stage, with the Mail, will be made between La Paz and Prescott A four-horse passenger stage will leave La Paz every Saturday, connecting with the the stages on the California end of the line, from San Bernardino; arriving at Wickenburg on Mondays, and at Prescott on Tuesdays. Passengers returning will arrive at La Paz on Fridays, connecting with the stage for California that departs Saturday morning.

☞ Packages, &c., forwarded on reasonable terms.

JAMES GRANT, Contractor.

Prescott, October 2 1869.

BARNETT & BLOCK,

.... DEALERS IN ....

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, &c.

WICKENBURG AND PHŒNIX.

☞ Sell cheaper than any other merchants in Central Arizona. nov20'67.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

Parties in Wickenburg, Prescott, and other interior points, are notified that I have at the Ehrenberg Landing, a large adobe warehouse, with good shingle roof, and am prepared to receive and forward goods of every description at as low rates as any other parties engaged in the business. J. M. BRYAN.

Ehrenberg, A. T. Sept. 1st, 1870.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

From this date we are prepared to forward freight from Ehrenberg to Prescott at six cents, and to Wickenburg at three and one-half cents per pound in gold.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.

Ehrenberg, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

STOCK RANCHED.

Grazed or fed on fodder. Apply to BARNARD & CO., Post Office.

Prescott, A. T., Oct. 8, 1870.

THIRTY-FIFTH PARALLEL ROUTE.

The Shortest and Best Route from the Southern and Southeastern States to the States and Territories of the Pacific.

The Only Route Over Which Large Trains and Herds of Stock Can be Driven, Without Suffering and Loss, from Lack of Food and Drink.

Plenty of Grass; Water and Wood on the Entire Route.

Now, that the new wagon-road from Prescott, Arizona, to Albuquerque, and Santa Fe, New Mexico, is completed, and open to travel, we desire to make public the facts that the distance between the Rio Grande and California has been shortened nearly one hundred miles by said road; that the entire route, which passes near the Thirty-fifth Parallel, is, in every respect, far superior to any other southern route, for the reasons that the whole region of country through which it passes, is blessed with a mild, healthy climate; is well supplied with *good* water, *grass* and *wood*; is partially free from hostile Indians, and is, besides, nearly, if not quite 300 miles shorter than any other known Southern route.

Hereafter, Prescott, and all the towns, settlements and military posts of Northern Arizona, will receive their supplies from the East, over this route, and we expect to see a steady stream of emigration and large droves of stock pass over it. As high as 1,200 head of cattle have been driven, in one band, over the old route, *via* the San Francisco Mountain, and as the new route is better supplied with water than the old, twice that number of stock can be driven over it, and find plenty of water, in the dryest season of the year, as will be seen by the following

ITINERARY OF DISTANCES, ETC.,

which we have compiled from Government explorations and other reliable sources:

Starting from Albuquerque, New Mexico, (on the Rio Grande river), where all roads from the end of the Kansas Pacific Railway, (which, at present, is about 150 miles east of Albuquerque) unite, as well as those from Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and the other Southern States, the road strikes west, to the first camping place,

	Miles.	
Rio Puerco Summit,	14	water, grass and wood scarce.
Mouth of El Rito.	13	" " " "
Sheep Springs,	13	plenty of poor water, good grass and some wood.
El Rito	8	" good water, grass good, no wood.
Laguna (Lake and Indian town)	8	" " grass, water and wood.
Cuvero, (Mexican town)	8	" " " " "
Remances (picket post)	14	" " " " "
Old Fort Wingate,	10	" " " " "
*Agua Azul,	12	water scarce in dry season, grass and water plenty.
Navajo Pass (Summit of Rocky Mountains)	22	fine pine timber, water and grass plenty.
Inscription Rock,	18	water in tanks, scarce in dry season, grass and wood.
Fish Springs,	14	plenty good water and grass, wood scarce near camp.
Zuni Creek,	9	" " " grass and wood.
Zuni Indian Villages,	5	" " " " "
Jacob's Well,	25	plenty of poor water, good grass, wood scarce.
Navajo Springs,	7	" fair water, grass plenty, wood scarce.
Signal Hill,	5	water scarce in dry season, wood and grass plenty.
Lithodendrom Creek,	13	plenty of water by digging 2 feet in bed of creek, grass and wood scarce.
Little Colorado, (Mouth of Navajo Creek)	15	plenty of water, grass and wood.
Sunset Crossing (Road follows east bank)	35	" " " "
New camping place,	8	" " " no wood
Opdyke's Tank,	15	plenty wood, water and grass
Chavez Pass,	15	plenty wood, and grass, no water.
Joycox's Tanks	6	" " water and grass.
Hawley's Springs,	6	" " " "
Bean's Springs	2	" " " "
Simon's Springs,	1	" " " "
Owen's Lake,	7	" " " "
Shafer's Tank,	8	" " " "
Beaver Creek,	12	" " " "
Verde River,	10	" " " "
Wild Cherry Creek,	15	" " " "
Ash Creek,	9	" " " "
Lerty's Ranch (two roads)	9	" " " "
†Crossing of Granite Creek,	12	" " " "
American Ranch,	10	*running water most of the year, grass, wood, plenty,*
Williamson Valley,	13	wood, water and grass in abundance.
Camp Hualpai,	15	" " " "
		" " " "
Oaks and Willows,	18	" " " " *good place for*
Anvil Rock, (on Muddy)	9	recruiting stock.
Fort Rock,	15	wood, water and grass in abundance, (Ranch).
Willow Grave,	9	" " " " "
Cottonwood Creek,	5	" " " "
Tanks,	8	water scarce in dry season, plenty of grass and wood.
Wallapai Springs,	13	wood, grass and water plenty.
Beale's Springs,	14	" " " "
Coyote Springs,	2	plenty of water and grass (wood for camping).
Union Pass Station,	16	toll-gate and station—fine water, grass and wood.
West of Summit,	2	spring and running water, grass and wood.
Colorado River, (good ford)	11	plenty of water, grass and wood for camp purposes.
Hardyville (ferry) 6 miles above Ft Mohave	3	
Piute Springs,	22	big stream of water, fair grass, wood.
Rock Springs,	18	water plenty in well, grass and wood plenty.
Government Wells,	3	water scarce, grass and wood plenty.
Marl Springs,	19	water and wood plenty, grass scarce.
Soda Lake,	33	water and grass plenty, wood scarce.
Caves,	21	Mohave river—water, wood and grass plenty.
Camp Cady,	14	Ranch—water, wood and grass plenty
Forks of Road,	10	" " " " "
Fish Ponds,	12	" " " " "
Cottonwood,	18	" " " " "
Lane's	12	" " " " "
Upper Crossing Mohave River,	7	" " " " "
Upper Toll gate at Cajon Pass,	19	" wood and water plenty, grass scarce,
Martin's Ranch, (12 miles to S Bernardino)	9	" wood, water and grass plenty.
Cocamonga Ranch,	15	" " " "
San Jose Ranch,	8	" " " "
Mud Springs,	4	" " " "
El Monte,	15	" " " "
Los Angeles,	10	" " " "
Total,	530	

Road for Fort Whipple, Prescott, Wickenburg, La Paz, Ehrenberg and Arizona City, leave main route at Lerty's Ranch, and will be found first-rate, for persons wishing to settle at those places, or to enter that portion of California of which San Diego is the chief town.

As Prescott is also connected with Phœnix, Florence and Tucson, by a good wagon-road, persons wishing to go to Southern Arizona, can do so by following this wagon-road.

That's a Fact.---What's a Fact?

THAT THE

NEW YORK CHEAP STORE

Is the Only Store in the Territory that Receives Goods Direct from New York.

By this arrangement, the proprietor saves the enormous tariff usually levied by San Francisco merchants, and is thereby enabled to sell goods cheaper than any other merchant in Arizona.

I have on hand,

Henry's Improved Rifles and Cartridges
Colt's Revolvers, Holsters and Belts,
Percussion Caps, Flasks, Pouches,

A Large Stock of

Boots, (including Rubber Boots,) Shoes, Hats, Socks, Cooking Stoves, Axes, Nails, etc., etc., together with a large stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Suitable for this Market.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

Prescott, March 20, 1869. **LEVI BASHFORD.**

QUARTZ MOUNTAIN SAW-MILL.

The attention of the public is called to the fact that we have renewed facilities for the manufacture of

All Kinds of Lumber,

For Building purposes, and for Mills and Mining.

We keep constantly on hand, at the mill, on Groom Creek, six miles from Prescott, and at the yard, in town, large quantities of lumber, for sale at the following prices, in gold:

Good merchantable, at mill, ... $40.00 per M.
Clear, ... 60.00 " "
Ten dollars, additional, at yard.

No departure from these prices.
No sales made except for money or accepted orders.

A. O. NOYES,
GEO. CURTIS.
Prescott, March 5, 1870. sep17'67

☞ A full supply of all the **Patent Medicines** At Dr. KENDALL'S Pioneer Drug Store

L. B. JEWELL & Co.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers,

South side of Plaza, Prescott.

Have on hand, for sale, a fine assortment of

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry.

☞ Jewelry, of all kinds, made to order. Repairing done with care and promptness. au7

E. J. COOK,..... ED. F. BOWERS.

COOK & BOWERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,
Clothing, Dry-Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Clocks,
Iron, Nails, Quicksilver,
Tobacco Cigars, etc.,

Are prepared to furnish the people all kinds of

Merchandise, for Cash.

At reasonable rates, at the

ADOBE STORE,

Corner of Granite and Gurley Streets

Prescott, Arizona. [je27'68

☞ All Kinds of **STATIONERY** at BARNARD & CO'S

THE WEEKLY ARIZONA MINER.

VOLUME VII. PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 31, 1870. NUMBER 53.

THE ARIZONA MINER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

—AT—

PRESCOTT, YAVAPAI COUNTY, ARIZONA.

SUBSCRIPTION:

One Copy, One Year	$7 00
" " Six Months	4 00
" " Three Months	2 50
Single Copies	25

Papers will not be sent unless paid for in advance, and will *invariably* be discontinued at the end of the time paid for.

ADVERTISING:

One square, one time, $3 00; each additional time, $1.50. Each additional square, same rate.

A liberal discount will be made to persons continuing the same advertisement for three, six, or twelve months

Professional or business cards inserted upon reasonable terms.

Job Printing.

THE MINER office is well supplied with Presses, Plain, Fancy and Ornamental Type, and the proprietor is determined to execute all work with which he may be favored in the neatest and best style of the art.

Work may be ordered from any part of the Territory, and, when accompanied with the cash, it will be promptly executed and sent by mail, or as directed.

Persons sending us money for subscription, advertising or job work, may forward it by mail, or otherwise, at their own risk.

☞ *Legal Tender Notes taken at par in payment for subscription, advertising and job work*

J. H. MARION,
Editor and Proprietor

Business & Professional Cards.

COLES BASHFORD,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Tucson, Arizona,

Will practice his profession in all the Courts of the Territory

HARLEY H. CARTTER,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Prescott, Yavapai County, Arizona.

Will attend to business in all the courts of the Territory
sep4'69tf

JOHN M. ROUNTREE.

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Prescott, Arizona

J. P. HARGRAVE,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Montezuma street, Prescott, Arizona

JOHN HOWARD,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Prescott, Arizona

Dr. J. N. McCANDLESS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

(Late of the U. S. Army,)

Offers his services to the people of Prescott and vicinity Can be found, at all hours, except when professionally engaged at his office, in Allen & White's store, Montezuma street, Prescott

Prescott, November 7, 1868.

G. W. BARNARD,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

and Justice of the Peace.

OFFICE—In the Postoffice, north side of the Plaza, Prescott. jan15'70

R. B. YUILL,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Wickenburg, Arizona.

J. E. McCAFFRY,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

Main Street, Tucson, A. T.

O. H. CASE,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

Prescott, Arizona.

A. WOLFF, San Bernardino. S. FOLKS, 410 Sacramento Street, San Francisco.

WOLFF & FOLKS,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

m12'70 San Bernardino, California.

PHŒNIX STATION.

Phœnix, Yavapai County, Arizona.

Hay and Grain, and the best of Accommodations for Travelers.

The patronage of the traveling public is solicited.

E. K. BUKER.

Phœnix, August 20th, 1870.

MONTEZUMA SALOON,

Montezuma Street, Prescott.

We have recently renovated and fixed up our saloon in fine style, and have none but the choicest Wines, Liquors, and Segars, for our customers and the public.

O. A. LUKE & CO.

Prescott, December 3, 1870.

I TOO WANT SOME CORN, AND WILL PAY A good price. L. BASHFORD.

Prescott, Oct. 7, 1870.

☞ **Blank Mining and Quitclaim Deeds, Special and General Powers-of-Attorney, etc., for sale at the Miner Office.**

☞ **PURE COD LIVER OIL,** At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

CALENDAR FOR 1871.

1871	Sund.	Mond.	Tuesd.	Wed'y.	Thurs.	Friday	Satur.
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
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	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..
Feb.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
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	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	..	..	..	..
Mar.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
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June	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
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1871	Sund.	Mond.	Tuesd.	Wed'y.	Thurs.	Friday	Satur.
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Aug.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
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	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	..	..
Sept	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
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	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Oct.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
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Nov.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
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	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
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Dec.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
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	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	..	..	..	..	..	..

GRANDFATHER'S DARLING.

Grandfather is past ninety, and little May but four,
Yet they love to sit together beside the cottage door;
And as the old man dances his darling on his knee,
He tells her of the far back time when he was young as she

Those long and rambling stories May oft before has heard,
But she listens with wide open ears to every well known word;
And in her mind she wonders if he remembers too,
The men who lived in Noah's ark, when this old world was new

Grandfather's hair is scanty, and white as driven snow,
While May's rich curls are golden, kissed by the sun's warm glow;
But as the young head nestles fondly against the old,
You see the sunlight blending the silver and the gold.

Grandfather is not book learned, but from his early youth
He has striven to walk heaven-ward, and loved the way of truth,
And now he clasps his darling as the day is getting dim,
And both together murmur a simple evening hymn

His stalwart sons come round him—and well advanced in years—
And tell him how the world goes on, with all its hopes and fears,
But from the modern gossip he turns away to hear
The childish prattle little May is whispering in his ear

Folks call the old man childish—it may be even so—
His heart is as a little child's and this we love to know,
And somewhere it is written that not the wise alone
But those who live in childlike faith, our Father calls His own.

Grandfather is past ninety, and little May but four
So they will not sit together long beside that cottage door,
But we know when the old man from earth is called away
His God, and her's, will still protect his darling little May

Pre-Historic America.

On the evening of Friday, September 23d, Abbe Brasseur de Bourbourg lectured in New York on "Mexican Archeology and the Prehistoric Annals of America," and is thus briefly reported.

It would take me a long time to explain to you all that refers to American archeology and its discoveries that I have made in that direction The Mexican archeology refers to the countries known by that name, but what I call the "pre-historic history" refers not only to the whole of America, but also in great part to the history of the Atlantic Ocean, and the history of most of the parts of Africa and Europe which border on the Mediterranean. The discovery of these annals I made but a very short time since; and it was quite unexpected by me. These annals are written in the old Mexican language, and I find in them descriptions of the Gulf of Mexico, of the Carribean Sea, of a great part of the Atlantic, and also of the Mediterranean between Europe and Africa. The history goes back ten thousand years before our era. I beg pardon of those who have prejudices for stating this, but in the Bible there is no chronology at all. The Bible teaches doctrine, and nothing else. This has been admitted by the Church of Rome—that the Bible has no chronology—and so I can go on without offending any person. The history I have found relates, in the first part, to what is generally called the glacial period; and almost all that has been said by Professor Agassiz on that subject is found in these Mexican books and in the Mexican language. This may appear very wonderful; but it is nevertheless true. I have no theory on the subject, but only facts. After the glacial period man begins to appear on the earth. Not civilization at first, but man. The book says that at the end of the glacial period great lakes were formed all over the world, especially over what may be called the Atlantic world. What is now the Atlantic Ocean was covered with lands and lakes, down from the Caspian Sea to the Sea of the Antilles, connecting almost everywhere with one another. These lakes were the first centers of civilization. There they began life, and there began industry. There began the new cities—in those places named in the books where are now the Antilles—the islands of San Domingo, Cuba, Jamaica and Porto Rico. These were called by the ancient nations the "Four Great Gods."

They were called gods, because in those ancient languages the word "god" means "rocks" on which mankind could save themselves. And they were gods to those ancient people, because on them they could save themselves from the ice. So after that glacial period came the lacustrine period, for then the great cataclysms took place, and those four islands remained alone, with the shock of the earthquakes and the beginning of the Gulf stream. It came out of the mountains of the equator, and swept over the whole of the lands which were called "Atlantis" by Plato. The first parts which were destroyed were those which exist between Brazil and the coast of Africa. And the Gulf Stream came out and took another way through broken lands. It broke both of those lands, and the Gulf Stream was hidden under those lands, but afterwards the whole of those countries were hidden under the Atlantic. The manuscripts give a great many descriptions of those lands. They show the formation of Africa, and especially of the Sahara. The Gulf Stream ran down over those lands, and came through some part of the Mediterranean; and formed the Strait of Gibraltar. The manuscript which gives all these details gives also all the names which are still found in the Phenician annals, and which are found along the coast of Barbary, and which are also found in Herodotus. Those names exist in the very same orthography in the manuscripts of Mexico. It is very strange, but it is so. And what is most extraordinary is that the names are all explained in the Mexican language. Thus Leptis is the "place of shells." My attention was called to those names by the eminent geologists and archeologists who came to make some inquiries, in order to render the Emperor's book more complete in that respect. You know that the Emperor wrote a history of Cæsar; and the gentlemen to whom I have referred went to M. de Saulci and others to seek explanations. But none of them could give the meanings. All they could say was that the words belonged to a very old language.

As the work was going through the Imperial printing office at the same time mine was being published the director told him to come to me and seek their meanings. The first was Leptis. I said 'It means a country made of shells' He replied "Well that is exactly the place." He then inquired the meaning of Carthage. I said it means downs of sand, or sand dunes. He said that was also correct. Utica (you have another here in America) means a round basin with only a very small entrance, and so of many others. Gadara, a name upon which so many commentaries have been made in what is called the old world, (but the old world is this,) Gadara means a gate of water—something like the Strait of Gibraltar. You have the idea preserved in the English word "gate." Hercules was the Gulf Stream who opened the gate—the rocks of Gibraltar, and led the water through. These are a very few of the details which appear in the Mexican book. It then proceeds to give the details of the beginning of civilization in the Antiles; and according to all that I have seen in this manuscript that civilization began in San Domingo, and most probably in the Bay of Samana. From thence civilization was spread out by the red men. Well, civilization after being developed in the Antiles went down under the sea in the cataclysm. The four great islands, however, remained; with a part of Yucatan, for it is now proved that this land is rising every day

The people, after the destruction of the great Atlantis developed a civilization of another kind. I forget what you call it in English; French archeologists call it *pierre eclat.* (A voice: chipped stone) Yes, that is the age of the old Atlantis It is called by that name because everything was cut by stone implements—their cevices, as well as other things. But after the destruction of the islands, most of the inhabitants of those countries were drowned also. They were all black, and were known by the same name as they are known on the ancent monuments of Egypt—the name of Cham. The population who existed on either side of the Mediterranean were a white race, according to our ideas—but smaller than those at present existing. A number of this race escaped from the cataclysm, and their descendants are still found in Europe These are the Basques, the Finns, the Laplanders, and some very small tribes which existed among the Alps—the Grisons. Such were the people who existed in those ancient times. The manuscript says that most of those races were destroyed in the cataclysm, but some escaped into the mountains. But when the red race became strong enough in Gurto, they came with the Gulf Stream, and most probably they followed all around the coast o North America, and came to Ireland, and then spread over to Spain and Africa. Of this race was certainly the Egyptians, because in the Mexican books they give the same names.

The names of the Pastor Kings of Egypt are all given in the manuscript. So also are many interesting facts in regard to the Etruscans and also in regard to Rome. The name of Rome, you know, has never been explained; and even the latest historian, Mommsen, can offer no explanation of it. But it is all explained in the Mexican books. It means the water flowing between two hills. It has an allusion to beasts, so you see here is the foundation of the story of the two boys suckled by the she wolf. The learned Abbe gave some other interesting philological remarks, and then explained how he had been able to get at those valuable historic results. When he was appointed Cure of Rabinal, in Guatemala, he told the Indian chieftains that he wished to collect all their histories, and in particular that he wished to see them perform one of the ancient Bales or dramas. But this they for some time refused to do, until he had cured one of the chiefs of some illness, when he agreed to dictate to the Abbe the whole of a very ancient Bale in the Quiche language, adding a running translation in Spanish. The writing of the Bale occupied the Abbe for twelve days. When he let the chiefs know that he had the original, they agreed to give a performance. It was in these ancient works that he found the facts above mentioned.

Fine Writing.

We are sorry that our limited space prevents us from copying Sylvester Mowry's ably written letters from this Territory to the *Alta* California, of San Francisco. We will, however, assure our readers, who have not seen them, that in them, Mr. Mowry has done ample justice to every portion of the Territory visited by him on his late tour.

Letter from New York City.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28, 1870.

Now that Thanksgiving, 1870, is among the things that were, our people are making preparations for the Holidays. Storekeepers are cleaning up and fixing show windows in the most attractive styles, and presenting all sorts of novelties to buyers; but it appears to be universally thought that the Holiday trade will be comparatively light.

A movement is afoot here to build a monster Crystal Palace. A plat of ground 800 feet square has been purchased, and a building is in contemplation, which, when finished, will astonish the world. This movement is in the hands of the staunch men of the States, and we have every reason to suppose that it will be speedily matured.

The new and beautiful Harlem Railroad Depot is fast drawing near to completion, and when finished will be one of the many attractive features of the Metropolis. It is situated in 4th Avenue, and extends from 42d to 45th Streets, is built of fine Philadelphia brick, and the inside work is mostly of iron. It is calculated to have it ready for use before the expiration of 1871. It will stand a beautiful monument to the great Railroad King, Commodore Vanderbilt.

Thanksgiving day was celebrated as usual. The customary service was held in the morning at the various churches. The usual dinner was given to the poor at the Five Points Mission, and about 2,000 people partook of such a meal as they will probably not be permitted to enjoy again until another Thanksgiving day rolls around. Target companies without number paraded the streets, and in many instances, the old and time honored family reunions were celebrated. The poultry market was literally flooded, and the prices were such as placed turkeys and chickens within the reach of almost everyone.

The Foundling Asylum Fair was closed on Saturday evening last, after a good run of three weeks. This fair was opened for the purpose of raising money to build an Asylum for foundlings, the small building on 12th street being inadequate to the wants of the numberless little ones which are nightly left in the basket at the door. Although the institution has been in operation but about a year, it is now conceded to be one of the necessities of the city, and it is to be hoped that by this time next year a suitable building will have been erected, to convince the kind sisters who opened the present asylum that their efforts have been recognized and fully appreciated by the citizens of New York. The receipts from the fair are reported to be very flattering.

A fair for the benefit of the wounded French also closed Saturday night, after a very successful run.

Weston, the pedestrian, started last week to walk 400 miles in five days, and one of the days he was to walk 112 miles—at the Rink, in both of which undertakings he failed; his friends say for the want of being in condition, but the papers say for the want of spectators ot four bits a head.

WE publish, below, for the benefit of all whom it may concern, the substance of an act of Congress, in relation to jurors in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States. It will be seen by reference to this act, (chap. 298,) that no person can serve as a juror, in either of these courts, more than once in two years. It may also be observed that the fees of jurors in these courts, have been increased to $3 per day; and mileage, at the rate of five cents per mile, in going to and returning from the court.

Sec. 1. That hereafter the grand and petit jurors of the several Circuit and District Courts of the United States shall each receive for his services the sum of three dollars per day for each day's actual attendance at court, and for the time necessarily occupied in going to and returning from the same; and the sum of five cents per mile for the distance necessarily traveled from their residence in going to and returning from said court by the shortest practicable route.

Sec. 2. That no person shall be summoned as a juror in any Circuit or District Court more than once in two years, and it shall be sufficient cause of challenge to any juror called to be sworn in any cause that he has been summoned and attended said court as a juror at any term of said court held within two years prior to the time of such challenge.

HOW SUGAR IS MADE WHITE.—The way in which sugar is made perfectly white, it is said, was found out in a curious manner. A hen that had gone through a clay mud-puddle, went with her muddy feet into a sugar house. It was discovered by some one that wherever the track went, there the sugar was whitened. This led to some experiments. The result was that wet clay came to be used in refining sugar. The sugar is put into earthen jars, shaped as the loaves are. The large ends are upwards, while in the smaller end is left a hole. The jar is filled with sugar, the clay put over the top and kept wet. The moisture goes down through the sugar and drops through the hole in the end of the jar. This makes the sugar perfectly white.

AN old friend is worth two new ones.

Little Things and Great Results.

A gnat choked Pope Adrian to death, which caused wonderful changes in the nation and history of the whole world.

A counsellor of Rome was strangled by a hair in the milk which he drank. This event caused the most serious results of anything that ever transpired in his family.

Anacreon, one of the lyric poets, is said to have lost his life by swallowing the skin of a raisin. The world then lost one of the most illustrious poets and writers.

A destructive war between France and England was occasioned by a quarrel between two boy princes.

The "grasshopper war," which took place about the time the Pilgrims came to New England in the Mayflower, between two Indian tribes, was brought about in this way:

An Indian woman, with her little son, went to visit a friend belonging to another tribe. The little fellow caught a large grasshopper on the road, and carried it with him. A lad from the other tribe wanted it, but he refused to give it up. A quarrel ensued, which soon drew the fathers and mothers into the dispute, and ere long the chiefs were engaged in a war which nearly exterminated one tribe.

Several centuries ago, some soldiers of Modena carried away a bucket from a public well at Bologna, which was the cause of a long war; and the King of Sardinia was imprisoned for twenty two years, where he died.

An English and French vessel had a quarrel about which should be supplied first from a certain well of water, which induced a war that cost 1,000 lives.

The great philosopher, Newton, saw a child playing with soap bubbles, which led him to his most important discoveries in optical instruments.

Stephen Montgolfier saw a shirt waving when hung before the fire, from which he first conceived the idea of a balloon.

When Galileo was in the Metropolitan temple of Peria, he observed the oscillations of a lamp; and this was the first conception of a correct method of measuring time.

The introduction of the telescope is due to a little boy playing with spectacle glasses.

The art of printing was suggested by a man cutting the letters of his name on the bark of a tree and impressing them on paper. On account of which we have books printed on good legible type on almost any and every subject sought by the human mind.

Little drops of water, little grains of sand,
Make mighty oceans and the beauteous land

Ages are made up of moments, fountains of drops, and human character of little words and actions.

Condemned By Their Own Friends.

The Radical party has had full control of Congress for many years. The *Nation*, a very able Radical organ, condemns the legislation of the Republican party in the following emphatic language:

It is tolerably clear that nobody in the Republican party looks back to its performances in Congress during the last two years with any pride or satisfaction. Two years more of such helplessness and incapacity, in the presence of the questions of the day, would probably, even if nothing better turned up in the interval, make even the Democrats, with all their sins upon their heads, acceptable to a majority of the voters.

The uncertainty of the tariff—it is changed from top to bottom nearly every year—combined with the great weight of its duties, also helps to strengthen the speculators and capitalists, and to concentrate in a few hands all the most profitable trades. It is only the great operators having control of large funds who can successfully contend with the ups and downs which the tariff has introduced into business. It is only they who can spare the time and the money necessary for the work of lobbying at Washington which the high duties made nearly as necessary a part of any great manufacturer's business as the yearly balancing of his books and the repair of his machinery; and it is only they who, if their efforts are unsuccessful and adverse changes are made in the tariff, can meet the crisis without ruin. Under such a system there is no place for small producers. It is as much as they can do to meet the natural uncertainties of trade; the artificial uncertainties they cannot provide for. The consequence is that the labor market, like other markets, passes every year more and more under the control of a few capitalists, who, whenever they please, can make the competition of capital for labor, on which economists rely so much for keeping up wages, a mere farce.

EXTRAORDINARY TYPESETTING.—Andrew W. McCartney, a compositor in the Chicago Evening *Post* office, for six days, composed and corrected 95,000 ems. In four of these days he worked six hours and a half; the other two days seven hours each. He thus achieved the extraordinary feat of setting 95,000 ems in forty hours without extra "fat." We annex the figures, exhibiting the amounts of each day's work, which for rapid typesetting has probably never been equalled: Saturday, 17,200; Monday, 15,400; Tuesday, 19,100; Wednesday, 16,800; Thursday, 13,400; Friday, 13,700—total, 95,000 ems.

As an evidence of the tenacious national spirit of the French, we hear of a chasseur who was recently shot at Inglestadt for an attack on a Lieutenant who had him in charge. He fell, waving his cap and shouting, "*Vive la France!*"

Twenty-five mammoth Krupp guns are mounted for the bombardment of Paris. When they begin to cough, Paris will know what it is to have the Krupp.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

The Miner.

Prescott, Arizona Territory.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 31, 1870,

Single copies of the MINER can be purchased at the Postoffice.

The Legislature.

The Sixth Legislative Assembly of this Territory will convene at Tucson, the present Capital of the Territory, on Wednesday, January 11, 1871. The members elect from this county, are already making preparations for the trip, and it is presumed that every county will be fully represented. We hope that the most perfect harmony will prevail during the entire session. When we consider the conflicting interests of the people of a Territory so large as ours—comparatively sparsely populated—we can plainly see the necessity of harmony and good feeling in the two Legislative Bodies, for, without it, the local questions which will naturally arise, cannot be considered with that moderation and spirit of equity and justice, which characterizes the dignified law-maker. There is much to be done at the coming session. A great many of the general laws heretofore passed need modification and amendmeht, and many other matters of importance to the Territory, will, of necessity, come before the Legislature, to all of which points the Governor will, undoubtedly, refer in his message. We commend our delegation to the people of Tucson, as gentlemen of sagacity and integrity, and bespeak for them the hospitalities of your proverbially generous citizens.

New Year.

To-night at 12 o'clock, Old Time will usher in the new year, and the old year will be among the things that were, and pass into oblivion. How many sad reflections does this thought engender. The many pleasant faces we greeted so warmly, a year ago, which we now miss—butchered and tortured by the hostile Apache. The hope—unrealized—that at this time we could say that Arizona would be free from Indians. The struggle—unsuccessful—to place ourselves first in the list of prosperous, successful territories—all, go to form a great page in the book of 1870, the perusal of which would cause the stoutest heart to shudder. Still, despite of all the discouraging circumstances attending the development of Central Arizona, we have gradually advanced. Our population has increased, more soil has been cultivated than ever before, and mines are being developed which, cannot but bring about the desired end, at no distant day. We need more troops to quiet the Indians; We need capital to develop our mines; and all this we deserve and expect during the next year. A country so rich in agricultural and mineral resources, cannot long remain under a cloud. Let us at the commencement of the new year begin with renewed energy, resolved to build up a great and prosperous State.

THE perfidy of the shameless clique of carpet baggers, composed of Wasson, McCormick, Safford, & Co., is getting to be quite notorious; they can console themselves however with the thought, that, if they have acquired unenviable notoriety, they will walk off with a large share of the plunder. Read the following:

LIKE FATHER, LIKE SON.—Wasson and Safford, of Arizona, the appointees of Senator Nye and Stewart of Nevada, have followed so closely in the criminal track of their teachers, that some grand jury of that Territory should give them a positive check in their guilty career. Of the frauds upon the ballot box perpetrated the Los Angeles *News* says: "It is understood that Governor Safford will give McCormick the certificate of election, but is somewhat gratifying to know that his course has been so shameless in this canvass as to have earned for him the contempt and indignation of respectable men of all parties in Arizona. Safford and Wasson, the Surveyor General, are the appointees of Senator Stewart of Nevada. For what dirty work they gained their positions at his hands can readily be imagined. They have carried into Arizona the same infamous practices they used in Nevada. While that State has repudiated forever, we trust, the Stewart, Nye and Fitch class of public men, their baleful power still exists in Arizona to defeat the wishes of the people, and to fatten upon the spoils of office in that unfortunate Territory.

Pass 'em around. Nevada has had 'em, we've got 'em bad, let some other Territory take a nauseating dose of 'em, for somebody is bound to have 'em as long as the Rads rule.

A BILL was introduced by Nye, in relation to certain Territorial Penitentiaries, transferring the superintendence to the United States Marshal of the Territories. Referred to the Committee on Territories.

Go it! Nye of Nevada. You have been trying to run the Territories for a long time. Referred to the Committee on Territories; waste of time. Why wasn't it referred to Nye, of Nevada? Perhaps you would like to be General United States Marshall for all the Territories, so you could manipulate the public purse to your own taste. Make all you can quick, Nye of Nevada, for your political doom is sealed.

That redoubtable man from Nevada, called Nye,
Would gulp at one gobble the nice chicken pie;
And with Stewart and Fitch pulling wires at his back,
He'll undoubtedly get a respectable smack.

Diamonds on the Pacific Coast.

Diamonds have been found in some fifteen or twenty different localities in California, but all were of small size, the largest of which we have ueard not exceeding 7½ grains—less than two carats. The so-called "California diamond" of the shops, is only beautifully clear crystal quartz. The true diamond is found in the gravel deposits of the gold mines, but there is no reason to suppose that washings for it would be remunerative. In Arizona, quite recently, diamonds have been found of greater size. One brought to this city is said to weigh about three carats and to be worth $500, and the miners are believed to have ignorantly thrown away much larger ones, not recognizing them in the rough. Diamond washing has never been profitable in any country, except with slave or convict labor, as in Brazil and Siberia, until the remarkable discoveries made in South Africa, where a few adventurers have been enriched by the search for them, and some of the largest specimens known in modern washings have been picked up. It might be worth while for the Arizona miners to acquaint themselves with the appearance of diamonds in the rough, and keep a look out for them.

We are aware of the fact that diamonds have been found in Arizona, but the finding of them has been purely accidental. No one to our knowledge has ever paid the subject a single thought. Perhaps it would be wise for some of our enterprising prospectors to give it their attention. Humboldt, in his published account of his travels through Arizona, asserted that diamonds existed in the regions of the Little Colorado River. Possibly a thorough prospecting might prove the truth of the assertion of that illustrious man.

Latest News from the Seat of War!!!

Paris Dates to the 17th.

New York, Dec. 12.—The Moniteur publishes a circular from the Interior Department to the Prefects, contradicting the rumors of troubles in Paris. Balloon dates are to the 17th. The news is favorable. No engagements since the 3d. The officials of Paris published a report of government, on provisions, which is favorable. They are preparing for great sorties.

Havre advices show that the Prussians are retreating towards Amiens. There have been a number of small engagements, in which the French were victorious. The Prussians are reported as using explosive bullets.

The Prefect of the Rhine announces Fouca chief of the battalions of the National Guard of Lyons, was shot yesterday by a band of wretches, after the semblance of a trial.

It is reported that the Prussians occupy Tours, and Chaussy at Marne, where they receive munitions, reinforcements and batteries. French troops, well equipped, continue coming. Cavalry and artillery raised by Bordeaux, ready to march.

Trochu, having shown to Prussian officers who were prisoners, ample provisions and munitions at Paris, sent them back to Versailles.

Garibaldi refuses to accept the sword of honor until the end of the war.

Late Versailles despatches say there are no indications of a decisive engagement in France until after the holidays. Large numbers of Prussian officers are returning home on furlough.

Vienna advices say the Turkish fleet is under immediate orders for service, and extensive warlike preparations have been made at Kertch.

The Austrian official organ says the Emperor declares Russia's repudiation of the treaty of Legations unlawful, and requires guarantees against future modifications.

Paris, Dec. 17.—The people are calm and resolute, provisions plentiful.

French victory reported at Boldeck.

Prussians have bombarded Marne.

Various German reconnoisances made from Amiens, attached to Fraidherbes corps were repulsed.

The Hesse Darmstadt approved the Federal treaties, with a further war credit of 3,662,005 florins.

Prussians have evacuated Sergnizy and Beaumont after severe fighting.

London, Dec. 21.—Only 600 prisoners were taken at Nuitz.

Fighting is going on at Bray.

There are 25,000 Germans at Mont Didier.

Turkey is determined to act upon the Eastern question independent of powers.

Postal treaty between England and Italy has been signed.

Correspondence between the Pope and the Prussian King is denied.

Prussia stipulates that foreign topics be introduced in the deliberations; adhesion of France is awaited.

THE Nevada papers are either poorly posted, concerning the Bradshaw Mining District, near this place, or they wilfully misrepresent. Probably all the information obtained by them in reference to these mines, is obtained through the columns of the MINER, and they never read anything of the kind in this paper. We copy the following:

"Bradshaw District, Arizona, seems to be attracting much attention in that Territory. The ore is free gold, and is very rich, but as a drawback there is a scarcity of water and plenty of Apaches."

Now, there is nothing correct in the above article, except that the ore is rich. The mines are situated in a country where the facilities for working are unequaled. There are several streams of running water, that flow during the entire year. There is an abundance of the finest timber and grass, and on account of the nature of the country, few, if any Apaches. Please do us justice, Nevada brothers, and don't get jealous of us, because of our rich mines.

THE only man who voted the Democratic ticket in Winnebago county, Indiana, was totally blind. If he couldn't see, he could smell the nastiness of the Radical party.

New Colony.

Mr. Wolff of San Bernardino, informs us that a new colony consisting of twenty-eight families, from Iowa and Indiana, under the direction of General North, have purchased 14,000 acres of Government land on the Santa Ana River, 30 miles south-west from San Bernardino, and have commenced active operations in farming, on an extensive scale. They have commenced a canal 8 feet wide on the bottom, and 3 feet deep. The new settlement is named "Riverside."

THE Senate after discussion, donated the carpets lately removed from the Senate Committee Rooms to the Colored Orphan Asylum and Colored Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphan Asylum.

Poor, sweet scented little darlings; how well your step uncles, foster brothers, *parientes* and *primos* are for you. Very few miserable little white orphans interfere with your comfort. Very few horrible little white trash, children of the brave men who fought and died, children of staunch sailors, the pride of our Navy, who sleep quietly their last sleep, in the fathomless ocean, are entitled to any consideration which might operate against you. The solicitude of your foster fathers, as aforesaid, is all yours. *Quod avertat Deus.*

Vigilance Committee in Los Angeles—A Man Taken from Jail and Hung.

Lachenais who killed Bell, a respectable citizen of Los Angles, was hung by a Vigilance Committee on the morning of the 17th inst. The authorities were previously notified that if Lachenais was brought out for examination as to his punishment, a Vigilance Committee would be formed and the murderer hanged. Measures were taken for the protection of the prisoner, and a *posse* was summoned. Only two obeyed the summons. About 10 A. M., the Vigilance Committee, numbering about 200, marched up the street four abreast, to the jail, and demanded the keys and the prisoner. The under Sheriff resisted, but was outnumbered. A back gate was forced open, and the keys demanded of the jailor to the iron doors. The jailor replied that he would die before he would give them up. The doors were then hammered in, the murderer seized, taken to an old corral, and hung in the presence of an immense crowd.

Democratic Mayor Eleced in Boston.

BOSTON, December 12.—The municipal election passed off very quiety to-day. The contest, so far as indicated by the newspapers, was between the politicians and the citizen's candidate, the latter achieving a success. The rain prevented polling a very full vote, but there was great excitement at the various voting places. William Gaston, the Citizens' and Democratic candidate, received 10,652 votes, against 7,819 for George Crpenter, his Republican opponent, and an aggregate of less than 100 for Alonzo A. Knight and Henry A. Cushing, respectively representatives of labor and prohibition. The storns prevent any outward manifestations of rejoicing to-night.

The "Hub" is fast returning to reason, the election of a Democratic Mayor in the modern Athens is very significant.

GENERAL Stoneman, commanding the Department of Arizona, and General Tompkins, Chief Quartermaster, left San Francisco by the steamer of the 20th inst., for Fort Whipple.

NEW STORE AT PHŒNIX.

We have opened a store near J. W. Swilling's, and intend to keep on hand all kinds of

Groceries,
Provisions,
Dry Goods,
Clothing,

And a General Assortment of Merchandise.

WM. A. HANCOCK & CO.

Phœnix, A. T., Sept. 15, 1870.

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned under the name and style of the HAYDEN MILLING AND FARMING DITCH COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have this day claimed ten thousand (10,000) inches—to be measured under two inches pressure—of the waters of Salt River; to be taken from said river at or near a butte, to the left of the main road to the Gila River, from Phœnix, and on the south side of said river. And the said Hayden Milling and Farming Ditch Company are at work on the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN, ROBT. SAVERY,
A. W. FIELDS, WM. GARRETT,
E. R. BROWN.

Phœnix, A. T., Nov. 17, 1870. nv26m3

PIONEER BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.

On hand and for sale, an excellent assortment of Ready-Made BOOTS, etc., for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gentlemen.

Boots, shoes, etc., made to order. Repairing promptly attended to. Prices reasonable. JOHN LAUGHLIN.

Pioneer Meat Market.

Granite Street, Prescott.

Constantly on hand,

Beef, Pork, Mutton,

Pork Sausages, Potatoes, Onions, &c.

WM. N. KELLY, Proprietor.

Prescott, November 27, 1869.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. R. CUTLAR, of California, has arrived in Prescott to remain for a short time. Persons in need of his professional services will do well to call early, as his stay will be limited to a few weeks only. First class Dental Operations guaranteed.

Office, on Plaza, East side,
Prescott, Dec. 17, 1870. dc17m1

HERBERT BOWERS,

Post Trader, Fort Whipple, A. T.,

Has recently replenished his stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Can Fruits, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.,

He, also, keeps constantly on hand and for sale, the following articles, all of which are manufactured at his Agua Frio Mill, 20 miles east from Prescott:

Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts.

The flour is as good as the best imported California, of which it takes precedence in this market.

Prices Reasonable.

Call and examine for yourselves.

H. BOWERS, Post Trader,
mar26 Fort Whipple.

ORIENTAL BAKERY AND SALOON

Next door to the Miner Office.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES,
Always on hand.

GOOD BOARD,

Furnished by the Week, Day, or Meal, at the following prices:

Per Week.....Sixteen dollars, currency.
Single Meals..... One dollar "

Oysters, Sardines, etc.,

Served in good style, at all hours.

Good Lager Beer, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, kept constantly on hand, for the accommodation of customers.

DAN. HATZ, Proprietor.

Prescott, December 18, 1869.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street,  Opposite Plaza,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D. Monibon, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for *Cash*.

☞ Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on hand for sale or hire. GIDEON BROOKE,
JACOB LYNN.

Prescott, October 24, 1868.

PACIFIC BREWERY,

MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the MINER Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,

Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale. 

As we brew our own Beer, and take great pains to make it O K, lovers of the healthy, strengthening beverage will do well by calling upon us and trying our medicine

JOHN RAIBLE,
PHILIP SHEERER

Prescott, October 5, 1867

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.

La Paz to Prescott.



Regular Weekly Trips, by Stage, with the Mail, will be made between La Paz and Prescott. A four-horse passenger stage will leave La Paz every Saturday, connecting with the the stages on the California end of the line, from San Bernardino, arriving at Wickenburg on Mondays, and at Prescott on Tuesdays. Passengers returning will arrive at La Paz on Fridays, connecting with the stage for California that departs Saturday morning.

☞ Packages, &c., forwarded on reasonable terms.

JAMES GRANT, Contractor.

Prescott, October 2 1869.

ISAAC H. LEVY,

Dealer in General Merchandise, and General Commission Merchant,

San Bernardino, California.

Merchandise forwarded to any part of Arizona, with promptness and despatch.

Gold-dust, Legal Tenders, and Soldiers Final Settlements, bought.

Office of the Arizona Stage Line, No. 1 Jackson Block, corner of Third and Grafton streets.

San Bernardino, Cal., August 27, 1870.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,



Done in Good Style, At the MINER Office

Orders solicited. Prices reasonable.

JOHN H. MARION, Proprietor.

Prescott, Arizona, April 10, 1869.

WARM AND COLD



A. OTTO'S New Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon,

Montezuma Street,.....Prescott, Arizona.

☞ Shaving, Hair Cutting, etc., in the most approved manne THEODORE OTTO.

AZTLAN LODGE, No. 177, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on the last Saturday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

Sojourning brethren are fraternally invited to attend.

E. W. WELLS, Secretary. G. W. CURTIS, W. M.

I. O. O. F., ARIZONA LODGE, NO. 1.

Regular Meetings of this Lodge on Wednesday Evenings, at Masonic Hall. Members of the Order, in good standing, are invited to attend.

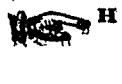
E. J. COOK, R. S. T. S. RUFF, N. G.

FAIR WARNING.

All persons indebted to the firm of Campbell & Buffum, *must* settle prior to January 1st, 1870.

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM.

Prescott, A. T., Dec. 6, 1870.

 **HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,**

At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

Prescott Advertisements.

W. BICHARD & CO.,

Have opened—at Prescott, a Flour and Grain Depot, on the corner of Granite and Gurley streets, in the building formerly occupied by Henderson & Bro., and will keep constantly on hand,

FLOUR,

(In 50 and 100 lb sacks, warranted extra)

CORN MEAL,
GRAHAM FLOUR,
SEMITILLA, (Shorts)
PINOLA,
GROUND FEED,
GRAIN, ETC.

Which will be sold, wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

Our Flour is made at the new mill recently constructed at Adamsville, which is provided with all the improved machinery of the day, and we have as good a sack as can be found on the Pacific slope.

NOTICE.—Should any gritty flour be sold in the market, the public may rest assured that we will not be chargeable therefor, as we neither manufacture nor sell flour of this character. W. BICHARD & CO.

THOMAS CORDIS, Agent.

Prescott, December 10, 1870.

REMOVAL.

NEW LODGING HOUSE.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public that he has fitted up, in good style, R. E. Elliott's house, on Montezuma street, a few doors north of D. Henderson & Bro.'s Brick Store, and is now prepared to accommodate citizens and strangers, with good, Clean Beds, at Reasonable Prices.

The place is one of the quietest in Prescott.

NEWTON COOK.

Prescott, December 10, 1870. del5m3

ARIZONA BREWERY AND SALOON

Next Door to the Post Office.

 **Excellent Lager Beer,** 

Of our own manufacture,

Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Always on hand, and for sale.

JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, October 2, 1869.

COUGHS, COLDS AND CANDY.

One pound of fresh-made candy—warranted pure—is worth more than a dozen pounds of imported trash.

BARNARD & CO. manufacture it.

Prescott, Dec. 17, 1870 del7tf

Notice to Settle.

We are hard up for cash, and wish that our patrons would come to our relief. Your accounts are all ready for presentation. G. W. BARNARD & CO.

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 1st, 1870.

PIONEER STABLE,

Granite Street, Prescott,

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

First class Saddle and Buggy Teams.

All stock in this Stable will be WELL FED and cared for. Plenty of Stable room and a large Corral.

Come and see me.

jul2 F. C. AYRES.

LOOK HERE!

You can buy R. E. Farrington's Ranch, situated two miles northeast of *Fort Whipple*, for $1 500, in Legal Tender. R. E. FARRINGTON.

Prescott, A. T., Sept. 26, 1870 oct1tf

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, made on the first day of March, A. D. 1870, in the matter of the estate of Milton Hudley, deceased, the undersigned, Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Monday, the ninth day of January, A. D. 1871, in front of the office of R. M. Rountree, auctioneer, in the town of Prescott, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said intestate, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, other than or in addition to that of the said intestate, at the time of his death, in and to all those certain pieces, parcels, tracts, or lots of land lying and being in the County of Yavapai, and described as follows, to wit:

Three hundred feet in the Benedict mining lode; 660 feet in the Clinton lode; 660 New Eldorado; 660 Manhattan; 600 Marsh; 660 Catawba; 660 Hoo Doo; 900 Weems; 660 Aguandiente; 660 Hiawatha; 660 Minnehaha; 600 Daniel Webster, 84½ Thomas Jefferson; 87½ Monroe; 84½ Constitution; 84½ General Mason; 84½ John Q. Adams; 87½ Madison; 83½ Iron Clad. Also, 1 9 interest in the auxiliary claims to the Minnehaha mining lode.

Also, possessory right to 160 acres of land situate on Walnut Creek, near Camp Hualpai.

Also, the following town lots, in the town of Prescott, to wit: Lot No. 1 in block No. 2; lots Nos. 42, 43 and 44, in block No. 20; lot No. 18, in block No. 38; lot No. 8, in block No. 31; and lot No. 16 in block No. 39.

F. A. COOK, Administrator.

Prescott, December 8, 1870.

PIONEER DRUG STORE.

Prescott,  **Arizona.**

On hand and for sale,

Hall's Balsam for the Lungs,
Townsend's Sarsaparilla,
Ayers' "
Bristol's "
Hall's "
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
" *Ague Cure,*
Osgood's India Cholagogue,
Brown's Jamaica Ginger,
Perry Davis's Pain Killer,
Goodale's Catarrh Remedy,
Brown's Bronchial Troches,
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers,
Dr. Devine's Pitch Lozenge,
Keating's Cough "
Jayne's Patent Medicines,

And, in fact, a full assortment of all the Patent Medicines usually found in drug stores.

Toilet Soaps, Fancy Articles, Perfumery,

And a large supply of Dispensing Medicines.

N. B.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. G. D. KENDALL.

☞ Dr. Kendall's office—In rear of Drug Store.

Prescott, April 24, 1868.

The Miner.

Local Intelligence.

PRESCOTT, December 31, 1870.

Personal, Etc.

Mr. George H. Kimball, Post Trader at Camp Date Creek, was in town a few days since, and filed his bond for the delivery of hay at that post. Mr. Kimball was warmly recommended by General Stoneman for the position of Post Trader at Camp Thomas, but Nye, Stewart & Co., thought too much of one of their ilk, and the appointment was given to the partner of Governor Safford, Thomas Ewing, a whilom resident of Tucson. So it goes. Would'nt it be better to import people from foreign countries—Liberia included—to fill every position in the Territory?

The Weather.

The weather for the last few days has been rather mixed. The days have been clear, and moderately warm, but the nights decidedly cold. The melting of the snow made the streets unpleasant for pedestrians. Now, the prospects are, that we will be favored with delightful winter weather.

Prescott Post Office

It is gratifying to know that the business of the Post Office at this place is increasing at a rapid rate; in proof of which we subjoin the following figures:

The nett balance due the U. S. Government for the quarter ending Dec. 31st, 1868, was $30.33. For the quarter ending Dec. 31st, 1869, $248 00. For the quarter ending September 30, 1870, $648.15.

The money orders issued since June, amount to $40,000,

This condition of affairs is flattering in the extreme, showing, as it does, the steady increase in our population.

Christmas Dinners.

Never before, in the history of our little city, did the community appear so thoroughly determined to enjoy itself, as upon the last Christmas Day. At nearly every home there was a Christmas dinner, with the time honored, savory smelling roast turkey, placed invitingly on the family board. At many places there was a Christmas tree, laden with gifts for the dear ones, and, while the tree was being plucked, the hilarious voices of the children, and the delicate way in which the Christmas gifts were presented and received, all, tended to remind one of days lang syne, and touched the tenderest feelings in an old bachelor's nature. That night we dreamed of "Tiny Tim," and "Toby Veck," and ate over many a Christmas dinner in our dreams. May such time honored customs be always revered in our country. Many merry Christmas dinners to all our readers.

The Christmas Ball.

The ball given on Friday night by the Prescott Quadrille Band, was one of the most pleasant parties we ever attended. The music was, to our untutored ear, perfect. The large gathering of elegantly dressed ladies and gentlemen, their dignified and courteous bearing, would have done credit to an Eastern city. The sumptuous supper furnished by Harry Hagan, at the Restaurant was a culinary triumph.

To the Bibulously Inclined.

We acknowledge receipt of an excellent bottle of Cocktails from Cal. Jackson & Doc. Tompkins, who have purchased the Washington saloon, from Jesse & Sol Jackson,—who we believe are about to embark in another branch of business.—Cal. & Doc., intend to keep a first class saloon. and we commend them to the diciples of the Rosy God.

WE were in error, last week, in stating that M. Goldwater had put in a bid for grain to be delivered at Camp Verde, which the agents thought too high for the interests of the service. The fact is, that Captain Hawley was authorized to proceed to Santa Fe, and advertise for 500,000 pounds of grain, which could not be procured in this vicinity. Mr. Goldwater, as we before stated, went to Santa Fe, and he having put in the lowest bid, secured the contract. He, and Frank Murray, returned to the Rio Grande a few days since, on business connected with his contract.

CAPT. PERKINS' company, F, of the 12th Infantry, and M Troop, of the 3d Cavalry, had a jolly Christmas dinner on Christmas day. We are told that the mess rooms of the companies were very tastefully decorated. The defenders of our country know how to appreciate anything of that kind, after the hardships they have undergone.

ON Monday last Stanfield's train arrived from Los Angeles, California, with merchandise for Campbell & Buffum, and others. Campbell & Buffum, have a complete assortment of general merchandise, as, in fact, have most of our enterprising merchants.

Mr. Stanfield's train will load with lumber for Salt River, and return with grain for the Government.

Another Homicide.

From Kirkland valley, we learn that on Sunday night last, P. Gabriel, shot and killed a man by the name of Boise, and in the affray, wounded another man. As near as we can gather them, the circumstances are as follows: the two belligerents were engaged in a game of "poker," and on several occasions, Gabriel detected Boise in the act of dealing from the bottom, and as often requested him to desist, and play fairly, this brought about an unpleasant state of feeling between them. Finally, Gabriel held four jacks, which was the best of the two hands. Boise told Gabriel that he did not get his hand fairly, and that he should not have the money at stake, and made some movement to keep Gabriel from getting the money, whereupon Gabriel pulled his pistol and fired three shots, one of which passed through the head of Boise, killing him instantly, another bullet struck a man in the thigh, who was sleeping in the corner of the room. Both parties had been drinking freely.

Shooting Affray.

We are indebted to Dan O'Leary for the following:

Two men, one named Michael Careless, and the other known as Bronco Pat were partners, and kept the station at the Willows, on the Mohave road. A few weeks since, when it was supposed that the Hualpais were about to commence hostilities, one of them went to Mohave. Upon his return his partner charged him with having defrauded him. This led to high words between them, and the result was, that Careless was shot and seriously injured by Bronco Pat. The wounded man was conveyed to the Hospital at Camp Hualpai. His wounds are considered dangerous.

Our County Officers.

On Monday next, our newly elected county officers will be duly installed, and will enter upon the discarge of the duties of their respective offices. Some of them have been known officially to the people before, and the fact that they have been again selected, is the best evidence that the people had confidence in them. We trust that their expectations will be more than realized.

Dentistry.

We are pleased to announce that Dr. R. Cutler, a competent dentist from California, has located here, he comes highly recommended, and deserves patronage. He extracted a bicuspid for us, (which we had more than twice cussed,) in the highest style of his art.

Game.

During the Holiday week, our market has been bountifully supplied with turkeys, deer, quail, etc. Our mountains are full of such game and afford the hunter a great deal of rare sport, and no little profit, for instance, a good sized wild turkey, brings readily from 10 to 12 dollars.

CUPID, as usual, about the Holidays has been casting his darts around, with his wonted vigor: achieving no insignificant result for his prowess; two of our fairest lassies were beseiged, stormed and captured by the arms of two young bachelors, as will be seen by reference to our list of marriage notices. We wish them a long and joyous married life.

THE residence of Judge Turner, on Cortes street, is offered for sale or rent at a reasonable price, it is a desirable residence, situated in a quiet neighborhood. Calvin White is the agent for the property.

SAM C. MILLER, has been busily engaged for some time past, in hauling grain from Kirkland and Skull valleys, to the different military posts in this vicinity.

ON Christmas, we were the recipient of a mammoth cake, from the eating house of Dan Hatz, next door to our office. Upon cutting the cake it was found to be as good as it looked, and all hands, including the devil (the devil is fond of cake,) ate to Hatz's health and prosperity.

CHARLEY GENUNG, one of our enterprising Pioneers, arrived in town on Wednesday, from People's Valley. He reports everything flourishing at that place. He has quite a herd of sheep at or near his ranch.

TO-DAY is the last day for paying property taxes, so delinquents had better call on Tax-Collector Taylor at the Sheriff's office, and liquidate. By pursuing this course, taxpayers will save themselves and the county, expense, and the county officials no little trouble.

A. WOLFF, Esq., of the firm of Wolff & Folks, merchants of San Bernardino, (one of the oldest and most successful firms of that place), is at present on visit to this place. He comes to view the country, and we are positive that he will be satisfied with its appearance.

OUR friend Captain J. P. Hargrave, who has been quite sick for some time, is convalescing, and will quite soon be around again.

More Indians.

From Mr. J. N. Branaman, who lives with his family in upper Woolsey Valley, we learn that on Sunday afternoon, an Indian came to his ranch. He was asked to what tribe he belonged, and replied that he was an Apache Mohave, but, upon being closely questioned stated that he was a Navajo, but, his sort hair proved him to be a Pinal, and Charles Manly, who was present, recognized in him one of the foremost in the fight he had with the Indians, last fall, in the Black Hills. As night approached the Indian wished to leave, but was requested to remain all night, and, considering it the safest policy to retain him until morning, Manly took possession of his bow and arrows. Afterward, discovering he had a knife, he was asked to deliver it up, but positively refused to do so. Manly, however, took it from him, and delivered it to Mr. Branaman, who then requested him to go into a room until morning, but he refused to go. Branaman then pushed him toward the door, when his devilish nature could not restrain itself. He turned and grappled with Branaman, and struggled violently to obtain possession of his pistol, the Indian was a stalwart young man, and Branaman with difficulty drew his pistol, in the struggle, but, when he did succeed in doing so, he shot and killed the Indian instantly. The next day another Indian of the same tribe, apparently, came, but was immediately sent away, and told to return no more, still, the next day nine Indians, who called themselves Apache Mohaves came to the ranch of Green a short distance below. Green saw them approaching and motioned them away, telling them he would shoot if they came any nearer. This did not check them and he fired more to frighten them off than to kill any of them. The Indians immediately dropped behind bushes, and fired 30 or 40 arrows at Green who retreated in good order to Branaman's. A party of four immediately went in pursuit of the Indians but did not overtake them. Mr. Branaman says, he wishes to be friendly with Indians who are really friendly, but that it is impossible where they mingle together indiscriminately, to distinguish between them. The isolated position of Mr. Branaman and his family perfectly justify his course in the matter.

Marriages.

In this place on the 23d inst., by the Rev. M. Gilmore, Mr. J. H. Pierson, to Miss Louisa A. daughter of ames Grant.

Also on the 23d inst., by Justice A. O. Noyes, Mr. James Baker, to Miss Sarah, daughter of Js. Ehle, all of this place.

Christmas Day.

A few scrimmages took place on Christmas, but as they were confined principally to fisticuffs, there was not the interest manifested in them, that there usually is in such pleasant episodes, they were too insipid.

Boots, Shoes, etc

John Laughlin's new establishment on Montezuma street is now one of the neatest in town The front room is well filled with ready-made boots shoes, gaiters, etc., for ladies', children and gentlemens' wear, also, material for new work. All these articles having ben selected with great care, by Mr. Laughlin, while in San Francisco recently, it is almost useless to inform the people of Arizona, for whom they were purchased, that they are of good quality, and that all from the youngest to the oldest, can be fitted and *suited by calling upon John*

His workshop in the rear of the salesroom, is one of the busiest places in Prescott, good workmen being constantly employed, making and repairing to order

His prices will be found to be in accordance with the times, and we advise our friends to call at John's, and get a good, comfortable fit nov19tf

Farmers and Gardeners, Attention.

Do you want to buy seeds and plats that you may surely rely on? Go to Sevin Vincent & Co, the well-known Seed Dealers, 607 Sansome St, between Washington and Jackson Streets San Francisco, and Brooklyn, Alameda county. Mr. Sevin Vincent is the only Seed Grower of California. He guarantees the superior quality of his seeds and all those imported he tests with the greatest care before selling. Be sure he will sell you the best and cheapest. nov19m

New Advertisements.

FRESH SEEDS, FRESH SEEDS.

HARRIS & JACOBY'S,

No. 2 Downey's Block, Main street, Los Angeles, California, is the only Wholesale and Retail Seed Store in Southern California

Button Onion, Alfalfa, Clover and Grass Seed, always on hand.

Seeds can be sent by mail at the shortest notice, if required

Also, Importers and Jobbers in

Liquors, Tobacco, Stationery, and Law Blanks, School Books, Hardware, Cutlery, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, &c dec31

VIRGINIA DITCH COMPANY.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned, under the name and style of the Virginia Farming Ditch Company, hereby give notice that they have this day claimed ten thousand (10,000) inches—to be measured under two inches pressure—of the waters of Salt River. The water to be taken from said river about two and a half miles above the Prescott Ditch Company, on the south side of said river. And the said Virginia Farming Ditch Company will commence work on the same on the first day of March, A. D. 1871.

B. F. RIGGS, G. A. CHENOWTH,
C. F. CATE, M. A. BROADWAY,
C. P. WOODCOCK, V. A. STEPHENS,
G. A. HAMMOND, WM. LA FORCE.

Phœnix, A. T., Dec. 21, 1870. dec31m3

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A dwelling house, and three lots, on Cortez street, Prescott. The house is the same recently occupied by Judge Turner and family, and is large, comfortable and convenient. For further particulars inquire of

C. WHITE.

Prescott, Dec. 31, 1870. dec31m1

Miscellaneous Ads.

W. B. HOOPER, San Francisco. } { A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

304 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P O Drawer, 990.) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

(P. O Box, 2683.)

JAS. M. BARNEY, Arizona City — JOHN S. CARR, Arizona

Our facilities for purchasing and arrangements for selling are fully completed, and we now offer TO THE TRADE, a Full Stock of Merchandise in each department, comprising all articles enquired for, and salable throughout the Territory.

We sell at small advances, FOR CASH, and are positive that it is to the benefit of every Interior Merchant to buy of us—instead of in San Francisco or elsewhere—thereby avoiding the expenses and annoyances of a long and tedious journey, and the loss of *three months time* necessary to receive their purchases, enabling them to increase their profits with the same or less capital invested.

Orders by letter receive our careful attention, the same as though the parties were themselves present.

In a word we GUARANTEE SATISFACTION in prices, quality, quantity, and assortment of goods.

Currency and Bullion received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold for account of owners, as may be desired HOOPER, WHITING & CO

Arizona City, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

W. B. HELLINGS, C. H. GRUBB, — E. L. HELLINGS, E. W. GROVER

W. B. HELLINGS & CO.

San Francisco, California, (109 California St.)

Phœnix, Arizona, Camp McDowell, Arizona, Colorado Reservation, Arizona

Wholesale and retail dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, and general Army Supplies.

We keep constantly on hand, at our several stores, as large and complete an assortment of goods as can be found anywhere in the Territory

We invite especial attention to our stock of Agricultural Implements at Phœnix, consisting, in part, of Fanning Mills, Corn Shellers, Grain Cradles, Scythes and Snaths, Harrows, Peoria Plows, Mattocks, Hoes, Rakes, Shovels, &c., &c Also a large assortment of every variety of Garden Seeds. dec24tf

ATTENTION LADIES.

ARABS, EGYPTIANS and BREAKFAST CAPES, for sale at reduced rates at

dec24tf D. HENDERSON & BRO'S.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, THIRD JUDICIAL District, in and for the County of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona

DAVID HENDERSON, Plaintiff, *vs.* HENRY CLIFTON, Defendant Order of publication

Action brought in the District Court in and for the county of Yavapai and Territory of Arizona The Territory of Arizona sends greeting to HENRY CLIFTON, defendant You are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the District Court of the Third Judicial District, in and for the county of Yavapai, and Territory of Arizona, to answer the complaint filed therein, [a copy of which accompanies this summons] within twenty days [exclusive of the day of service] after the service upon you of this summons, if served in this county, but if served out of the county and in the Territory, then within forty days, and if served out of the Territory, then within twenty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. This action is brought to recover the sum of one hundred and eighty-two dollars ($182 00) upon your certain promissory note executed and delivered by you—the defendant—to plaintiff at Prescott, Arizona, on the ninth day of April, A. D 1870, and payable within four months, and bearing interest at two per cent. per month from date until paid. Also, for the foreclosure of a certain deed of mortgage, executed and given to secure the payment of said promissory note and bearing even date of said note. All of which is more specifically shown in the complaint herein, to which reference is hereby made. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as above required, the plaintiff will take default against you and apply to the court for the relief demanded in his complaint and for costs and disbursements in this behalf expended

Given under my hand and the seal of the District Court this 19th day of December, A. D. 1870.

ED W. WELLS,

[L S] dec24t6 Clerk District Court.

GRAIN SACKS!

Twelve Hundred A No 1 Grain Sacks on hand and for sale at 25 cents each.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Prescott, December 17, 1870

GOSHEN BUTTER!

We are now selling good Goshen Butter at $1 00 per pound D. HENDERSON & BRO

Prescott, December 17, 1870

JACKSON & BRO'S

Bar & Billiard Saloon,

Next door to Campbell & Buffum's Brick Store,

Montezuma Street, Prescott.

Contains two of Phelan & Collender's best Billiard Tables, and is well supplied with choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

We have recently renovated, refurnished and fixed up our Saloon, so that it is now the neatest and coolest place of resort in Northern Arizona. JACKSON & BRO.

Prescott, February 8, 1869.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

Parties in Wickenburg, Prescott, and other interior points, are notified that I have at the Ehrenberg Landing, a large adobe warehouse, with good shingle roof, and am prepared to receive and forward goods of every description at as low rates as any other parties engaged in the business. J. M. BRYAN.

Ehrenburg, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

From this date we are prepared to forward freight from Ehrenberg to Prescott at six cents, and to Wickenburg at three and one-half cents per pound in gold.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.

Ehrenberg, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

STOCK RANCHED.

Grazed or fed on fodder. Apply to

BARNARD & CO., Post Office.

Prescott, A. T., Oct 8, 1870.

Miscellaneous.

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Tinware, Glassware, Crockery, Mining and Farming Tools, Paints, Glass, Oils, Putty, Stationery, Cutlery, Confectionary, Perfumery, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Medicines, Children's Toys, Fireworks, &c.

They particularly invite the special attention of Farmers to their AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, consisting of all kinds of

Plows, Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Seed Sowers and Wheelbarrows,

Also, of the trade, to their

Fine Stock of Liquors,

All of which they will sell lower than any other traders in Central Arizona,

Give them a call, before purchasing elsewhere

D. HENDERSON & BRO.

Prescott, August 13, 1870.

HARRIS & JACOBY'S,

No 2, Downey's Block, Main St., opposite Commercial Street, Los Angeles, California

DEALERS IN

Books,
Stationery,
Jewelry,
Fine Cutlery,
HARDWARE, PAINTS, OIL, Etc.

Cigars, Tobacco, Stationery, Schoolbooks, &c.
Fancy Goods, Toys, Hosiery,
Under-Garments, Neckties
Gloves, *Shoe-Findings,*
Hardware, Paints, Oil, Window Glass,
Looking Glasses, Picture Frames,
Wall Paper, Mouldings, &c.
Vienna Matches, Pipes, Playing Cards,

POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY,

Combs and Brushes, Musical Instruments,
Perfumery, and Yankee Notions

SCHOOL BOOKS sold at San Francisco Cost.

The latest Magazines and Newspapers always on hand Also, constantly receiving

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

All of which they will sell at the VERY LOWEST cash prices. dec12

MAGNOLIA BREWERY

AND SALOON,

Wickenburg, Arizona Territory

The undersigned respectfully informs the public and his old friends, that he is now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, a superior quality of

LAGER BEER,

For Wholesale and Retail, in Bottles or Kegs.

THE SALOON is well supplied with excellent Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc and contains

Two Good Billiard Tables.

The patronage of the public is solicited.

m14'68 A. H. PEEPLES, Proprietor.

PINE'S HOTEL,

San Bernardino, California.

This well-known hotel is open for the reception of guests at all hours of the day or night. The house has been repainted and re-furnished throughout. The table is abundantly supplied with the best of everything the market affords, and the sleeping accommodations of the house are excellent.

Attached to the hotel is a BAR, well stocked with good Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, a BILLIARD SALOON.

A FEED STABLE, where every care will be taken of animals, is also connected with the hotel.

☞ The Arizona and California Stages arrive at and depart from this hotel, and the undersigned solicits the patronage of persons passing to and from Arizona, as well as of the public generally. C. STARKE.

San Bernardino, Cal., March 26, 1870. apr9

BILLIARDS!

MESSRS. PHELAN & COLLENDER,



The well-known Billiard Table Manufacturers, of New York, have established at

541 Market Street, San Francisco,

An extensive branch of their business, where they propose to keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete assortment of

BILLIARD TABLES, CLOTHS, CUES, Etc.,

On this coast The Tables are of the latest styles and size recently adopted in the Eastern States; are manufactured in the best possible manner, and furnished with PHELAN'S LATEST IMPROVED CUSHIONS.

The new Composition Billiard Ball, made by the Hyatt Manufacturing Company, of Albany, New York, the best substitute for ivory yet discovered, for sale only by us Price, $12,00 per set.

All goods sold will be of the best quality, and the prices fully as low as any other house in the business.

Parties visiting the city are invited to visit our warerooms and inspect our stock.

GEO. E. PHELAN, 541 Market St.

N. B.—The public are notified that no other parties on the Pacific coast have the right to sell Phelan's Cushions. nv26m3

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of A. G. DUNN, Deceased.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, COUNTY OF YAVAPAI, Territory of Arizona.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same to the undersigned, administrator, at Prescott, in said county, within one year from this date.

All persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to save costs.

B. A. HUSSEY,

Prescott, A. T., Nov. 26, 1870. Administrator.

nv26m1

PARKER, WATTSON & CO.

Importers, Jobbers and Manufacturers of

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

306 & 308 Clay Street,

(One door above Front),

GEO. A. BARKER, SAM. B. WATTSON, DAVID CONKLING. } *SAN FRANCISCO.*

S. LAZARD & CO.

Main street—(Opposite the Bella Union Hotel),

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING,

Wholesale and Retail. dec17.

The Miner.

A Picture of Europe.

The *Will o' the Wisp*, an English paper, satirical and conservative, has this picture of Europe:

Russia covets,
Turkey fears;
Austria ponders,
Italia cheers.

Belgium—Holland,
Wait in dread;
Denmark's palsied,
Spain is dead.

France lies bleeding,
Prussia soars;
Britannia shuts her eyes
And—snores!

Rules of Table Etiquette.

The politeness has its origin in Christian charity and kindness, and all standard rules of etiquette were founded for the greater convenience and happiness of the members of society. Although the reasons may not be obvious at first sight, they exist, and will be apparent on careful consideration.

1. Do not keep others waiting for you, either at the beginning or close of the meal.
2. Do not sip soup from the tip, but from the side of the spoon.
3. Be careful not to drop or spill anything on the table-cloth.
4. Keep your plate neat; do not heap all sorts of food on it at once.
5. In passing your plate to be rehelped, retain the knife and fork.
6. When asked for a dish, do not shove, but hand it.
7. While drinking, do not look around.
8. Instruct the servant to hand the cup at the left side, so that it may be received by the right hand.
9. Do not drink your tea or coffee without first removing the teaspoon from the cup to the saucer,
10. Use the knife for cutting only; never put it to the lips nor in the mouth.
11. Break your bread into small pieces, and rest them on your plate while spreading.
12. Do not eat too fast; besides giving one the appearance of greed, it is not healthy.
13. If you find anything unpleasant in your food, put it aside as quietly as possible, without drawing the attention of others to it.
14. Do not open the lips nor make any unnecessary noise in the chewing.
15. Do not touch the head.
16. Do not rest the elbow on the table.
17. Do not speak with the mouth full.
18. Brush the table neatly before bringing on the dessert.
19. Be thoughtful and attentive to the wants of those about.
20. Converse on pleasant subjects with those sitting near you.
21. Do not say anything not intended for all present to hear.,
22. Leave your plate with the knife and fork lying parallel, the handles pointing to the right.
23. Never leave the table before others without asking the lady or gentleman who presides to excuse you.

Excellent Interest Rules.

For finding the interest on any principal for any number of days. The answer in each case being in cents, separate the two right-hand figures of answer to express it in dollars and cents:

Four Per Cent.—Multiply the principal by the number of days to run; separate right hand figure from product, and divide by 9.

Five Per Cent.—Multiply the number of days, and divide by 72.

Six Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days; separate right hand figure, and divide by 6.

Eight Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days, and divide by 45.

Nine Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days; separate right hand figure, and divide by 4.

Ten Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days, and divide by 36.

Twelve Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days; separate right hand figure, and divide by 3.

Fifteen Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days, and divide by 24.

Eighteen Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days; separate right hand figure, and divide by 2.

Twenty Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days, and divide by 18.

Twenty-Four Per Cent.—Multiply by number of days, and divide by 15.

CONVENIENT FOR REFERENCE.

When computing interest at four per cent., two places pointed off from the right of the principal gives the interest upon it for ninety days.

At 5 per cent.,	{two places pointed off gives the interest for}			....72 days.
At 6 per cent.,	do	do	do	....60 days.
At 8 per cent.,	do	do	do	....45 days.
At 9 per cent.,	do	do	do	....40 days.
At 10 per cent.,	do	do	do	....36 days.
At 12 per cent.,	do	do	do	....30 days.
At 15 per cent.,	do	do	do	....24 days.
At 18 per cent.,	do	do	do	....20 days.
At 20 per cent.,	do	do	do	....18 days.
At 24 per cent.,	do	do	do	....15 days.

HOLD ON!—Hold on to your tongue when you are just ready to swear, lie, or speak harshly, or say improper words.

Hold on to your good name at all hazards, for it is of more value to you than gold, high places, or fashionable attire.

Hold on to the truth; for it will serve you well, and do you good throughout eternity.

Hold on to your virtue; it is above all price to you in all times and in all places.

Hold on to your good character; for it is, and always will be, your best wealth.

Hold on to your temper when you are angry, excited, or imposed upon.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we, the undersigned, have taken up and do claim for milling, farming and other purposes, sections 28 and 29, Government survey, on the south side of Salt River, taking in two Buttes on either side the main road from Phœnix to Gila river, and all persons are hereby notified of the same.

CHAS. T. HAYDEN,
J. W. FIELDS,
A. F. GARRETT,
E. K. BROWN.

Phœnix, November 17, 1870. dc10t3

Prescott Advertisements.

THE

LARGEST AND BEST

Assortment of Goods

Ever brought to Prescott, is now on hand at

CAMPBELL & BUFFUM'S

Consisting of

GROCERIES,	PROVISIONS,
WINES,	LIQUORS,
TOBACCO,	CIGARS,
CLOTHING,	DRY-GOODS,
BOOTS,	SHOES,
HARDWARE,	TINWARE,
GLASSWARE,	CROCKERY,
MINING TOOLS,	FARMING TOOLS,
PAINTS,	OILS,
GLASS,	PUTTY,
STATIONERY,	CUTLERY,
CONFECTIONERY,	PERFUMERY,
GUNS,	PISTOLS,
AMMUNITION,	MEDICINES,
TOYS,	FIREWORKS,
&c., &c.,	&c.

☞ We can fit and suit anybody and everybody, in anything and everything, at all times, at

REASONABLE PRICES.

JOHN G. CAMPBELL,
W. M. BUFFUM.

Prescott, July 17, 1869.

WORMSER & WERTHEIMER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Liquors, Crockery, Hardware, Farming and Mining Implements, etc.,

CALL THE ATTENTION OF THEIR OLD pioneer friends and the public generally to their new and splendid assortment of goods, recently purchased, by one of the firm, in San Francisco, and now on hand at their store in Prescott.

Give us a call and see for yourselves. We are *not* selling for ruinous prices; our motto is and has been, "*Live and Let Live.*"

Merchants, farmers, miners and others, wishing to purchase goods, would do well to give us a call, before purchasing elsewhere

M. WORMSER,
A. WERTHEIMER.

Prescott, Arizona, February 1, 1870. my16'68

HERBERT BOWERS,

Post Trader, Fort Whipple, A. T.,

Has recently replenished his stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Can Fruits, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, &c.,

He, also, keeps constantly on hand and for sale, the following articles, all of which are manufactured at his Agua Frio Mill, 20 miles east from Prescott:

Flour, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts.

The flour is as good as the best imported California, of which it takes precedence in this market.

Prices Reasonable.

Call and examine for yourselves.

H. BOWERS, Post Trader,
mar26 Fort Whipple.

ORIENTAL BAKERY AND SALOON

Next door to the Miner Office.

FRESH BREAD, PIES AND CAKES,

Always on hand.

GOOD BOARD,

Furnished by the Week, Day, or Meal, at the following prices:

Per Week.....Sixteen dollars, currency.
Single Meals.....One dollar "



Oysters, Sardines, etc.,

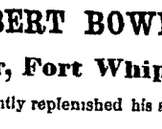
Served in good style, at all hours.

Good Lager Beer, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, kept constantly on hand, for the accommodation of customers.

DAN. HATZ, Proprietor.

Prescott, December 18, 1869.

PLAZA FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Goodwin Street,  Opposite Plaza,

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the Stable of J. D. Monihon, would respectfully inform the public, that they intend keeping constantly on hand

HAY AND GRAIN,

Of the best quality, and at the lowest rates, for *Cash.*

☞ Team, Saddle and Pack Animals always on han for sale or hire.

GIDEON BROOKE,
JACOB LYNN.

Prescott, October 24, 1868.

PACIFIC BREWERY,

MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the MINER Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,

Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale.



As we brew our own Beer, and take great pains to make it O K, lovers of the healthy, strengthening beverage will do well by calling upon us and trying our medicine.

JOHN RAIBLE,
PHILIP SHEERER.

Prescott, October 5, 1867.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,
At Dr. Kendall's Pioneer Drug Store.

Miscellaneous Ads.

W. B. HOOPER, San Francisco. } { A. H. WHITING, New York.

HOOPER, WHITING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

ARIZONA CITY, A. T.

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

30 CALIFORNIA STREET,

(P. O. Draw, 990.) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

181 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

(P. O. Box, 2683.)

JAS. M. BAILEY, Arizona City. JOHN S. CARR, Arizona.

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Currency and Bullion received at latest San Francisco quotations, or sold on account of owners, as may be desired. HOOPER, WHITING & CO.

Arizona City, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

EHRENBERG.

J. GOLDVATER & BRO.,

Wholesale Dealers In

Dry-Goods, Clothag, Boots, Shoes, Grain, Groceries, Provisions, etc.,

Respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that they are now located at the new

TOWN OF "EHRENBERG,"

Where they are prepared to receive merchandise, for storage or transportion, free of charge

EHRENBERG is situate on the east bank of the Colorado river, seven miles below La Paz, at the best and most convenient landing on the river and is connected with the principal towns of the interior by good wagon roads.

The benefits to be derived by shipping goods *via* Ehrenburg are, *a saving of five dollars per ton*, and less handling of goods.

Freight to Wickenburg, four cents from the landing.

All merchandise consigned to us, either for storage or transportation, will be attended to with care and despatch.

For further particulars, inquire of

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.,
Commission and Forwarding Agents,
sep18'69tf Ehrenburg Arizona

ISAAC H. LEVY,

Dealer in General Merchandise, and General Commission Merchant,

San Bernardino, California.

Merchandise forwarded to any part of Arizona, with promptness and despatch.

Gold-dust, Legal Tenders, and Soldiers Final Settlements, bought.

Office of the Arizona Stage Line, No. 1 Jackson Block, corner of Third and Grafton streets

San Bernardino, Cal., August 27, 1870.

NOTICE.

PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

The undersigned, under the name and style of the "PRESCOTT DITCH COMPANY," hereby give notice that they have, this day, located a Water Ditch and claimed four thousand (4,000) inches of the waters of Salt River, for irrigating purposes, to be taken out on the south side of said river, on section 20, N. E. South, township 3, E, Range 1, North.

Five hundred yards of said ditch is now completed, and four thousand (4,000) inches of water, more or less, running in the same. We intend to run our ditch in a south-west direction, as far as possible, and as far as we deem it necessary for farming purposes.

CLAIMANTS

J. A. CHENOWETH,	N. W. BROADWAY,
C. P. CRAWLEY	W. SANDERSON,
V. A. STEPHEN,	J. M. WILSON,
JOHN H. WISS,	W. BRECHT.

Salt River, Yavapi County Arizona, Sept. 26, 1870.
oct22-m3

ARIZONA STAGE LINE.

La Paz to Prescott.



Regular Weekly Trips, by Stage, with the Mail, will be made between La Paz and Prescott. A four-horse passenger stage will leave La Paz every Saturday, connecting with the the stages on the California end of the line, from San Bernardino; arriving at Wickenburg on Mondays, and at Prescott on Tuesdays. Passengers returning will arrive at La Paz on Fridays, connecting with the stage for California that departs Saturday morning.

☞ Packages, &c., forwarded on reasonable terms.

JAMES GRANT, Contractor.

Prescott, October 2 1869.

BARNETT & BLOCK,

.... DEALERS IN ....

Groceries, Provisions, Clothing, Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Tobacco, &c.

WICKENBURG AND PHŒNIX.

☞ Sell cheaper than any other merchants in Central Arizona. nov20'67.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

Parties in Wickenburg, Prescott, and other interior points, are notified that I have at the Ehrenberg Landing, a large adobe warehouse, with good shingle roof, and am prepared to receive and forward goods of every description at as low rates as any other parties engaged in the business.

J. M. BRYAN.

Ehrenberg, A. T. Sept. 1st, 1870.

REDUCTION OF FREIGHT.

From this date we are prepared to forward freight from Ehrenberg to Prescott at six cents, and to Wickenburg at three and one-half cents per pound in gold.

J. GOLDWATER & BRO.

Ehrenberg, A. T., Sept. 1st, 1870.

STOCK RANCHED.

Grazed or fed on fodder. Apply to

BARNARD & CO., Post Office.

Prescott, A. T., Oct. 8, 1870.

THIRTY-FIFTH PARALLEL ROUTE.

The Shortest and Best Route from the Southern and Southeastern States to the States and Territories of the Pacific.

The Only Route Over Which Large Trains and Herds of Stock Can be Driven, Without Suffering and Loss, from Lack of Food and Drink.

Plenty of Grass, Water and Wood on the Entire Route.

Now, that the new wagon-road from Prescott, Arizona, to Albuquerque, and Santa Fe, New Mexico, is completed, and open to travel, we desire to make public the facts that the distance between the Rio Grande and California has been shortened nearly one hundred miles by said road; that the entire route, which passes near the Thirty-fifth Parallel, is, in every respect, far superior to any other southern route, for the reasons that the whole region of country through which it passes, is blessed with a mild, healthy climate; is well supplied with good water, grass and wood; is partially free from hostile Indians, and is, besides, nearly, if not quite 300 miles shorter than any other known Southern route.

Hereafter, Prescott, and all the towns, settlements and military posts of Northern Arizona, will receive their supplies from the East, over this route, and we expect to see a steady stream of emigration and large droves of stock pass over it. As high as 1,200 head of cattle have been driven, in one band, over the old route, *via* the San Francisco Mountain, and as the new route is better supplied with water than the old, twice that number of stock can be driven over it, and find plenty of water, in the dryest season of the year, as will be seen by the following

ITINERARY OF DISTANCES, ETC.,

which we have compiled from Government explorations and other reliable sources:

Starting from Albuquerque, New Mexico, (on the Rio Grande river), where all roads from the east end of the Kansas Pacific Railway, (which, at present, is about 450 miles east of Albuquerque) unite, as well as those from Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and the other Southern States, the road strikes west, to the first camping place,

	Miles.	
Rio Puerco Summit,	14	water, grass and wood scarce.
Mouth of El Rito.	13	" " " "
Sheep Springs,	13	plenty of poor water, good grass and some wood.
El Rito	8	" good water, grass good, no wood.
Laguna (Lake and Indian town)	8	" " grass, water and wood.
Cuvero, (Mexican town)	8	" " " " "
Remances (picket post)	14	" " " " "
Old Fort Wingate,	10	" " " " "
*Agua Azul,	12	water scarce in dry season, grass and water plenty.
Navajo Pass (Summit of Rocky Mountains)	22	fine pine timber, water and grass plenty.
Inscription Rock,	18	water in tanks, scarce in dry season, grass and wood
Fish Springs,	14	plenty good water and grass, wood scarce near camp.
Zuni Creek,	9	" " " grass and wood.
Zuni Indian Villages,	5	" " " "
Jacob's Well,	25	plenty of poor water, good grass, wood scarce.
Navajo Springs,	7	" fair water, grass plenty, wood scarce.
Signal Hill,	5	water scarce in dry season, wood and grass plenty.
Lithodendrom Creek,	13	plenty of water by digging 2 feet in bed of creek, grass and wood scarce.
Little Colorado, (Mouth of Navajo Creek)	15	plenty of water, grass and wood.
Sunset Crossing (Road follows east bank)	35	" " " "
New camping place,	8	" " " *no wood.*
Opdyke's Tank,	15	plenty wood, water and grass.
Chavez Pass,	15	plenty wood, and grass, no water.
Jaycox's Tanks	6	" " water and grass.
Hawley's Springs,	6	" " " "
Bean's Springs	2	" " " "
Simon's Springs,	1	" " " "
Owen's Lake,	7	" " " "
Shafer's Tank,	8	" " " "
Beaver Creek,	12	" " " "
Verde River,	10	" " " "
Wild Cherry Creek,	15	" " " "
Ash Creek,	9	" " " "
Lerty's Ranch (two roads)	9	" " " "
†Crossing of Granite Creek,	12	" " " "
American Ranch,	10	running water most of the year, grass, wood, plenty.
Williamson Valley,	13	wood, water and grass in abundance.
Camp Hualpai,	15	" " " "
Oaks and Willows,	13	" " " "
Anvil Rock, (on Muddy)	9	" " " " good place for recruiting stock.
Fort Rock,	15	wood, water and grass in abundance, (Ranch).
Willow Grave,	9	" " " " "
Cottonwood Creek,	5	" " " "
Tanks,	8	water scarce in dry season, plenty of grass and wood.
Wallapai Springs,	13	wood, grass and water plenty.
Beale's Springs,	14	" " " "
Coyote Springs,	2	plenty of water and grass (wood for camping).
Union Pass Station,	16	toll-gate and station—fine water, grass and wood.
West of Summit,	2	spring and running water, grass and wood.
Colorado River, (good ford)	11	plenty of water, grass and wood for camp purposes.
Hardyville (ferry) 6 miles above Ft Mohave	3	
Piute Springs,	22	big stream of water, fair grass, wood.
Rock Springs,	18	water plenty in well, grass and wood plenty.
Government Wells,	3	water scarce, grass and wood plenty.
Marl Springs,	19	water and wood plenty, grass scarce.
Soda Lake,	33	water and grass plenty, wood scarce
Caves,	21	Mohave river—water, wood and grass plenty.
Camp Cady,	14	Ranch—water, wood and grass plenty.
Forks of Road,	10	" " " " "
Fish Ponds,	12	" " " " "
Cottonwood,	18	" " " " "
Lane's	12	" " " " "
Upper Crossing Mohave River,	7	" " " " "
Upper Toll-gate at Cajon Pass,	19	" wood and water plenty, grass scarce.
Martin's Ranch, (12 miles to 8 Bernardino)	9	" wood, water and grass plenty
Cocamonga Ranch,	15	" " " "
San Jose Ranch,	8	" " " "
Mud Springs,	4	" " " "
El Monte,	15	" " " "
Los Angeles,	10	" " " "
Total,	530	

Road for Fort Whipple, Prescott, Wickenburg, La Paz, Ehrenberg and Arizona City, leave main route at Lerty's Ranch, and will be found first-rate, for persons wishing to settle at those places, or to enter that portion of California of which San Diego is the chief town.

As Prescott is also connected with Phœnix, Florence and Tucson, by a good wagon-road, persons wishing to go to Southern Arizona, can do so by following this wagon-road.

That's a Fact.---What's a Fact?

THAT THE

NEW YORK CHEAP STORE

Is the Only Store in the Territory that Receives Goods Direct from New York.

By this arrangement, the proprietor saves the enormous tariff usually levied by San Francisco merchants, and is thereby enabled to sell goods cheaper than any other merchant in Arizona.

I have on hand,

Henry's Improved Rifles and Cartridges
Colt's Revolvers, Holsters and Belts,
Percussion Caps, Flasks, Pouches,

A Large Stock of

Boots, (including Rubber Boots,) Shoes, Hats, Socks, Cooking Stoves, Axes, Nails, etc., etc., together with a large stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Suitable for this Market.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

LEVI BASHFORD.

Prescott, March 20, 1869.

QUARTZ MOUNTAIN SAW-MILL.

The attention of the public is called to the fact that we have renewed facilities for the manufacture of

All Kinds of Lumber,

For Building purposes, and for Mills and Mining.

We keep constantly on hand, at the mill, on Groom Creek, six miles from Prescott, and at the yard, in town, large quantities of lumber, for sale at the following prices, in gold:

Good merchantable, at mill,.....$40.00 per M.
Clear,.....60.00 " "
Ten dollars, additional, at yard.

No departure from these prices.
No sales made except for money or accepted orders.

A. O. NOYES,
GEO. CURTIS.

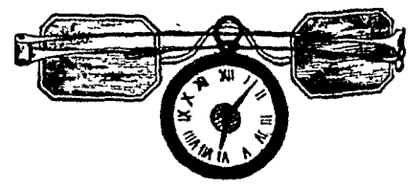
Prescott, March 5, 1870. sep17'67

A full supply of all the **Patent Medicines** At Dr. KENDALL'S Pioneer Drug Store

L. B. JEWELL & Co.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers,

South side of Plaza, Prescott.



Have on hand, for sale, a fine assortment of

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry.

☞ Jewelry, of all kinds, made to order. Repairing done with care and promptness. au7

E. J. COOK,..... ED. F. BOWERS

COOK & BOWERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,
Clothing, Dry-Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Crockery, Clocks,
Iron, Nails, Quicksilver,
Tobacco Cigars, *etc.*,

Are prepared to furnish the people all kinds of

Merchandise, for Cash,

At reasonable rates, at the

ADOBE STORE,

Corner of Granite and Gurley Streets

Prescott, Arizona. 11e27'68

All Kinds of **STATIONERY** at BARNARD & CO'S.